

**(Mathematics)****(M.A/M.Sc Part-I)****Algebra**

Roll No: \_\_\_\_\_

in words: \_\_\_\_\_

Cutting, Overwriting, Erasing, Flood painting and use of Led Pencil will earn no marks.  
Write answer of the Question No.1 and 2 on it and handed over to the supervisory staff  
of examination within 35 minutes.

**Time Allowed: 35 Minutes****(OBJECTIVE PART)****Max. Marks: 32****Sign of  
Supdt.****1- a) Encircle the correct answer:***1x4*

i) A ring having characteristics 6 is

a)  $\mathbb{Z}$ b)  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ c)  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ d)  $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_3$ ii)  $\mathbb{R}/I$  is a field iff the ideal  $I$  is

a) Prime

b) Maximal

c) Principal

d) Proper

iii) The order of quotient group  $\mathbb{Z}_6 / \langle 3 \rangle$  is

a) 1

b) 2

c) 3

d) 4

iv) A group of order 16 cannot have a subgroup of order

a) 1

b) 2

c) 4

d) 5

**b) Encircle True or False:***1x8*

i) Every division ring is simple.

**True / False**

ii) In every cyclic group, every element is a generator.

**True / False**iii) All generators of  $\mathbb{Z}_{20}$  are prime numbers.**True / False**

iv) Every ring with unity has at least two units.

**True / False**v)  $n\mathbb{Z}$  has zero divisor if  $n$  is not prime.**True / False**vi) The product of two nonunits in  $\mathbb{Z}_n$  may be a unit.**True / False**vii)  $\mathbb{Q}$  is a field of quotient of  $\mathbb{Z}$ .**True / False**viii) The mapping  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  defined by  $T(x, y) = (2x, y + 1)$  is linear.**True / False****c) Fill in the blanks meaningfully:***1x4*

i) The homomorphism from a group to itself is called \_\_\_\_\_.

ii) Let  $H$  and  $G$  be two finite groups and  $\beta: H \rightarrow G$  be an isomorphism, then  $\text{ord}(H) =$  \_\_\_\_\_.iii) The set of all inner automorphism  $\text{Inn}(G)$  on a group is a \_\_\_\_\_ of  $\text{Aut}(G)$ .iv) If a real  $n \times n$   $A$  has  $n$  distinct eigen values, then  $A$  \_\_\_\_\_.*(Continued Overleaf)*

2- Give short answers of the following questions:

2x8

i) Show that  $Z$  is a cyclic group.

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ii) Show that a subring of a ring may not be an ideal.

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iii) Define Prime Ideal in a ring  $R$ .

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iv) Define basis of vector space and write a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

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v) Define a spanning set of vectors in a vector space  $V$ .

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vi) If  $f: Z \rightarrow Z$  is a ring homomorphism, then show that  $f(1) \neq 0$ .

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vii) Find the characteristics polynomial and Eigenvalues for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 0 & 6 \\ 1 & -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

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(i) What is inverse of 5 in the group  $Z_{12}$ ?

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**(Mathematics)****(M.A/M.Sc Part-I)****Algebra**

Roll No: \_\_\_\_\_

Time Allowed : 2:25 hrs

Max. Marks : 68

Attempt **FOUR** Questions in all. Select **TWO** Questions from **Section A** and **TWO** Questions from **Section B**. All Questions carry equal marks.

**SECTION-A**

- 3- a) State and prove Third Sylow's Theorem for finite groups. 9  
 b) Let  $\phi$  be a homomorphism of a group  $G$  onto another group  $H$  with Kernel  $K$ .  
 Prove that  $G/K$  is isomorphic to  $K$ . 8
- 4- a) Prove that a group  $G$  is abelian iff  $G/Z(G)$  is cyclic. Where  $Z(G)$  is the center of  $G$ . 9  
 b) The subgroup  $N$  of  $G$  is a normal subgroup iff every left coset of  $N$  in  $G$  is a right coset of  $N$  in  $G$ . 8
- 5- a) Let  $A$  be an abelian group and  $p$  be a prime number. Suppose  $A_p = \{x \in A: O(x) = p^n \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{Z}^+\}$ ,  
 then show that  $A_p$  is fully invariant. 9  
 b) Prove that every group is isomorphic to a subgroup of Bijective Mappings. 8

**SECTION-B**

- 6- a) If  $f: R \rightarrow R'$  be an onto ring homomorphism, then show that  $R'$  is isomorphic  
 to  $R/\ker(f)$ , i.e  $R/\ker(f) \cong R'$ . 9  
 b) Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with unity. Show that ideal  $M$  is maximal in  $R$  if and only if the quotient  
 $R/M$  is a field. 8
- 7- a) Prove that the eigenvectors of a symmetric matrix  $A$  corresponding to distinct eigenvalues are  
 orthogonal. 9  
 b) A set  $\{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$  of vectors in a vector space  $V$  is linearly independent iff some  $v_i$  is the linear  
 combination of the other vectors. 8
- 8 a) Show that the vectors  $(3, 0, -3), (-1, 1, 2), (4, 2, -2)$  and  $(2, 1, 1)$  are linearly independent. 9  
 b) If  $A$  and  $B$  are similar matrices, then show that they have the same determinant, the same rank,  
 the same trace, the same characteristic polynomial and the same eigenvalues. 8

- 3-

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### SECTION-B

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a) State and prove Sylow's Third Theorem for finite groups.

9

b) Let  $\phi$  be a homomorphism of a group  $G$  onto another group  $H$  with kernel  $K$ . Prove that  $G/K$  is isomorphic to  $K$ .

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- 7-

a) Prove that a group  $G$  is abelian iff  $G/Z(G)$  is cyclic. Where  $Z(G)$  is the center of  $G$ .

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b) The subgroup  $N$  of  $G$  is a normal subgroup iff every left coset of  $N$  in  $G$  is a right coset of  $N$  in  $G$ .

8
- 8-

a) If  $H$  and  $K$  are finite subgroups of  $G$  of orders  $o(H)$  and  $o(K)$  respectively, then  $o(HK) = \frac{o(H)o(K)}{o(H \cap K)}$

9

b) Prove that every group is isomorphic to a subgroup of bijective mapping.

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