# **University of Gujrat.**

# OUTLINES OF TEST & COURSES OF READING

# BACHELOR OF ARTS & Science

# (PASS COURSE ANNUAL SYSTEM)

# **Examination 2005, Onwards**

# **University of Gujrat.**

Append-I

# **UNIVERSITY OF GUJRAT**

#### Annual System of Examination (B.A./B.Sc.) University of Gujrat.

In a meeting Chaired by Vice Chancellor attended by registrar, coordinator syllabus and Principals of constituent Colleges of the University of Gujrat. Following scheme of courses / examination was approved in anticipation of approval of syndicate.

# B.A. (3rd Year--- Part I)

4		Marks	340
3.	Pakistan Studies (Compulsory)	40	
2.	Two Elective Subject	100 + 100 =	200
1.	English (Compulsory)	100	

# **B.A.** (4<sup>th</sup> Year---Part II)

		Marks	460
4.	Optional (One Subject)	100	
3.	Islamic Education (Compulsory)	60	
2.	Two Elective Subject	100 + 100 =	200
1.	English (Compulsory)	100	

# B.Sc. (3rd Year---Part I)

		Marks	390
3.	Pakistan Studies (Compulsory)	40	
2.	Three Elective Science Subject	100+100+10	0 = 300
1.	English (Compulsory)	50	

# **B.Sc.** (4<sup>th</sup> Year---Part II)

		Marks	410
3.	Islamic Education (Compulsory)	60	
2.	Three Elective Science Subject	100+100+10	0 = 300
1.	English (Compulsory)	50	

#### Append-II

# **BACHELOR OF ARTS EXAMINATION**

# PASS COURSE (Annual System) ELECTIVE SUBJECTS

- Every candidate shall be required to offer English Language (200 Marks) and Islamiat & Pakistan Studies (60+40 = 100 Marks) as a Compulsory subjects and any two of the following Elective subject carrying 200 marks each:-
  - 1. Psychology
  - 2. Arabic
  - 3. Economics
  - 4. Education
  - 5. English Literature
  - 6. Fine Arts
  - 7. Geography
  - 8. Health and Physical Education
  - 9. History
  - 10. Home Economics
  - 11. Islamic Studies
  - 12. Mathematics (General)
  - 13. Mathematics A-Course
  - 14. Mathematics B-Course
  - 15. Journalism
  - 16. Persian

- 17. Physical Education
- 18. Political Science
- 19. Punjabi
- 20. Sociology
- 21. Social Work
- 22. Statistics
- 23. Home Economics

# A. In addition, there shall be one optional subject carrying 100 marks from among the following:

- 1. Arabic
- 2. Mathematics A-Course
- 3. Mathematics B-Course
- 4. Economics
- 5. History
- 6. Home Economics
- 7. Islamic Studies
- 8. English Literature
- 9. Fine Arts
- 10. Library Science
- 11. Political Science
- 12. Persian
- 13. Punjabi
- 14. Urdu
- 15. Health and Physical Education
- 16. Journalism

# Note: At present Arabic, Persian, Punjabi, Islamic Studies are offered as optional subjects.

# Provided that no candidate shall be permitted to offer as optional a subject which he / she has offered as Elective.

The medium of examination in all subjects, except languages, shall be Urdu. English at the option of the candidate. The medium of examination in Pakistani Language shall be the language concerned. The medium of examination in Arabic

and Persian shall be Urdu. English or the language concerned at the option of the candidate.

# **Regulations**

For regular B.A / B.Sc. students there shall be B.A / B.Sc. Examination in two parts.

The B.A / B.Sc. Part-I Examination shall be held at the end of third year in the subjects being taught in the affiliated colleges, constituent colleges, university departments on such as dates, as may be notified by the controller of Examinations. Any student who after completing the prescribed course of lectures does not appear in the Examination or fail to qualify at least two papers of 100 marks (compulsory / Elective) shall be eligible to appear as a regular student in the B.A / B.Sc. Part-II Examination. Such students who have been given exemption may pass their remaining subjects of B.A / B.Sc. Part-I along with B.A / B.Sc. part-II Examination.

- 1. The examination shall be opened to:
  - A) Any college student who:
    - (i) has been on the rolls of a college, affiliated to the University throughout one academic year proceeding the B.A / B.Sc. (Part-I) examination provided he/she either already completed the prescribed course or has attended and completed the first year's course in one academic year without break and has not
      discontinued his/her studies for more than two years (the syndicate may condone a deficiency in this period for every special reasons)

- ii) Has passed not less than one Academic year previously the Intermediate examination in the Arts or Science from any Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education. Examination from the Board of Technical Education Punjab, Lahore or any other examination considered equivalent thereto of any other recognized Board, provided that in the case of a candidate who passes the Intermediate examination after having earned exemption and has to reappear in one subject only the period of one academic year shall be counted from the year in which he/she earned exemption.
  - iii) Has his/her name submitted to the Controller of
     Examination by the Principal of the College he/she has
     most recently attended.
  - iv) Produces the following certificate signed by the Principal of the College he/she has most recently attended.
    - (a) of good character:
    - (b) of having attended not less than 75% of the full course of lectures delivered in each of the subjects in which he/she desired to be examined. The Principals of affiliated colleges or the Chairman of the relevant University Teaching Department, as the case may be, may condone for valid reasons a deficiency upto 5% in theory and practical of each subject and optional subjects. Candidate falling short of lectures or practical above this percentage shall not be permitted to appear in the Annual Examination to be held in April / may but shall be permitted to appear in the Next Annual Examination.
    - (c) Of having satisfactorily performed the work of the class and obtained E or above grades in home Examinations.
    - (d) In the case of candidate intending to appear at a practical examination in a Science subject or in Fine Arts of having attended not less than 75% of the periods assigned to practical work in that subject.

 (e) Any student who has qualified all or at least two papers of 100

marks of B.A / B.Sc. Part-I examination and has been on the roll of college affiliated to the University throughout two academic years preceding the B.A / B.Sc. Part-II examination on the fulfillment of conditions given at regulations 1 (A-iii & iv) above.

B) Any private external Degree candidate who is admitted by the special order of the syndicate, and who has passed no less than two academic years previously the Intermediate Examination in the Arts or Science from the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education. Examination from any Board of Technical Education, Punjab, Lahore or any other examination

considered equivalent thereto of any other recognized Board; provided that in the case of a candidate who passes the Intermediate examination after having earned exemption and has to appear in one subject only, the period of two academic years shall be counted from the years in which he/she earned exemption. Provided that a candidate who has passed the Cambridge Higher School Certificate Examination for General Certificate in Education, if he/she has been enrolled in a college affiliated to the University in the year proceeding the year of examination. Such student is permitted to be enrolled provisionally in an affiliated college in anticipation of the declaration of the result of his/her Cambridge Higher School Certificate examination or the examination for General Certificate in Education, if it satisfied that such candidate is not a fit person to be admitted thereto.

- 2. Change in subject is permitted unless there is a difference of one or in the two examinations.
- A candidate who has failed in B.Sc. shall be allowed to do B.A. in one academic year provided it involves a change of one subject, but when it involves a change

or more than one subject, the candidate must do B.A. in two years as in the normal course.

4. Two hundred marks shall be allotted to each subject except that in case of an optional subject & the compulsory paper: Islamiat & Pakistan Studies / Ethics,

the marks allotted to these papers shall be one hundred.

- 5. The minimum number of marks required to pass this examination shall be 33% in each subject (separately in written, practical, provided that a candidate who passes in two more subjects but fails in one subject or part there of by three marks or less, shall be deemed to have passed examination, even if he/she takes the examination as a whole or in parts.
- 6. Successful candidate who gains 60 percent or more marks in aggregate shall be placed in the first division, those who gain not less than 45 percent in the second division and all below in the third division. Provided that if a candidate miss first

or second division by 5 marks or less he/she shall be awarded grace marks up to the maximum of 5 and placed in the First or Second Division as the case may be. A candidate who is declared successful after getting grace marks shall not be given grace marks for being placed in a higher division.

7. A candidate who passes examination in any division shall be given only one chance to improve his/her division/marks either as a regular or private candidate in any of the four consecutive examination after passing the B.A/B.Sc examination. The candidate who improves his/her division/marks shall surrender his/her previous result card and degree in original to the University for cancellation.

The candidate desiring to improve their division shall not be allowed to change their subjects. Provided there is at least one year's interval between the two examinations.

- 8. If a candidate secures 33% or more marks in a subject/subjects but fails in the examination, he/she shall, if he/she shall, if he/she so desires be given exemption from appearing in such subject/subjects in a subsequent examination on payment of the same fee as for the whole examination on each occasion, Provided that such candidates shall clear the whole examination within subsequent four consecutive/ (availed or un-availed). If they fail to clear the whole examination within the above mentioned chances, they shall have to appear in the whole examination in their next attempt
- 9. Any candidate who has passed the Fazil Examination in Arabic, Persian etc, or Urdu of the recognized University or Board, shall if he/she desires be exempted from passing in that language, provided that he/she appears in the

BA. Examination within two years of his/her passing, and that in awarding marks for that language in which he/she may have obtained a certificate "pass marks" be taken as representing the value of these marks.

- (a) within a period of four weeks, or as soon as possible after the termination of the examination, the Controller of Examinations shall publish a list of successful candidates showing the total number of marks obtained by them.
  - (b) Each successful candidate shall be granted a Degree of Bachelor or Arts, stating the division in which he/she has passed. The fact whether a candidate has passed the examination in parts or as whole or as an external candidate shall be indicated on the same degree.

11. Subject to the provision of Statutes 1, a candidate who is a graduate of this University or of another University whose Degree Examination is recognized as equivalent to Degree Examination of this University may on payment of the prescribed fee, be allowed to appear at any subsequent Examinations in any one or more subject (s) prescribed for this examination except the subject(s) in which he/she has already passed the Examination, provided that in the case of Science subject/ subjects the candidate has attended the prescribed number of practicals for the subjects/subjects in an institution affiliated for B.A degree of this University. Such candidate on obtaining at least 33 percent marks in the written papers as well as practical of that subject or subjects, shall be declared to have passed in that subject or subjects and granted a certificate to that effect.

- 12. Every candidate for B.A Examination shall forward his/her admission form to the Controller of Examination by the date fixed for the examination, accompanied by the prescribed fee each time when he/she appears in the examination, whether in one or more subjects and statement showing the subjects in which he/she desires to be examined.
- 13. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself/herself for the examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of fee. However, the fee shall be refunded to the legal heirs of a candidate who dies before the commencement of the examination.

- 14. The failed candidates can submit their Admission forms to reappear in the various University examination on such dates as notified by the Controller of Examinations from time to time.
- 15. Whenever, the application or the fee is received more than three days after the last dates notified by the Examinations Branch for the purpose he/she shall pay the prescribed late fee/double fee as the case may be, provided that such application shall not be entertained, under any circumstances, if it is not received at least 30 days before the date of commencement of examination.
- 16. The admission and permission forms shall be submitted together and late fee shall be charged even if permission cum admission form is submitted after the expiry of the last date fixed for the receipt of admission forms.
- 17. All other matters relating to this discipline shall be dealt in accordance with General Regulations of the University examinations.
- 18. A candidate who passed examination in any division shall be given only one chance to improve his division / marks either as a regular or private candidate in any of the four consecutive examinations after passing B.A. / B.Sc. examination. The candidate who improves his division/marks shall surrender his previous result card and degree original to the University for cancellation. However a candidate who passed BA./B.Sc. examination (Part-wise) without repeating the papers of 3<sup>rd</sup> year with the 4<sup>th</sup> year examination shall be given only one chance to improve his/her division/marks of 3<sup>rd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> year examination in parts or as whole as a regular student in any one of the four consecutive examination. The candidate who improves his/her division/marks shall surrender his/her previous result cards and degree in original to the University for cancellation.
- 19. A casual student can appear in the practical subjects Examination by providing a certificate that he/she has performed the concerned practicals in any constituent/affiliated colleges.

# **SUBJECTS**

Sr. No	Subject	Page
1	Arabic Elective	1
1A	Arabic Optional	3
2	Botany	4
3	Chemistry	15
4	Computer Science	29
5	Economics	35
6	Education	44
7	English B.Sc	47
7A	English BA	49
8	English Literature	50
9	Fine Arts	52
10	Geography	55
11	H&Physical Education	59
12	History	64
13	Islamic Education (Compulsory)/Ethics	77
13A	Islamic Studies Elective	83
13B	Islamic Studies (Optional)	93
14	Journalism Elective	94
14A	Journalism Optional	96
15	Mathematics	97
16	Pak. Studies	111
17	Persian Elective	112
17A	Persian Optional	119
18	Physics	122
19	Political Science	136
20	Psychology	139
21	Punjabi	145
21A	Punjabi Optional	147
22	Social Work	148
23	Sociology	154
24	Statistics	158
25	Urdu Literature	163
26	Zoology	170
27	Home Economics	181

# BACHELOR OF SCIENCE EXAMINATION

## PASS COURSE (Annual System)

## **Groups of Elective Subjects**

 Every candidate shall be required to offer English Language and Islamiat Islamiat/Ethics & Pakistan Studies (60+40=100 Marks) as a compulsory subject carrying 100 marks each and any one of the following groups of elective subjects. Every subject of these groups shall carry 200 marks,

- 1. Physics, Mathematics General and Chemistry.
- 2. Physics, Mathematics General and Statistics.
- 3. Physics, Mathematics General and Geography.
- 4. Physics, Mathematics General A Course and Mathematics B Course.
- 5. Statistics ,Mathematics A Course and Mathematics B Course.
- 6. Geography, Botany and Zoology.
- 7. Zoology, Chemistry and Botany.
- 8. Zoology ,Chemistry and Geography.
- 9. Zoology, Chemistry and Statistics.
- 10. Botany, Chemistry and Statistics.
- 11. Botany, Chemistry and Geography.
- 12. Psychology, Statistics and Geography.
- 13. Psychology, Mathematics General and Geography.
- 14. Economics, Statistics and Geography.
- 15. Statistics, Mathematics General and Economics
- 16. Physics, Chemistry and Statistics.
- 17. Psychology, Statistics and Mathematics General.
- 18. Mathematics A Course, Mathematics B Course and Chemistry.
- 19. Computer Science Statistics, Math General / Physics
- 20. Computer Science Math A, Math-B Course / Statistics
- 21. Computer Science, Physics & Math General.

The medium of examination in all subjects except English Languages shall be

Urdu or English at the option of the candidate. The medium of examination in

English Language shall be English.

# Note: The Students who take up Chemistry / Mathematics with Psychology at B.Sc. level shall not be admitted to the M.Sc. classes in Mathematics.

**Note:** The Candidates who Pass B.Sc. Examination with Physics and General Mathematics and wants to join M.Sc. course in Mathematics or appear in this Examination shall qualify in Paper `A` of B-Course of Mathematics. Candidates offering Physics and General Mathematics at the B.Sc. level and desirous of joining Mathematics, may at their option appear in paper `A` of B-Course of Mathematics along with rest of the papers. However, the marks obtained by them in this paper shall not be counted towards Division, but the fact that they have qualified in Paper `A` of B-Course of Mathematics shall be mentioned on their Result Cards.

# ARABIC

منهج اللغة العربية وأدبها لمرحلة بكالوريوس (المادة الاختيارية) (الورقة الأولى (اللغة العربية) (عربی نصاب برائے ہی۔ لے اختیاری) بی ۔اے کی سطح پر عربی اختیاری (Elective)کے دو پرچے ہوں گے اور ہر ایک پرچے کے لیے کل نمبر 100 ہوں گے۔ Paper-I (For 3rd Year) مجموع الدرجات: 100 اللغة العربية الورقة الاولى (الف) ـ ١ ـ التعارف، ٢ ـ في الفندق، ٣ ـ في المطار ٤ ـ في البنك / المصرف ٥ ـ في مكتب البريد ٦-فى مكتب الهاتف والبرق ٧-في قسم الشرطة ٨- عند الخضري والفاكهي ٩- في المطعم ١٠--12 عند البقال والجزار ١١ ـ عند الطبيب ١٢ ـ البحبث عن شقة ١٣ ـ عند الخياط عند الحلاق – ١٥- في الصيد لية، ١٦- طريقة استخدام المعاجم ١٧- تعرف على العالم العربي -11 كيف تقرأ الجريدة اا۔ درج ذیل جزئیات شامل نصاب کرنے کی تجویز ھے۔ (ب) ـ المقالات : الموضوعات المختارة طلبات: طلب الاجازة، طلب العمل ، طلب الاعفاء عن الرسوم. ١- الاسلام ٤ – القرآن الكريم ٣— اللغة العربيه ۲— العلامة محمد اقبال ٥ – القائد الاعظم -v ۸— الطائرة ۱۰ وطنی باکستان ۹ – رحلة سعيدة (ج) الرسائل من الطالب الى مدير من الوالدالي ولده والرد عليه 🚽 من الصديق / الصديقة الي صديقه / صديقته المعهد من الطالب الى مدير المكتبة لا شتراء الكتب الترجمه الى العربية، المحادثة الشفوية/ كَرامر كي تطبيقي انداز ميں تدريس (د) الانشاء ھوگی۔ مندرجہ ذیل قواعد کی تدریس کی تجویز ھے۔ جمله اسمية و فعلية، مركب اضافي و توصيفي مذكر مؤنث ، مفرد تثنيه و جمع جار مجرور ابواب اور صيغے بنانے کے عمل پر مشقيں تجويز كرده كتب (الكتب المقترحة)

## Paper-II (For 4th Year)

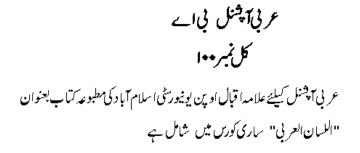
الادب العربى مجموع الدرجات :100 ١ – الشعر: مختارات من العصر الجاهلى الى العصر الحديث ٢ – النثر: ١ – مختارات من القرآن الكريم و الحديث النبوى

۱ – مختارات من القرآن الكريم و الحديث النبوى ۲ – نماذج ادبية مختارة من مختلف العصور

الكتب المقترحة :

۱ – امنهج العربى، مقرر بكالوريس لجامعة بنجاب لاهور
 ===

2



# **BOTANY**

The following syllabus has been prepared in accordance with the criteria announced by the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan.

**NOTE:** Students will be asked to attempt FIVE questions of equal marks including a compulsory question comprising of parts with short answers from the whole syllabi and another four question for the remaining questions.

# PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

Paper-I, Diversity of plants	38 marks
Paper-II, Plant Systematic, Anatomy & Development	37 marks
Practical based on Paper-I & II	25 marks
Time 4 hours	
Paper-III, Cell Biology and Genetics	38 marks
Paper-IV, Physiology & Ecology	37 marks
Practical based on Paper-II & IV	25 marks

Time 4 hours

## **OUT LINE OF STUDY**

#### PAPER-I (For 3<sup>rd</sup> Year)

#### **Diversity of Plants**

Definition, scope and classification of the kingdoms, Basic concepts of evolution in plant diversity

- 1. Viruses:
- a. General structure, types and reproduction of viruses
- b. Viral diseases and their economic importance
- Kingdom Monera Prokaryotae (Bacteria and Cyanobacteria)
   General structure, reproduction, classification and economic importance (such as Nitrogen Cycle and industrial role)
- 3. Kingdom Protista / Protoctista: (Algae)
- a. General structure, occurrence, reproduction and economic importance
- b. Classification of algae with specific examples:
  - i.. Chlorophyta:Volvox
  - ii. Charophyta: Chara
  - iii. Vaucheriophyta: Vaucheria

- iv. Bacillariophyta: Pinnularia.
- v. Phaeophyta:Laminaria
- vi. Rhodophyta:Polysiphonia
- 4. Kingdom Fungi
- a. General structure, life cycle, classification with specific examples:
  - i. Plasmodiophoromycota Plasmodiophora
  - ii. OomycotaPythium
  - iii. AscomycotaPenicililum, Saccharomyces, Alternaria
  - iv. Basidomycota Ustilago, Puccinia and Agaricus
- b. Role of fungi in agriculture, diseases of major economic crop plants: rusts, smuts, downy-and powdery mildews, damping off, root rots food and industry

#### Lichens

General account, structure and life history of Physcia

#### 5. Kingdom Plantae

- Bryophyta (Atracheophyta)
   General account, reproduction, classification, affinities and ecological importance
   with special reference to the life cycle of *Anthoceros, Porella and Polytricum*.
- b. Pteridophyta (Tracheophyta)

General account, structure, life cycle and biological importance with specific

#### examples:

- i. Psilopsida:Psilotum
- *ii.* Lycopsida:*Selaginella*
- iii. Sphenopsida: Equisetum
- v. Pteropsida: Adiantum and Marsilia
- c. Gymnospermae (seed plants) General account with reference to structure and life history of *Cycas, Pinus* and *Ephedra* and their affinities.
- d. Angiospermae Introduction: distinguishing features of Angiosperms.

#### Practical based on Paper-I & II

Experiment	= marks
Viva Voce	= marks

General culturing, maintenance, preservation and staining of microorganisms. Study of the morphology and reproductive structures of the types mentioned in theory paper. Identification of various types mentioned from prepared slides and fresh collection. Collection of diseased specimens of plants and their identification.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bold, H.C., Morphology of Plants, 2nd ed. Harper & Row, N.Y.
- Hafiz, A. (1986). Plant Diseases. Pakistan Agricultural Research Council, Islamabad, Pakistan.
- 3. Lee, R.E. (1999). Phycology. Cambridge University Press, U.K.
- 4. Mauseth, J.D~ (1998). An Introduction to Plant Biology: Multimedia Enhanced. Jones and Bartlett Pub. U.K.
- 5. Moore, R. C., W.D. and Vodopich, D.S. (1998). Botany. McGraw Hill Company, U.S.A.

6. Pandey, S.N. (1994). Text Book of Botany Vol.11 S. Chand & Co, New Dehli.

- Raven, P.H., Evert, R.E. and Eichom, S.E. (1999). Biology of Plants.
   W.H. Freeman and Company Worth Publishers.
- 8. Ray, P.M., Steeves, TA. and Fultz, TA. (1998). Botany. Saunders College Publishing, USA.
- 9. Ross, F.C. (1994). Introduction to Microbiology. John Willy, USA..

#### PAPER-II

# (For 3<sup>rd</sup> Year)

#### PLANT SYSTEMATICS, ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENT

#### **Plant Systematics**

- I. Introduction to plant systematics its aims, objectives and importance.
- 2. Classification: Importance brief history, introduction various systems of classification
  - (i) Engler and Prantels System
  - (ii) Bentham and Hooker's System
- 3. Brief introduction to nomenclature; Importance of Latin names, system with an introduction to international code of Botanical Nomenclature (ICBN).
- 4. Morphology and Phytography a detailed account of various morphological characters of root, leaf, inflorescence, flower, placentation and fruit types.
- 5. Diagnostic characters, economic importance and distribution pattern of the following families:

- 1. Ranunculaceae
- 2. Brassicaceae (Cruciferae)
- 3. Fabaceae (Leguminosae)
- 4. Rosaceae
- 5. Euphorbiaceae
- 6. Rutaceae
- 7. Cucurbitaceae
- 8. Solanaceae
- 9. Lamiaceae (Labiatae)
- 10. Asteraceae (Compositae)
- 11. Liliaceae
- 12. Poaceae (Gramineae)

#### **Anatomy and Development**

- 1. Cell wall; structure and chemical composition
- 2. Tissue and Tissue System: Concept; structure and function of various tissues. e.g, Parenchyma, Chlorenchyma, Collenchyma, Sclerenchyma, Xylem and phloem
- 3. Primary Structure of root, stem and leaf. Definition and various type of meristems. Primary and secondary growth of dicot stem.
- 4. Early development of plant body (embryology) *Capselabursa-pastoris or*

#### Arabidopsis

#### Practical based on Paper-II.

Experiment	= marks
Viva Voce	= marks

- 1. Study of cross section of monocot and dicot stem.
- 2. Study of the simple and compound tissue in macerated and sectioned material.
- 3. Study of cross section of bifacial leaf.
- 4. To study the prepared slides of secondary growth in dicot stem.
- 5. Identification of families given in syllabus with the help of keys.
- 6. Technical description of common flowering plants belonging to families mentioned in theory syllabus.
- Field trips shall be undertaken to study and collect local plants.
   Students shall submit 40 fully identified herbarium specimens.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Bold, H.C., (1997). Morphology of Plants. Harper & Row, N,Y.
- 2. Dickison, W.C. (2000). Integrative Plant Anatomy. Academic Press, UK.
- 3. Fahn, A. (1990) Plant Anatomy. Pergamon Press, UK.
- Mauseth, J.D. (1998). An Introduction to Plant Biology: Multimedia Enhanced. Jones and BartlettPub. UK
- 5. Moore, R.C., W.D. Clarke and Vodopich, D.S. (1998). Botany. McGraw Hill Company, U.S.A.
- Raven, P.H., Evert, R.E. and Eichhom, S.E. (1999). Biology of Plants.
   W.H. Freeman and Company Worth Publishers.
- 7. Ray, P.M., Steeves, T.A. and Fultz, TA. (1998). Botany. Saunders College Publishing, USA.
- 8. Stuessy, T.F. (1990). Plant Taxonomy. Columbia University Press,

## PAPER-III

# (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

#### **CELL BIOLOGY, GENETICS AND EVOLUTION**

#### **Cell Biology**

- 1. Structures and Functions of Bio-molecules
  - (i) Carbohydrates (ii) Lipids (iii) Proteins (iv) Nucleic Acids
- 2. Cell: The Physico-chemical nature' of plasma membrane and cytoplasm.
- 3. The ultrastructure of plant cell with a brief description and functions of the following organelles
  - i. Endoplasmic reticulum
  - ii. ii. Plastids
  - iii. Mitochondria
  - iv. Ribosomes
  - v. Dictyosomes
  - vi. Vacuole
  - vii. Microbodies (Glyoxysomes + Peroxysomes)
- 4. Nucleus: Nuclear membrane, nucleolus, ultrastructure and morphology of chromosomes, karyotype analysis
- 5. Reproduction in somatic and embryogenic cell, mitosis & meiosis, cell cycle
- 6. Chromosomal aberrations.

- i. Changes in the number of chromosomes. Aneuploidy and euploidy
- ii. Changes in the structure of chromosomes, deficiency, duplication, inversion and translocation.

#### Practical

- 1. Study of cell structure using compound microscope of ultrastructure 'from electron microphotographs and elucidation
- 2. Measurement of cell size.
- 3. Study of mitosis and meiosis by smear/squash method and from prepared slides.
- 4. Study of chromosome morphology and variation in chromosome number.
- 5. Extraction and estimation of carbohydrate, protein, RNA, DNA from plant sources.

#### Genetics

- 1. Introduction, scope and brief history of genetics. Mendelian inheritance; Laws of segregation and independent assortment, back cross, test cross, dominance and incomplete dominance.
- Sex linked inheritance, sex linkage in Drosophila and man (colour blindness), XO, XY, WZ mechanism, sex limited and sex linked characters, sex determination.
- Linkage and crossing over: Definition, linkage groups, construction of linkage, maps, detection of linkage.
- 4. Molecular genetics: DNA replication. Nature of gene, genetic code, transcription, translation, protein synthesis, regulation of gene expression (e.g. *lac* operon).
- 5. Transmission of genetic material in Bacteria: Conjugation and gene recombination in *E.coll*, transduction and transformation.

6. Principles of genetic engineering /biotechnology; Basic genetic engineering techniques.

- Application of genetics in plant' improvement: # Induction of genetic variability (gene mutation, recombination), physical and chemical mutagens, selection, hybridization and plant breeding techniques, establishment of varieties, release of new varieties.
- 8. Introduction of genetic conservation
- 9. Evolution

#### Practical

- 1. Genetical problems related to transmission and distribution of genetic material.
- 2. Identification of DNA in plant material. Carmine, orcein staining.
- 3. Study of salivary gland chromosomes of Drosophila.

#### **Book Recommended**

- 1. Hoelzel, A. R. 2001. Conservation Genetics. Kluwar Academic Publishers.
- Dyonsager, V.R. (1986). Cytology and Genetics. Tata and McGraw Hill Publication C6. Ltd., New Dehli.
- 3. Lodish. H. 2001. Molecular Cell Biology. W. H. Freeman and Co.
- Sinha, U. and Sinha, S. (1988). Cytogenesis Plant Breeding and Evolution, Vini Educational Books, New Delhi.
- 5. Strickberger, M.V. (1988). Genetics, MacMillan Press Ltd., London.
- 6. Carroll, S.B., Grenier, J.K. and Welnerbee, S.d. 2001. From DNA to Diversity -Molecular Genetics and the Evolution of Animal Design. Blackwell Science.
- 7. 1-ewin", R. 1997. Principles of Human Evolution. Blackwell Science.

# PAPER-IV (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

## PHYSIOLOGY AND ECOLOGY

## Physiology

- Types and properties of solutions. Electrolytes and non-electrolytes. SI units for expressing concentration of solutions, acids, bases and salts pH. Definition of buffers and their role in biological systems. Colloidal systems, their nature, properties, and biological significance.
- 2. Water relations (water potential, osmotic potential, pressure potential, matric potential). Absorption and translocation of water. Transpiration, factors affecting transpiration. Stomatal structure and functions.
- 3. Mineral nutrition: Soil as a source of minerals. Passive and active transport of nutrients. Essential mineral elements, their role and deficiency symptoms with emphasis on N, K,P & Ca.
- 4. Enzymes: Definition, nature, classification and properties.
- 5. Photosynthesis: The process; absorption and action spectra. Mechanism: light reactions (electron transport and photophosphorylation) and dark reactions

(Calvin cycle). Factors affecting this process; concept of limiting factors, Products of photosynthesis.

- Respiration: Definition and mechanism, Glycolysis, Krebs cycle. Electron transport system and oxidative phosphorylation. Anaerobic respiration. Respiratory substrates and respiratory quotients.
- 7 Nitrogen Metabolism: Biological nitrogen fixation.
- 8 Growth: Definition; role of auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, abscisic acid and ethylene in controlling growth. Introduction to plant tissue culture.
- 9 Photoperiodism: Definition, historical background, short day, long day and day neutral plants. Role of phytochromes and hormones in photoperiodism.
- 10 Dormancy: Definition and causes of seed dormancy; methods of breaking seed dormancy.
- 11. Vernalization: Annual and biennial forms Hormonal concept and phasic development theory.
- 12. Plant Movements: Tropic movements phototropism, gravitropism and their mechanisms. Nastic movements.

#### **Practical:**

- 1. Preparation of solutions of specific normality of acids/bases salts, sugars, molal and molar solutions and their standardization.
- 2. Determination of uptake of water by swelling seeds when placed in sodium chloride solution of different concentrations.
- 3. Measurement of leaf water potential by the dye method.
- 4. Determination of the temperature at which beet root cells lose their permeability.
- 5. Determination of the effects of environmental factors on the rate of transpiration of a leafy shoot by means of a photometer/by cobalt chloride paper method.
- 6. Tests for sugars (Reducing and non-reducing). Glucose, sucrose, maltose,

#### fructose.

- 7. Chemical tests for the following cell constituents:
  - i. Starch
  - ii. Cellulose
  - iii. Lignin
  - iv. Proteins

- 8. Extraction of chlorophyll from the leaves and separation of component pigments on a paper chromatogram. Study of absorption spectra using spectrophotometer.
- 9. Comparison of the effects of green, red and blue-coloured light on the amount of oxygen evolved by a photosynthesizing plant.
- 10. Estimation of oxygen utilized by a respiring plant by winklers method.
- 11. Extraction of amylase from germinating wheat seeds and study of its effect on starch breakdown.
- 12 Measurement of carbon dioxide evolution during respiration of germinating seeds by the titration method.
- 13. Determination of leaf area index.
- 14. Measurement of growth by leaf area increase method.
- 15. Study of different stages of seed germination.

#### **Books Recommended**

- Ihsan Ellahi (1995). Plant Physiology, Biochemical Processes in Plants, UGC Press.
- 2. Witham & Devlm. 1986 Exercises in Plant Physiology, AWS Publishers, Boston.
- 3. Taiz, L. and Zeiger, E. 1998. Plant Physiology. 2nd Ed. Sinauers Publ. Co. Inc.

Calif.

- 4. Salisbury F.B and Ross C.B. i999. Plant Physiology. 5th Edition. Wadsworth Publishing Co. Belmont CA.
- W.B. Hopkins. 1999. Introduction to Plant Physiology. 2nd Ed. John Wiley & Sons. New York.

#### Ecology

- 1. Concepts of Ecology
- 2. Brief history of Ecology (General, Pakistan)
- 3. Ecophysiology
  - a) Light and temperature responses
    - i. Quantity of light
    - ii. ii. Variation in light (temperature)
    - iii. Ecophysiological responses

#### b) Edaphology

i. Brief introduction of soil forming process

- ii. Texture, structure, and water
- iii Chemical Properties
- iv. Biological components: Soil Organisms, Organic matters

c) Water:

- i. Precipitation: kinds, and affectivity.
- ii. Distribution of vegetation in relation to moisture.

d) Wind - Ecological importance of wind,. Population Ecology:

A brief introduction, history and background. Seed dispersal, Seed bank, demography, reproductive strategy.

#### **5.** Community Ecology:

i. Concept of plant community- attributes

- ii. Sampling methods
- iii. Succession- history, concept, development and modern theories of

#### succession

iv. Brief concept of productivity. I

v. Local vegetation

#### 6. Ecosystem:

- i. Definition and background
- ii. Ecological energetic
- iii. Biogeochemical cycle (Hydrologic and nitrogen cycle).

#### 7. Applied Ecology

Aridity, biodiversity, conservation, water logging and salinity, pollution, erosion, desertification, management.

#### Practical based on Paper III & IV

#### Time 4 hours

1. Measurement of light and temperature

#### Marks 25

- 2. Effect of light and temperature on seed germination
- 3. Determination of soil texture by hydrometer method

- 4. Determination of maximum water holding capacity.
- 5. Determination of carbonates, electrical conductivity and pH in Soil and Water.
- 6. Measurement of wind velocity
- 7. Population demographic techniques
- 8. Measurement of vegetation by Quadrat and plotless methods
- 9. Determination of productivity by harvest method
- 10. Several trips to ecologically diverse vegetations.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Ricklefs, R.E. 2000. Ecology. W.H. Freeman & Co., UK.
- 2. Ricklefs, R.E. 2001. The Economy of Nature. W.H. Freeman & Co., UK.
- Barbour, M. G., J. H. Burke and W.D. Pitts. 1999. Terrestrial Plant Ecology, The Benjamin, Cumming Publishing Co. Palo Alto, California, USA.
- Chapman, J.L. and Reiss, M.J. 1999 Ecology: principles and applications: Cambridge University Press.
- Hussain F. 1989. Field and Laboratory Manual of Plan Ecology. National Academy of Higher Education, Islamabad.
- 6. Krebs, C. J. 1997. Ecology. Harper and Row Publishers.
- Moore, P. D. and S. B. Chapman. 1986. Methods in Plant Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publication, Oxford.
- Smith, R. L. 1996. Ecology and Field Biology. Addison Wesley Longman, Inc., New York.
- 9. Smith, R: L. 1998. Elements of Ecology. Harper & Row Publishers, New York.
- 10. Stiling O.D. 1996. Ecology: Theories and applications. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Subrahmanyam, N.S. and Sambamurthy, A.V.S.S. 2000. Ecology. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Townsend, C.R., Harper, J.L. and Begon, M.E. 2000. Essentials of Ecology. Blackwell Scientific Publications, UK.

# **CHEMISTRY**

The following Syllabus for Chemistry B.Sc. Part-I (III Year) & Part-II (IV Year) has been prepared in accordance with the guidelines given by the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan.

#### Scheme of Study

# **B.Sc. Part-I (For 3<sup>rd</sup> Year)**

Paper I	Organic Chemistry	Marks: 38	Time: 3 Hours
Paper II	Applied Chemistry	Marks: 37	Time: 3 Hours
Paper V	Practical	Marks: 25	Time: 4 Hours

#### **Total Marks: 100**

# **B.Sc. Part-II (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year)**

Paper III	Physical Chemistry	Marks: 38	Time: 3 Hours
Paper IV	Inorganic Chemistry	Marks: 37	Time: 3 Hours
Paper VI	Practical	Marks: 25	Time: 4 Hours

#### Total marks 100

NOTE:	In each Part
Q.No.1:	Objective Compulsory Paper I, Paper III = 6 marks & Paper-II,
	Paper IV = $5 \text{ marks}$
Section (I)	Four Questions (8 marks)
Section (II)	Four Questions (8 marks)

Attempt Two Questions from each section. Every Question carries 8 marks.

# <u>B.Sc. Part-I</u>

## Paper I

• ORGANIC CHEMISTRY: SECTION-I

## 1. BASIC CONCEPTS IN CHEMICAL BONDING

Localised and delocalised chemical bonding, rules of resonance, resonance effect. Steric inhibition of resonance, resonance energy, inductive effect. Dipole moment and its applications

to structure and reactivity of organic compounds. Hyper conjugation, Tautomerism.

## 2. HYDROCARBONS

ALKANES. Nomenclature. Preparation from (1) alkyl halides (ii) alcohols (iii) carbonyl compounds and (iv) carboxylic acids.

REACTIONS Halogenation, nitration, sulphonation, pyrolysis and dehydrogenation ALKENES Preparation from (i) Pyrolysis of esters. (ii) Chugaev reaction (iii) Cope reaction (iv) Hofmann reaction (v) Wittig reaction

REACTIONS. Hydrogenation and its application, halogenation and hydrohalogenation. Markownikoff and Anti-Markownikoff addition, hydration, hydroboration, different ways of oxidation. Isomerization. Tests for the identification of double bond.

ALKYNES Preparation. Dehydrohalogenation, of dihalides, alkylation of acetylene. REACTIONS Partial hydrogenation, halogenation, addition of HX HCN, CH<sub>3</sub>COOH & H<sub>2</sub>O, oxidation of alkynes having acidic hydrogen Comparison of the reactivity of alkenes and alkynes.

CYCLO-ALKANES Preparation by carbene addition, Perkin reaction, Deils-Alder reaction, Simon-Smith reaction. Reactions of small sized cyclo alkanes, structure of small sized cyclo alkanes.

#### 3. AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS

Nomenclature. Historical development of structure of benzene, aromaticity (Huckle's Rule) Aromatic electrophilic substitution w.r.t. halogenation, nitration, sulphonation, Friedal-Craft

reaction, and formylation. Orientation and reactivity.

#### 4. ISOMERISM

Geometrical isomerism: Determination of configuration of geometrical isomerism, Z, E convention and cis, trans isomerism in compounds containing two double bonds; Optical isomerism: Optical activity, chirality and optical activity, racemisation and resolution of racemic mixtures, R, S notation, diasteroisomers.Conformational isomerism: Brief introduction

to conformation of ethane, n-butane and cyclohexane.

#### **SECTION –II**

#### 5 ALKYLHALIDES

Nomenclature. Preparation and reactions of alkyl halides with special reference to nucleophilic substitution and elimination reaction, factors affecting nucleophilic substitution and elimination reactions. Gringnard's Reagent, preparation, structure and synthetic application.

#### 6 CHEMISTRY OF HYDROXYL GROUP

Nomenclature. Preparation, physical properties & reactions of alcohols and phenols. Uses

of hydroxyl compounds. Distinction between Pri. Sec. & Ter. Alcohols.

## 7 CHEMISTRY OF CARBONYL COMPOUNDS

Nomenclature. Preparation of aldehydes from (i) alcohols (ii) acid chlorides (iii) calcium salts of carboxylic acid (iv) methyl benzene.Preparation of Ketones, Oppenour oxidation, Friedal-Crafts acylation, pinacol rearrangement, hydration of alkynes, oxidative cleavage of carbon carbon double bond.Reactions. Nucleophilic addition reaction, reduction of aldehyde & ketones. Oxidation of aldehydes and ketones, reactions due to  $\alpha$  hydrogen atom of aldehydes and ketones, haloform reaction, aldol condensation, cannizaro reaction, Uses of carbonyl compounds.

## 8 CHEMISTRY OF CARBOXYLIC ACIDS AND THEIR DERIVATIVES

Nomenclature. Preparation, properties and reactions of carboxylic acids and their derivatives like

esters, amides, acid anhydrides.

## 9 HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS

Nomenclature. Methods of preparation of pyrol and pyridine. Their aromatic character and

comparison wih benzene. Important reactions of pyrrol and pyridine.

## **Total Hours = 60**

## **Books Recommended:**

- 1 Younas M., Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Ilmi Kutab Khana, Lahore.
- 2 Rehman, A., Text Book of Organic Chemistry, Carvan Book House, Lahore.
- 3 March, J., Advanced Organic Chemistry, Wiley, New York.
- 4 Pine, S.H., Organic Chemistry, McGraw-Hill, New York.
- 5 Skyes, P., A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Longman, London.
- 6 Solomons, T.W.G., Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, Wiley New York.
- 7 Vogel, A.L., A Text Book of Practical Organic Chemistry, Longman, London.
- 8 Clarke, H.T. and D. Haynes., A hand Book of Organic Analysis, Edward Amold London.
- 9 Mann, F.G and B.C. Saunders. Practical Organic Chemistry, Longman London.
- Shiner, R. L., D.Y. Curtin, R.C. Fuson, and T.C. Morrill, The Systematic Identification of Organic Compounds, Wiley New Yor~.
- 11 Rehman, A., Experimental Organic Chemistry, The Carvan Book House Lahore.

- 12 Morrison R.T. and RN. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, Allyn and Bacon, London.
- 13 Advanced Practical Chemistry Part-I & Part-Il Ilmi Kitab Khana by Dr. M. Zafar Iqbal, A. Rehman Ch.

# <u>B.Sc. Part-I Paper II</u>

#### APPLIED CHEMISTRY

#### SECTION-I

#### 1:- CHROMATOGRAPHY.

Paper Chromatography, Methodology, Rf Value, application to some colored ions, solvent specifications for some separations Thin layer chromatography. Preparation of thin layers, methodology and applications.

#### 2:- SPECTROSCOPY

U.V. and Visible, Beer-Lambert Law. Absorption and transmission of light, instrumentation, methodology and applications to solution to determine -maxum and concentration. Infra Red, Instrumentation, methodology. Identification of functional groups in I.R spectra.

#### **3:- COLLOIDS**

Concept of colloids, Macromolecules, Micelles. Concept of colloidal solution, its preparation, purification, properties with reference to Tyndal effect, electrophoresis. Applications of colloids.

## 4:- ELECTRO CHEMISTRY

Equivalent and molar conductance. Dependence of conductance on solvent and temperature. Kohlrauch's law and its application. Measurement of conductance of strong and weak electrolytes, degree of dissociation. Dependence of degree of dissociation on dilution(Ostwald dilution law) Dissociation constant. Calculation of PH for a typical weak acids. Transport numbers and their determination by moving boundary method and Hittorf's method.

## **5:- NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY**

Types of nuclear radiations. Detection and measurement of radioactivity. Stable and unstable isotopes. Artificial nuclear transformations. Application of radioactive isotpopes nuclear hazards and safety measures G.M counter and cloud chamber. Nuclear fission and fusion

reactions. Brief description of nuclear reactors.

#### **SECTION -II**

#### 1:-INTRODUCTION TO MODERN MATERIALS

Inorganic polymers, Silicones, Phosphazenes (Preparation and applications). Organic polymers; phenol formaldehyde, urea formaldehyde, melamine formaldehyde(preparation and uses) Ceramics, Engineering ceramics, ceramic composite, their applications Fiber Glass. Liquid crystals

#### 2:- DYES

Dyes General introduction, cause of color, classification, Manufacture of dyes and Azo Dyes.

#### **3:- INDUSTRIES**

Industries of CEMENT, GLASS SUGAR. NITROGEN AND PHOSPHORUS based fertilizers.

#### 4:- METALLURGY

Copper. Silver Chromium.

#### 5:- BIOTECHNOLOGY.

Fermentation as biochemical process, commercial manufacture of absolute alcohol, vinegar.

#### **Total Hours = 60**

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Marson S.H. & B. Jerome. "Fundamentals of Physical Chemistry". Macruthan Publishing co. inc. New York (also Published by National Book Foundation)
- 2. Heald C. & A.C.K. smith. Applied Physical Chemistry English Language.
- Shriver, D.F., P.W. Atkins and C.H. Langord," Inorganic Chemistry". Oxford, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition (1984).
- 4. Sharpe, A.G., "Inorganic Chemistry" Longman, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition(1992)
- 5. Younas, M. Organic Spectroscopy, A.H. Publisher, Lahore.
- 6. Text Book of Physical Chemistry for B.Sc. students by Ah Mohammad and Ghulam Rasool Chudhary, Ameen Publishers, Urdu Bazar Lahore.
- Text Book of Physical Chemistry for B.Sc. students by G. Nabi, Publishers; Ilmi Kitab Khana~ Urdu Baar, Lahore.
- 8. Physical Chemistry by W.J. Moore, Longman Scientific and Technical.
- 9. Principles of Physical Chemistry by Marron and Pruffon, The Macmillan Company.
- 10. Physical Chemistry by Atkins, Oxford University Press.

11. Roger's Industrial Chemistry, Von Norstand Co. N.Y.

## **Practicals Organic & Applied Chemistry**

Time of Exam: 4 Hours

Maximum Marks: 25

Q.No.1	Organic Chemistry practical	=	10
Q.No.2	Applied Chemistry Practical	=	10
Q.No.3	Viva	=	03
Q.No.4	Practical Note Books	=	02
Note: Releva	ant Books/Note Books etc. no	ot allow	ed for help.

# Paper (V) B.Sc. Part-I Organic Chemistry Practicals

Practical Syllabus

1. Qualitative Organic Analysis:

Systematic identification of organic compounds containing groups like COOH,

OH, NH<sub>2</sub> and C=O

Preparation and Techniques of Purification:

Preparation of simple organic compounds viz., t-butyl chloride, benzoic acid, tribromophenol, purification techniques viz solvent extraction, distillation and recrystallistaion.

#### **Books Recommended**

1. Vogel A.I. "A Text Book of Organic Analysis Edward Arnold, London.

2. Mann, F. G. and B.C. Saunders. Practical Orgamc Chemistry Longman London.

3. Clarke, H.T. and D Haynes A Hand book of Organic Analysis Edward Arnold London.

# Paper V B.Sc. Part-I Applied Chemistry Practicals

#### Practical Syllabus

- 1. Identification of cations by paper chromatography.  $(Cu^{+2} + Ni^{+2}), (Al^{+3} + Fe^{+3}), (Cd^{+2} + Pb^{+2})$
- 2. Preparation of Indigo dye.
- 3. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde.
- 4. Preparation of Bakelite.
- 5. Separation of mixture of Phenol and natural products by chromatography.

## **Book Recommended**

1. Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry. Von Norstand Reeinhold Co. N.Y.

3. Mann, F. G. and B.C. Saunders. Practical Organic Chemistry Longman London.

#### **B.Sc. Physical Chemistry Part-II (Written) Paper III** Section-I = 38Time of Exam = 3 Hours Maximum Marks **Total Study Hours** = 60Study Hours = 30SECTION-I 1. **ELEMENTARY MATHEMATICS:** (8 Hours) (a) Idea of equation of straight line with examples of mathematical equations of physical chemistry. (ii) Limits (continuous and discontinuous) Exponential and Trignometric Functions. (iii) Binomial expansion with examples from chemistry Partial fractions of algebric function. (iv) (v) Concept of differentiation of algebric and trignomatric function (vi) Concept of exact and partial differential. Formulae of differentiation and integration. (vii) Basic concept of logarithm (viii) Elementary treatment of operators and complex number. **PHYSICAL STATES OF MATTER:** (14 Hours) 2. GASES: (a) (6 Hours) Review of Gas and its Laws. (i)

- (ii) Collision diameter, collision frequency and mean free path.
- (iii) Principle of equipartition of energy
- (iv) Non ideal behaviour of real gases. Vanderwaal's equation of state. Critical phenomenon and determination of critical constants. Derivation of critical values of temperature (T<sub>c</sub>) pressure (P<sub>c</sub>) and Volume (V<sub>c</sub>). The Law of corresponding state. Experimental determination of critical temperature.

(4 Hours)

#### (b) LIQUIDS.

- > Brief concept of Vapour pressure, surface, tension, viscosity, solution viscosity
- > Parachor, and their applications, Refractive Index, Measurement of refractive Index

by Abbe's and pulfrich refractometer. Molar refractions and its applications.

> Molecular polarization, Dipole moment and its determination and applications.

#### (c) SOLIDS.

(4 Hours)

(5 Hours)

(8 Hours)

- Crystal lattice, unit cell, symmetry operations and Bravis lattice
- Concept of X-rays diffraction, Bragg's equation and methods of crystal structure analysis. X-rays crystallography of sodium chloride crystal.

#### 3. QUANTUM MECHANICS AND ATOMIC STRUCTURE: (8 Hours)

- Introduction to wave theory of light. Basic idea of wave, photon and Quanta. Standing waves.
- 2. Plank's quantum theory. Elementary treatment of compton effect, photoelectric effect
- 3. Dual nature of matter. Davision and Germer experiment. Wave associated with micro and macroscopic particles.
- 4. Heisenberg's uncertainity principle and its empirical formulae Postulates of quantum mechanics.
- 5. Schrodinger wave equation & its various forms.
- 6. Energy equation for free motion of the particle in one dimensional box. Eigen values and Eigen functions, concept of probability and operators. Normalization of wave function. Probability function. Probability density function and probability curves for 1s, 2s, 2p, 3p orbitals.

## <u>Section-II</u> <u>Study Hours = 30</u>

#### 1. CHEMICAL EQUILIBRIUM:

(a) Introduction: concept of chemical equilibrium & Law of mass action.

- (b) Derivation of relationship between Kc, Kp,... Kx and Kn.
- (c) Application of Law of Mass action to Homogenous and Hetrogenous equilibria. Le-Chatelier's principle and the effects of variables e.g., temperature, concentration, pressure on equilibrium.

#### 2. CHEMICAL KINETICS:

- 1. Elementary treatment of chemical kinetics. Idea of order, molecularity & rate of reaction.
- 2. Derivation of Kinetic expression for zero order, first order, second order (with same and different concentration) with examples. Determination of rate constant

Determination of Order of reaction (diff. Method) with examples.

- 3. Arrhenius equation, describing effect of temperature on reaction rate. Arrhenius plots. Measurements of Arrhenius parameters.
- 4. Bimolecular collision. Collision theory of reactions rates. Causes of its failure with example. unimolecular reaction in gas phase. (Lindemann's Mechanism) Transition state theory of reaction rate.

#### **3.** CHEMICAL THERMODYNAMICS: (12 Hours)

- (a) Thermodynamic terms, Internal energy, Enthalpy, State & State function Heat capacity Cp and Cv, difference & ratio of Cp and Cv, Atomicity of gases from ratio of Cp & Cv. Temperature dependence of heat capacities of substances. Heat of reaction, effect of temperature on heat of reaction (Kirchoff's equation)
- (b) Types of thermodynamic processes. Reversibility & Irreversibility Isothermal reversible expansion of an ideal gas. Adiabatic process for an ideal gas. Spontaneous and non spontaneous process.
- (c) Second Law of thermodynamic. The carnot's cycle. Efficiency of a engine. Thermodynamics temperature scale.
- (d) Entropy and its calculations for phase transition. Spontaneity and reversibility.
   Entropy change in Reversible & irreversible processes. Entropy for an ideal gas.
   Temperature dependence of entropy. Entropy and probability.
- (e) Concept of free energy. Derivation of Helmoltz and Gibb's Free energy equations. Standard free energy and its relationship with equilibrium constant. Dependence of free energy on pressure and temp. Clausius-Clapyron equation.

#### 4. **SOLUTIONS:**

(a) Introduction to concentration units of solutions such as molarity, molality, ppb and ppm.

(5 Hours)

- (b) Theormodynamic derivation of colligative properties, lowering of vapour pressure. Elevation of bioling point. Depression of freezing point. Osmotic pressure and its determination.
- (c) Distillation and concept of azeotropic mixture.

# **B.Sc. Inorganic Chemistry (Written)**

# Paper IV

Max. Marks : 37

Time of Exam: 3 Hours

Total Study Hours : 60

Section-I Study Hours : 30

## 1. <u>PERIODIC CLASSIFICATION OF ELEMENTS AND PERIODIC TABLE:</u>

(a) Modern Periodic Table. Periodic properties i.e, atomic radii, ionic radii, ionization potentials, electron affinities and eletronegativities. Redox potential (elementry treatment) Electrochemical series and its applications.

# 2. CHEMICAL BONDING:

Nature and types chemical bond (Ionic, covalent & coordinate) ionic crystal structure of compounds of the type 1:1 and 1:2. Theories of chemical bonding, quantum mechanical treatment, Valence Bond Theory, Molecular Orbital Theory, (Homo and hetrodiatomic molecules) Interpretation of shapes of inorganic molecules on the basis of valence shell electron pair repulsion theory (upto seven electron pairs, lone pairs and molecules containing double and triple bond), hybridization involving s.p.d. orbitals. Brief description of Electron gas, valence bond and band theories.

# 3. ACID-BASE EQUILIBRIUM

Theories of Acids, Base and bases including soft and hard acid base concept. Relative strength of acids. Significance of Pk. Applications of soft and hard acids and bases. Indicators (acid-base, redox). Solubility, solubility product, common ion effect and its application, Co-precipitation, Hydrolysis of salt, selective precipitation, Fractional and co precipitation

# 4. ZERO GROUP ELEMENT:

Discovery of Inert gases, separation and isolation, chemistry of Xenon Fluorides, reactivity, bonding and structure of Xenon compounds, commercial utilization of Inert gases.

# Section-II Study Hours = 30

# 1. CHEMISTRY OF P-BLOCK ELEMENTS

### (a) Boron & Aluminum:

Gradation of the characteristic properties within the group. Electron defficient molecules such as boron hydrides and aluminum hydrides including their structure. Compounds of boron and aluminum, boric acid, borax and alums, their preparation, properties, uses.

#### (b) Carbon and Silicon:

Gradation of the characteristic properties within the group. Comparison of C & Si, Carbides, different types, silicates and their structures.

#### (c) Nitrogen & Phosphorus:

Gradation of the characteristic properties within the group. Oxide of nitrogen, hydrazine, hydroxyl amine, phosphine. Ortho, Pyro and Meta phosphoric acid (Preparation and reactions)

#### (d) Oxygen and Sulphur:

Gradation of the characteristic properties within the group. Role of Sulphur Dioxide in Pollution of air. Thionic acids, Sodium thiosulphate preparation, properties, structure, peroxy acids of sulphur preparation and reaction. Use of Hypo in photography.

#### (e) Halogens:

Gradation of the characteristic properties within the group. Anomolous behaviour of flourine, Industrial preparation of Flourine. Oxyacids of Halogens. Interhalogens preparation properties and structural aspects. Pseudohalogens.

#### 2. Transition Elements:

Electronic configuration of Transition elements. General characteristic of d-block elements. Warner's theory of co-ordination compounds, nomenclature.

Nature of coordinate bond. Application of valence bond, mlecular orbital and crystal field theories to explain the structure of coordinate compounds, colour and magnetic behaviour of coordination compounds. Introduction of chelates, Isomerism – in coordination compounds.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- Iqbal., M.Z. Text Book of Inorganic Chemistry, Ilmi Kitab Khana, Revised Edition (1998)
- Chaudhry, G.R.; Text Book of Inorganic Chemistry, New Kitab Markaz, Aminpur Bazar, Faisalabad, Pakistan 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2001.
- Bhatti, H.N., and B.A. Nasir, Modern Inorganic Chemistry, The Carvan Book House, Lahore Pakistan 1<sup>st</sup> Edition 2000.
- Cotton, F. Albert, Geoffery Wilkilson and Paul L. Gaus, Basic Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 1995.
- 5. Lee, L.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, Chapman & Hall, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition (1996)
- 6. Jolly, William. L., Modern Inorganic Chemistry, 'McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

(1991)

 Philip M., Advance Analytical Chemistry, Mcgraw Hill International Edition, 2000.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- Marson S.H. & B Jerome, Fundamentals of Physical Chemistry, Macruthan Publishing Co., Inc New York (Also published by national Book Foundation)
- Atkins P.W. & M. J Clugston, "Principles of Physical Chemistry" Pitman Publishing Company (1998)
- 3. Moore W.J., "Physical Chemistry" 5<sup>th</sup> Edition Longman Publishers.
- 4. Akhtar M.N. & Ghulam Nabi, Principles of Physical Chemistry" Carwan Book House, Lahore.

### Paper VI Practicals B.Sc Part II

Time of Exam: 4 Hours

#### **Study Hours : 45**

#### Practical layout

Total Marks: 20

Q.No.1	Inorganic Chemistry Practica	l=	10
Q.No.2	Physical Chemistry Practical	=	10
Q.No.3	Viva	=	03
Q.No.4	Practical Note Books	=	02

Note: Relevant books / note books etc. are not allowed in exam for help.

#### **Inorganic** Practical Syllabus

1. Qualitative Analysis.

Analysis of four radicals (cations and anions) from salt mixture.

- 2. Quantitative Analysis
  - a. Determination of total harness of water using EDTA.
  - b. Estimation of manganese (II) using EDTA.
  - c. Estimation of copper (iodometrically).
  - d. Determination of thiosulphate ion (iodometrically).
  - e. Determination of ferricyanide using KI solution.
  - f. Determination of chloride by Volhard's and Mohr's methods.

Marks O

- g. Percentage determination of ferric ions in ferric alum using KMnO<sub>4</sub> solution.
- h. Estimation of ferrous ions using  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution.
- i. Percentage determination of barium in barium nitrate by gravimetric method.

Note: there will be only one question from qualitative / quantitative analysis from inorganic portion.

# List of Practicals of Physical Chemistry

- 1. Determination of Surface tension and Parachor value by stalagmometer.
- 2. Determination of percent composition of liquid solutions from surface tension measurement.
- 3. Determination of viscosity and Rhechor value of liquids from viscosity measurement.
- 4. Determination of percent composition of liquids solutions viscometrically.
- 5. Determination of refractive index and molar refractivity be refractometer.
- 6. Determination of percent composition of liquid solutions by refractive index measurements.
- 7. Determination of heat of solution by solubility method.
- 8. A kinetic study of acid hydrolysis of ethyl accetate.
- 9. Determination of angle of rotation of an optically active substance.
- 10. Determination of percent composition of an optically active substance in solution.
- 11. Determination of equilibrium constant  $KI + I_2 \leftrightarrow KI_3$

### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. Levitt B.P. Findlays Practical Physical Chemistry, 9<sup>th</sup> Ed Langan Group Limited.
- Das R.C. and be Behaera, "Experimental Physical Chemistry" Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited.
- Crocleford H.D. HW Biard F.W. Getzen & JW Nowell" Laboratory Manual of Physical Chemistry 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. John Wiley & Sons London.

# Paper – V B.Sc. Part-I

Time of Exam: 4 Hours

Study Hours : 45

#### **Practical layout**

Total Marks: 20

Q.No. 1	l.	Physical Chemistry Practical	=	10
2	2.	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	=	10
3	3.	Viva	=	3
4	1.	Practical Note Books	=	2

**NOTE:** Relevant books / note books etc are not allowed in exam for help.

### **Practical Syllabus**

1. Qualitative Analysis.

Analysis of four radicals (cations and anions) from salt mixture.

- 2. Quantitative Analysis.
  - a. Determination of total harness of water using EDTA.
  - b. Estimation of manganese (II) using EDTA.
  - c. Estimation of copper (iodometrically).
  - d. Determination of thiosulphate ion (iodometrically).
  - e. Determination of ferricyanide using KI solution.
  - f. Determination of chloride by Volhard's and Mohr's methods.
  - g. Percentage determination of ferric ions in ferric alum using  $KMnO_4$  solution.
  - h. Estimation of ferrous ions using  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  solution.
  - i. Percentage determination of barium in barium nitrate by gravimetric method.

Note: There will be only one question from qualitative/quantitative analysis from inorganic portion.

# <u>COMPUTER SCIENCE</u> <u>PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)</u> COURSE OUTLINE

#### **Time Allowed : 3 Hours**

Max Marks: 70

Attempt Five Questions Choosing Two From Each Section. Q#1 is compulsory.

#### Q # 1. Objective Type

(10)

(15+15)

## <u>Section I</u>

#### Computer Programming Using C++

#### **Recommended Book:**

The Wait Group's Object Oriented Programming in C++ 3rd Edition by Robert Lafore. Let Us C

#### Unit#1 Introduction

Computer Program Concepts, High Level Languages, Integrated Development Environment, Compiler, Source Program, Object Program. Introduction of flow charts. History of C Language, Advantages Of 'C' Over Other Languages, Different Versions of C

#### **Unit#2 Programming Basics**

Structure of C++, Different Steps of C++ programming from writing to execution. Input & Output Functions C++, Preprocessor Directives, Variables And Constants, Arithmetic Operators, Unary Operators, Relational Operators, Logical Operators, Bit Wise Operators, Assignment Operators, Data types in C++, Comments

#### **Unit#3 Decision and Loops**

Decisions (If Statement, Switch Statement), Go To Statement, Concept of Loops Break Statement, Continue Statement

#### **Unit#4 Arrays, Structures and Functions**

Introduction to array, Single and double dimensional array, Structures (Structure Specification & Definition, Accessing Structure Elements), Use of different Built in function. User Defined Function (Declaration, Calling, Passing Arguments, Returning Values), Function Overloading, Inline Functions.

#### **Unit#5 Introduction to Object Oriented Programming**

Advantages Of Object Oriented Approach, Objects, Classes, Inheritance, Reusability, Creating New Data Types, Polymorphism, Overloading.

#### Unit#6 Dealing with Classes and Objects in C++

Specifying And Using Classes And Objects, Constructors Objects as Function Argument, Returning Objects from Functions. Operator Overloading (Unary Operators, Binary Operators, Data Conversion, Pitfalls)

#### Unit #7.Files and Streams

Streams, String I/O, Character I/O, Object I/O, I/O With Multiple Objects File handling techniques. Types of files, inserting, reading, deleting, modification of records using program

# Section II



#### **Data Structure And Algorithms**

**Recommended Book:** Introduction to Data Structure with Application by Paul Trembley Sorenson

#### **Unit#1 Introduction**

Data and types of Data, Introduction to Data Structures, Data Structure (Classification, Types, Operation)

Basics of Algorithms, Notation used., Method for designing of efficient algorithm. Unit#2 Arrays And Stacks Arrays (Definition and Examples), Representation of array in Memory., Accessing & Traversing Array. Inserting & Deleting from array, Multi Dimensional Arrays & their Representation in Memory., Stack, Importance of Stack, Array Representation of Stacks., Stack Operations (PUSH and POP operations).Infix, Postfix and Prefix Expressions.

#### Unit#3 Queues And Linked List

Queue, Representation of Queues, Operation Perform on Queue(Inserting and Removing Nodes). Dequeues, Linked Lists Concept Representation of Linked Lists in Memory.Traversing & Searching a Linked List.Insertion & Deletion in Linked List.

#### Unit#4 Trees

Tree, Tree Types (simple, Binary, General), Representation of Binary Tree in Memory, Traversing (Pre order, In order, Post order).,Basic Operation (Insertion Deletion).

Unit#5 Sorting & Searching Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Insertion Sort, Selection Sorting, Sequential Search, Binary Search

# COMPUTER SCIENCE PAPER-II (4<sup>TH</sup> YEAR) COURSE OUTLINE

Time Allowed : 3 Hours Max Marks : 70 Attempt Five Questions Choosing Two From Each Section. Q#1 is compulsory.

#### Q # 1. Objective Type

### Section I

#### <u>Computer Programming Using Visual Basic</u> Recommended Book:

Microsoft Visual Basic Programmer's Guide

#### **Unit#1 Introduction**

Visual Programming, Introduction to Visual Basic, Visual Basic Editions, Event-Driven Programming, Elements of VB IDE. SDI and MDI interface, Creating VB application.

#### **Unit#2 Programming Basics**

Structure of a VB application, Code writing mechanics, Introduction to variables, declaring variables, Scope of variables, Static variables, Constants, Data types.

#### **Unit#3 Procedures Objects and Control Structures**

Introduction to Procedures, Passing Arguments to procedures, Decision structures (If Statement, Select Case), Concept of Loops Break Statement, Continue Statement, Objects, common objects in VB, (command buttons, labels, textboxes,) Controlling objects with their properties, performing actions with methods,

#### Unit#4 Forms, Menus and Tool bars

Working with MDI forms and child forms, Setting the forms, Creating Menus with Menu Editor, Assigning Access keys and shortcut keys, Creating Submenus, Writing Control for menu control, Creating a toolbar, writing code for tool bar,

#### **Unit#5 VB controls**

Control categories. Using check box control, Using the combo box control, Using color dialog box, Using Font dialog box, Using file system controls, Using the data control, Using frame control, Using horizontal and vertical scroll bar

(10)

(15+15)

control, Using image control, Using line control, Using list box control, Using option button control, Using picture box control, Using timer control

#### **Unit#6 Data Base Programming**

DBMS, Visual Data manager, Entering data into database, Data control, Data bound controls, Data Access Object(DAO), Accessing DAO object, Activex Data Object (ADO), ADO data control, ADO object, Data environment designer, Using Data Environment with DataGrid control, Data Report Designer.

#### Unit#6 Responding to Mouse and Keyboard Events

Mouse Down event, Mouse Move event, Mouse Up event, Dragging and Dropping, Changing Drag Icon, Responding to Keyboard events, KeyPress event, KeyDown and KeyUp

#### **Unit#7 Error Handling**

How to handle errors, Designing an Error Handler, Inline error handling, Centralized Error Handling, Error Handling with Activex Components, Approaches to debugging, Design time Run time and Break mode, Using Debugging windows, Running selected portion of your application.



(15+15)

#### Data Base Management System

**Recommended Book:** Introduction to Data Base system (C.J.DATE)

Microsoft SQL Server programming (SAMS)

#### **Unit#1 Introduction**

Data and Information, Data Base, Components of Data Base System, Advantages of Data Base, Data Base Management System, Benefits of DBMS, Types of Data Base, Entity, Keys and its types, Attributes

#### Unit#2 E-R Model

Relation Ship, .Classification of Relation ship types( unary, binary, ternary, cardinality, optionality, Entity Relationship Diagram, Symbols of E-R diagram.

#### **Unit#3 Data Models and Normalization**

Hierarchical, Network, Relational models, RDBMS, Codd's Rules, Normalization, First Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce Codd Normal Form (BCNF).

#### **Unit#4 Introduction to SQL Server**

Introduction to SQL Server, Managing SQL server with Enterprise Manager, Tools, Wizards, Tasks, Database Diagram, Data Maintenance with open table, SQL server profiler, Using Query Analyzer in SQL Server, configuration, color coding and font, Results Pane, Creating Users and logins, Client/Server Architecture

#### **Unit#5 Structured Query Language**

SQL, Basic SQL statements, DDL, DML, Creating tables, Alter table, Update and delete record, inserting in tables, Operators in SQL, Data Types in SQL Server, Joining, Functions, Aggregate Functions, Group by clause, Having clause, Distinct clause, Order by clause, Unions, Mathematical Functions, Date Functions, String Functions.

#### **Unit#6 Advanced SQL Statements And Procedures**

Why use procedures, System Stored Procedures, Using CAST and CONVERT, The sysmessages, Defining your Own Messages, The CASE expression, Granting Denying and Revoking Permissions to Users.

# **UNIVERSITY OF GUJRAT**

# Course Outlines (Practical)

# B.A / B.Sc. (Part-I)

#### Time Allowed: 2.0 Hrs

Total Marks: 30

#### **Courses of Studies.**

- a. Object Oriented Programming (C++ Language)
- b. Visual Basic 6.0(As a front-end form/menu designing)

#### **Division Of Marks**

i.	Part-1 (One Program from C++ Language)	10 Marks
ii.	Part-2 (One Question from Data Structures)	10 Marks
iii.	Viva Voce + Note Book	10 Marks

#### Part-1 (Object Oriented Programming using C++)

#### **Question # 1:**

Two questions are given; Answer the one of the following.

#### Part-II (Data Structure)

#### **Question # 2:**

Two questions are given; Answer the one of the following.

#### **Question # 3:**

Viva Voce and Note Book

# **UNIVERSITY OF GUJRAT**

# **Computer Science (Practical)**

# B.A / B.Sc. (Part-II)

#### Time Allowed: 2.0 Hrs

#### **Courses of Studies.**

- b. SQL-Server 2000 (As a back-end Database)
- b. Visual Basic 6.0(As a front-end form/menu designing)

#### **Division Of Marks**

i.	Part-1 (One Program from SQL-Server 2000)	10 Marks
ii.	Part-2 (One program from Visual Basic 6.0)	10 Marks
iii.	Mini Project with Documentation, Presentation and Viva Voce	10 Marks

#### Part-1 (SQL-Server 2000)

#### **Question # 1:**

Two questions are given; Answer the one of the following.

#### Part-II (Visual basic 6.0)

#### **Question # 2:**

Two questions are given; Answer the one of the following.

### Mini Project with Documentation, Presentation and Viva Voce

#### **Question # 3:**

#### Mini Project

A group of students will design a mini project using SQL-Server 2000 and a Database and Visual Basic 6.0/VB.Net as front-end application. Student will keep in mind the following steps,

- 1. A group of students must be 1 to 4 students.
- Mini project must be a complete application covering, data entry, editing/updating, deletion on designed forms using Visual Basic 6.0/VB.Net, and with variety of different reports using VB environment or Crystal Reports.
- 3. Students will create a setup of the designed application on a CD.

Total Marks: 30

4. Complete documentation of the project covering DFD, Database Structure, Table Structres, Forms layouts and details of working of the application. This documentation must be in a manual form.

#### **Presentation**

- 1. A group of Students (Not more than 4) will present their project. Project must be free of errors and must able to run on Windows-XP workstation independently.
- 2. Students submit a 2 sets of complete documentation with CD to the (Project Examiners), one set for the Examiner and 2<sup>nd</sup> for the Controller of Examiners of the University.

#### Viva Voce

1. Students will be asked some short questions from their submitted project and as well as from the courses of studies.

### Compiled By:

Khadam Hussain (MCS, B.Ed) Lecturer Govt. Degree College Boys Kharian City. Phone No :0333-8500992, 053-9240113 22-08-2005

\*\*\*\*\*\*

# **ECONOMICS**

# SCHEME OF STUDIES: PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

i)	Micro Economics	60
ii)	Basic Mathematics & Statistics	40

# PAPER-II (4<sup>th</sup> YEAR)

i)	Macro Economics	60
ii)	Economic Development of Pakistan	40

#### B.A. LEVEL

#### PAPER-I (Part 1 3rd year)

#### (QUANTITATIVE METHODS FOR ECONOMICS AND ECONOMIC THEORY)

# A compulsory question comprising of parts with short answers from the whole syllabi

(MICRO ECONOMICS) Total marks = 60

### Section-I (2 questions out of 4)

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Nature, scope and importance of economics, the concepts of Scarcity, Choice and Production Possibility Frontier.

Economic analysis at micro & macro level in an economy

### 2. THEORY OF CONSUMER BEHAVOUR

Utility & Indifference curve approaches to the consumer behaviour. Consumer equilibrium through both approaches. Marginal rate of substitution, Price effect, Income and Substitution effects, Normal, Inferior and Giffen Goods. Graphical derivation of demand curve using Slutsky and Hicks approaches. <u>ELEMENTARY THEORY OF DEMAND AND SUPPLY</u>.
 Demand - supply. Laws of Demand and Supply.
 Price determination in the market. Elasticity of Demand and Supply. Forms of Elasticity and its measurement.

#### 4. <u>THEORY OF PRODUCTION</u>:

#### A. <u>Production Function</u>:

Isoquants, Marginal rate of technical substitution iso-cost curves, Law of Variable Proportion. Optimal Level of Production.

#### B. Cost Function:

Total Cost, Average Cost, and Marginal Cost Curves. Short & Long Run Costs. Derivation of Short Period and Long period Costs Curves

#### C. <u>Revenue Function</u>:

Total Revenue, Average Revenue, & Marginal Revenue Curves, in Perfect and Imperfect Competition. Relationship with elasticity of demand.

#### 5. <u>MARKET STRUCTURE</u>.

Types of markets, & Equilibrium of a Firm (Short-Run & Long Run), under Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition, and Oligopoly. Problem of price discrimination. Collusive and Non-collusive models of Oligopoly.(Cornot, Kinked demand curve, Price Leadership & Cartel models).

 Theory of Income Distribution and Pricing of the Factors of Production Marginal Productivity' Theory, The demand curve for one factor and many factors, and Factor pricing under Perfect Competition.

#### Basic Text Books:

- Richard G. Lipsey, (1983)An Introduction to Positive Economics. The English LanguagQBook Society, Latest edition, 1983.
- 2. Paul A. Samuelson & Nordhaus, Economics., Mc.Graw Hill, Inc. 1995.

3. R.H. Leftwich, The price system and Resource Allocation. The Dryden Press, Hinsdale, Illinois. 1976.

 Abdul Haleem Khawaja, Economic Theory, (KHAWJA & KHAWJA PUBLISHING HOUSE, ISLAMABAD.

#### **Additional Readings**

- 1. Wonnacott & Wonnactoc Economics.
- 2. C.E. Ferguson & J.P. Gould, Microeconomic Theory.

#### QUANTITATIVE METHODS FOR ECONOMICS AND ECONOMIC THEORY)

# <u>PART-B BASIC MATHEMATICS</u> <u>AND STATISTICS</u> Marks =40 Section-II (1 questions out of 2)

1. <u>Equations</u>:

Equations and identities. Simple and simultaneous quations. Importance of unknowns, constants, parameters, coefficients and powers as symbols of equations. Linear and non-linear equations,& their solutions.

- Derivatives and Application:
   Concept of limits and continuity of functions. Method of finding the limit of a function. Theorems of limits.
- Meaning of derivatives. The rules of derivative, its application in Economics. Concepts of maxima, minima, & point of inflection. Differential and Partial Derivatives and Constrained Optimization.

#### Section-III (1 questions out of 2)

 <u>Central Tendencies & Dispersion</u>: Calculation of average mean, mode, median, quartiles, deciles, percentiles, range, mean deviation and standard deviation and Variance.

#### 2. <u>Index Numbers</u>:

Need for index numbers, method of constructing index numbers, simple index numbers, weighted index numbers, Laspeare index paasche index, Fisher index and marshal - Edgeworth index.

#### Basic Text Books:

- 1. A.C. Chiang, Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics. Mc.Graw Hill Book Company 1985.
- K. Holden & A.W. Pearson, Introductory Mathematics for Economists, Macmillan Press, London.1983.
- Mohammad Riaz Chaudhry, Polymer Elementary Statistics, Polymer Publications
- S.M. Ahsan Hussain, Mathematics for the Students of Economics, Kifayat Academy 2000
- S.M. Ahsan Hussain, Tools of Statistical Analysis, Kifayat Academy 2000

# PAPER-II (4<sup>th</sup> Year)

# MACRO ECONOMICS & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF PAKISTAN.

#### One compulsory question of 20 marks

Section-I (2 questions out of 4) (MACRO ECONOMICS) 1. <u>National Income & its Measurement:</u>

Introduction & Definition of Macro Economics, variables and their mutual relationship. Concepts of national income GDP, GNP, NNP, Disposable income, Three methods of computing national income. Real Vs Nominal Income. GNP Deflator.

Determinants of National Income;
 Classical and Keynesian. Consumption function , and Consumption theories

i. Absolute income hypotheses

ii. The relative income hypotheses

iii. Permanent income hypotheses

iv. Life cycle income hypotheses

Saving functions and investment functions. Marginal efficiency of capital.

3. Determination of National Income and Employment: Equilibrium level of national income, saving and investment, identity, inflationary and deflationary gaps. The IS-LM model. Thederivation of IS – LM curves and equations. General equilibrium level of national income and rate of interest. Mathematical solution of IS –LM model(derivation of aggregate demand curve). Classical and Keynesian theory of employment.

#### 4. <u>National Income Fluctuations and Inflation</u>

Concepts of Multiplier and Accelerator principle and their interactive role in business fluctuations. Features and remedies for business cycles. Meaning and measurement of inflation. Demand Pull inflation, Cost Push inflation.

- <u>Monetary Policy & National Income</u> Monetary policy its objectives and tools.
   Impact of Monetary policy upon C, I, & G.
- Fiscal Policy and National Income
   Fiscal policy; meaning and its objective and tools. Public expenditure, taxes, national debt and income determination. Deficit budget and its role in

inflation.

7. <u>Foreign Trade and National Income;</u>

Role of foreign trade in effecting national income. Classical and modern theories of comparative advantages. Balance of Trade. Balance of Payments. Terms of Trade and adversity. Foreign exchange determination. Causes and remedies of deficit in Balance of Payments Role of I.M.F & World Bank.

#### Basic Text Books;

- 1. Edward Shapiro, <u>Macro Economic Analysis</u>. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, Inc.New
- 2. York,1982
- R.Dornbush & S. Fischer, "Macroeconomics,". Sixth Edition, Mc.Graw Hill Inc.1994.
- Richard T. Froyen," Macroeconomics, Theories and Policies. Fifth Edition. Macmillan Publishing Company, 1990.
- 5. Mankiv, N. Gregory., Macreeconomics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Worth Publisher.
- 6. Abel & Bernanke, Macroeconomics Latest Edition.
- Muhammad Hussain Ch., Economics Theory, Carvan Book House, Lahore.

#### PAPER-II

### MACRO ECONOMICS & DEVELOPMENT OF PAKISTAN.

#### Section-II (2 questions out of 4)

- Concept of Economic Development and its measurement;
   Characteristics of a developed country versus those of a developing country. The concept of economic development and methods to measure it.
- 2. <u>Factors of Economic Development;</u>

Role of natural, human and capital resources in promoting economic development along with role of infrastructure with special reference to economy of Pakistan. Role of food, health, education and training in generating accelerated economic development.

# Economic Planning in theory and Practices; Imperfections of market. Need for economic planning and its objectives. Types of economic planning. Key decisions in formulating a five year plan. Historical perspective of various Five Years Plans and Review of the latest five year plan in detail.

#### 4. <u>Role of Strategic Sectors</u>:

Importance and problems of agriculture, industry, human-capital transport and communications in the economy of Pakistan, solution and government policies in these spheres.

#### 5. <u>Banking as a sector in Pakistan</u>:

Role of commercial and central banks in mobilizing and utilizing capital resources in Pakistan. Growth of banking as an industry, nationalization and privatization of banks in the country. Role of money and monetary policy in expanding economic growth in Pakistan. Inflation: causes and remedies. Experience of interest free banking in the country.

#### 6. <u>External Trade as an engine of Growth</u>:

Role of foreign trade and foreign aid in economic growth of Pakistan. Export-promotion measures and import- substitution policy of the government and their results. Deteriorating terms of trade. Role of foreign remittances and foreign aid in Economic Development of Pakistan. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

#### 7. <u>Fiscal System in Pakistan</u>:

Sources of public revenues for the federal and provincial government and head of expenditure. Budget formulation and fiscal policy in various years.

#### Basic Text Books:

- Kh. Amjad Saeed,(2000), "The Economy of Pakistan". S.A.Salman Publications.
- Vaqar Ahmad & Rashid Amjad, The Management of Pakistan's Economy. Oxford University Press, Karachi.
- Different Economic Surveys, Published by Government of Pakistan. (Latest).
- 4. S. Akbar Zaidi, Issues of Pakistan Economy, Oxford University, Preis.

#### **RECOMMENDATIONS**

1. Course on Economics at graduation level has never been goal - oriented. It always missed its link with realities of life. Students failed to develop sense for solving problems of manufacturing and commercial firms. Most of the performance has been founded on cram - work. There is clarion call for bringing about radical change in the format of the courses and course content.

- 2. Students at this stage of learning may be asked to prepare and maintain a practical note book, which should entitle them for 20 marks.
- 3. Students at this level of education without exception, should be taken around the industrial units, commercial concerns, manufacturing plants etc to virtually calculate costs and resource and develop various relevant course in their practical note books.
- 4. Topics involving a great deal of history of economic thought like theories of interest profit and employment etc. may be dropped off the list and may be supplanted by current economic issues at national and international level.
- 5. A model book for each course may be developed by the UGC for setting pace for authors/teachers to bring out their own books.
- 6. Some ideal help book for practice at home may originally be devised or edited by the UGC for avoiding need on the part of the students to resort to cheap books of low standard for cramming or cheating papers.
- 7. As observed that an over whelming majority of graduate intend to give up pursuing further education find themselves being left on the lurch to apply their gained knowledge in practical life, hence need to overhaul course contents to suit to the requirements with an intent to make them self sufficient.

- 9. Repeated refresher course for in service teachers of Economics is arranged for their exposure to over growing world of economic realities.
- 10. About 20% weightage be assigned to internal assessment of students done through at least 4 home so as to make them devote more towards studies.
- 11. One compulsory question of 20 marks worth of objective type may be added to each paper as the same has already been executed at intermediate level.

\_\_\_

# Education

# SCHEME OF STUDIES FOR 3<sup>RD</sup> PART (1) 2005

(Division of questions and marks)

Section	Questions	Marks
Ι	Ι	20
II	Ι	20
III	II	40
Compulsory	Ι	20

### <u>SECTION – I</u>

#### **1.1Education, its concept, Scope and role:**

Dictionary meaning, Representative definitions education, John Dewy's definition of education, Education as a subject, Scope of education, Theories of education ( Primitive, Modern, Islamic ),Factors of process of education ( Objectives, Curriculum, Learner, Teacher, Teaching method, Learning, Evaluation ),Role of education in society ( Ideological, Social, Economic, Political ).

#### 1.1 Curriculum:

Concept of curriculum (Modern and Islamic), Scope of Curriculum, Significance of curriculum, Foundation of curriculum, Curriculum development process (Objectives, Selection and organization of content, Teaching methodology, Evaluation), Curriculum Change (Factors and Forces)

# <u>SECTION – II</u>

#### 2.1Philosophy of Education:

Philosophy, Meaning, Philosophy of education (Concept, Scope, Idealism, Realism,

Progressivism, Reconstructionism, Islamic philosophy of education.

#### 2.2Muslim philosophers:

Imam Ghazali, Ibn-e-Khaldoom, Allama Muhammad Iqbal, Molama Abu-al-Ala Moudoodi.

# <u>SECTION – III</u>

## **3.1History of education in the sub continent:**

Characteristics of Muslim and British education systems

#### 3.2Educational evolution in Pakistan;

Objectives and development of education ( Elementary, Secondary, Tertiary, Professional, Technical and Science education ) with special reference to

#### Educational

conference 1947, Commission's report on national education 1959, The education policy 1972 to 1980, national education policy 1979, Education policy 1998 to 2010.

#### 3.3New trends in education:

Computer in education, Population education, Environmental education, Educational

Technology, Educational sector reform,

# Education SCHEME OF STUDIES FOR 4<sup>TH</sup> YEAR PART II 2005 (Division of questions and marks)

Section	Questions	Marks
Ι	II	40
II	Ι	20
III	Ι	20
Compulsory	Ι	20
	SECTION – I	

#### **1- Educational Psychology:**

- 1.1 Psychology, Educational Psychology (Meaning Scope & Importance)
- 1.2 Learning concept, Factors affecting learning, Methods \ Types of learning.( Learning by Trial &Error, Insight, Modeling ,Conditioning) and their application in teaching and learning.
- 1.3 -Transfer of Learning, Modes \ types, Theories of transfer of learning, Significance.
- 1.4 Motivation, Concepts ,Types and its functions in learning. Teacher role in increasing students' motivation
- 1.5 Intelligence , Concept, Factors influencing intelligence, Theories, Measurement of intelligence and its importance in Education.

# <u>SECTION – II</u>

### 2 - Educational Administration and Supervision:

2.1 - Administration meaning ,Islamic concept, Elements, Process of administration (Objectives, Planning, Organizing, Communication, Implementation, Control, Stimulation, Coordination, Budgeting, Appraisal) Principles (Islamic and general), Types, Significance.Characteristics of Administrator. 2.2 Supervision, Concept, Educational Supervision, Difference

between Administration and Supervision, Need for Supervision, Principles, Types( Autocratic, Authoritative, Inspectional , Opportunistic, Creative, Democratic, Cooperative, Laissez fair)Characteristics of Supervisor .

2.2.1- Organizational structure of Education in Pakistan, Federal, Provincial (Punjab) ,District level.

# **SECTION – III**

- 3 Educational Measurement and Evaluation
- 3.1 Concept of Measurement and Evaluation, Difference between Measurement and Evaluation, Types , Purposes of Measurement and Evaluation, Types of Test , (Merits and Demerits ), Qualities of good test.
- 3.2- Research in Education: Concept of Research, Educational Research, Types of Research(Historical, Descriptive and Experimental) Significance of Research in Education.

ييتمام كتابين مختلف موضوعات كيلئه زير مطالعه بين

# **English Compulsory (B.Sc.)**

#### Time 2 hours

# PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

#### Syllabus & Course of Reading:

A selection of English Prose. Complied and edited by: Nosheen Khan, G.S. Qureshi

#### **Topics Included:**

- 1. The Damned Human Race (By Mark Twain)
- 2. The last lesson (By Alphonse Daudet)
- 3. Bromides and Sulphites (By Gelet Burgess)
- 4. How to Live to be 200 (by Stephen Leacock)
- 5. The Place of Science in a Liberal Education (by Bertrand Russel)
- 6. On a Common Cold (by Osbert Sitwell)
- 7. The secret Life of Walter Mitty (by james Thurber)
- 8. Emotional Meanings (by Robert H. Thousless)
- 9. Where Do bright Ideas Come From? (by Lancelot Whyte)
- 10. The Open Window

#### **Division of Marks**

#### Part-I (Text)

1.	A selection of English Prose	20
	Three separate short questions of equal weightage	
	(An answer should be limited to 200 words)	

Part-II (Grammar and Composition)		30
2.	Comprehension with Precise Writing	15
3.	Report writing	10
4.	Use of Preposition	5

# PAPER-II (4<sup>th</sup> YEAR)

Max. marks : 50

#### Time 2 hours Syllabus & Course of Reading:

A selection of English Prose. Complied and edited by: Nosheen Khan, G.S. Qureshi

#### **Topics Included:**

- 1. Right and Wrong (by C.S. Lewis)
- 2. End of The Road (by Muhammad Asad)
- 3. How the Poor Die (by George Orwell)
- 4. The Lost Childhood (by Graham Greene)
- 5. The Gray Beginning (by Rachel L. Carson)
- 6. Nature of Science (by Ralph Ross & Ernest Van Den Hang)
- 7. August 2026, There will Come Soft Rains (by Ray Bradbury)
- 8. In May Day (by Russell Baker)
- 9. The Marval of an Insect (by Alan Devoe)
- 10. TV Addiction (By Marie Winn)

# **Division of Marks**

===

Part-I (Text	)	20
	A selection of English Prose	
	Two questions carrying 10 marks each.	
	(The answer should not exceed 250 words)	
Part-II (Grammar and Composition)		30
2.	Essay (one out of five topics) (150 to 200 words)	15
3.	Translation of continuous passage from Urdu to English	10
4.	Correction of errors (5 out of 7)	5

# **English Compulsory (B.A.)**

Max. Marks: 100

60 Marks

# PAPER-I (For 3rd Year)

### 1) SYLLABUS AND COURSE OF READING

- 1. <u>A Selection of short stories and One-Act-Plays</u>
- New Anthology of English Verse
   (Edited by Kaneez Aslam, Shoaib Bin Rassan)

### 2) Division Of Marks

# Part-I (Text)

1.	Reference to the context from Poetry and Plays 3 out of5	5+5+5=15
2.	Short Stories (In two parts from different stories)	$7\frac{1}{2} + 7\frac{1}{2} = 15$
3.	Plays (In two parts from different plays)	$7\frac{1}{2} + 7\frac{1}{2} = 15$
4.	Poetry (In two parts from different poems)	$7\frac{1}{2} + 7\frac{1}{2} = 15$
Part-I	I (Grammar & Composition)	Marks: 40
I.	Idioms and phrasal Verbs	10
		10
2	Direct and indirect narration	10
2 3.	1	-

# PAPER-II (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

### Max Marks 100

## 1- SYLLABUS AND COURSE OF READING:

II- A selection of Modern English Essays (Compiled and Edited by Prof Sajjad Sheikh)III- The Old Man and the Sea by Ernest Hemingway

### 2- **Division Of Marks:**

3-	Part-I (Text)	40 marks
1. A S	Selection of Modern Essays (In two parts from different essa	ays) 10+10=20
2. The	Old Man and the Sea (Two critical questions)	10+10=20
	Part 2(Grammar & Composition)	60 marks
3. Ess	ay (One out of five topics) with Out line	5+20=25
	(about 300 – 400 words) (one argumentative, one reflective,	,
one	descriptive, one on current affairs, one on scientific topic/na	arrative)
4. Cor	nprehension and Precis writing	25

Precis writing	15	(the answer should not exceed 50 words)
----------------	----	---

Title

Comprehension

5. Correction of errors.(any 10 out of 13)

# **ENGLISH LITERATURE**

2

# PAPER-I (For 3<sup>rd</sup> Year)

Syllabus and course of reading

#### Total Marks: 100

1.	A Selection of Short Stories.	Derek Hudson (40)
	a) The Kite	Somerset Maugham
	b) The little Willow	Frances Towers
	c) The Voice	V.S. Pritchett
	d) The Women who had Imagination	H.E. Bates
	e) Maria	Elizabeth Gowen
	f) The Basement Room	Graham Greene
	g) Local Boy makes Good	John Moore
	h) On Guard	Evelyn Waugh
	i) A Dream of Winter	Rosamond Lehman
	j) The Duchess and the Jeweller	Virginia Woolf
2.	Selected Short Plays	Prof. Ghulam Sarwar Qureshi
		Dr. Nousheen Khan (40)
	a) Riders to the Sea	J.M Synge
	b) Time's Visitors	F.Sladien Smith
	c) A Parting	Gordon Bottomely
	d) The End of the Beginning	Sea 0' Casey
	e) An Old Friend	Edmund See
3.	Animal Farm	George Orwell (20)

# PAPER-II (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

10

8 (4 marks for one creative/original question)

(2+2 marks for comprehension questions)

Syllabus and Course of Reading		Total Marks (100)			
				Time allow	ed 3 hours
1.	Reference to	o the context(4 out of	6 extra	ets)	(20)
2.	William Sha	akespear		Macbeth	(20)
3.	Glass Mcan	agerie		Jennesse William	(20)
4.	Poetry				(40)
	(two questio	ons carrying 20 marks	s each)		
	Ι.	John Milton			
	a)	On his blindness			
	b)	Paradise lost book 1	(lines 1	-26)	
	c)	Paradise lost book 1	(lines 1	05-124)	
	d)	Paradise lost book I	x (lines	896-916)	
	II. Words V	Vorth			
	a)	To butterfly			
	b)	The sun has long be	en set		
	c)	Lines composed a fe	ew miles	above Tintem Abbey	
	d)	The reverie of poor	Susan		
	e)	Resolution and inde	pendenc	e	
	f)	Sonnet: Composed	upon We	estminster Abbey Sep,	3,1802
	g)	Sonnet: London 180	)2		
	h)	Ode: Intimations of	immorta	lity from	
	i)	Recollection of early	y childh	boc	
	III. John Ko	eats			
	a)	On the grasshopper	and cric	ket	
	b)	Ode: Bards of passion	on and o	f Mirtn	
	c)	Ode: To Autum			
	d)	Sonnet: To Sleep			
	e)	Sonnet: The Human	Season	5	
	f)	Sonnet: To Fancy			
	g)	Meg Merrilies	h)	Song: in a drear-nig	hted
Decer	nber				
	IV. Brownin	ng			
	a)	Meeting at Night : F	Parting a	t Morning	
	b)	Incident of the Fren	ch Camp	)	

51

d) My last Duchess

#### V. Robert Frost

a)	Neither Out Far nor in Deep		
b)	Nothing Gold can Stay; Bere	ft	
c)	The Oven Bird; free at my W	vindow	
d)	The Trial by Existence		
e)	The Span of Life	f)	Acquainted with the
g)	Fire and Ice	h)	The Road Not Taken

#### Night

==

The Road Not Taken g) Fire and Ice

# **FINE ARTS** Part –I (3<sup>rd</sup> Year) Max Marks: 100 **Paper-I** Theory

# Marks:40

# **SECTION (A)**

#### **Elements of Art**

- **a**) Forming Elements
- **b**) Aesthetic Elements

#### Western Art

- o Renaissance: Giotto, Masaccio, Donatello, Leonardo, Michelangelo.
- Baroque: Rembrandt, Rubens.
- Neo-Classicism: David, Ingres.
- o Romanticism: Delacroix.
- Realism: Corot, Millet, Courbet.
- o Impressionism: Manet, Monet, Pissaro.

## **SECTION (B)**

### Indo-Pak:

#### a) Indus Valley Civilization

- Architecture, Seals, pottery, Sculpture, Jewellery, Toys.
- b) Budhist Art
  - Ajanta paintings (Secular & Religious)
  - Gandhara sculpture

### c) Mughal School of Art

- Akbar's school of book illustration
- o Mughal art's technique and material

- Mughal art's characteristics 0
- Flora & Fona 0
- Portraiture 0
- Landscape 0
- Foreign influences on Mughal art 0
- Reasons of decline of Mughal art 0
- Border making 0

#### d) Rajput Art

- Bundi school 0
- Jaipur school 0
- Marwar school 0
- Mewar school 0
- Shekhawati school 0
- 0 Kishangarh school
- Kotah school 0

#### e) Pahari Art

- Basohli style
- Kangra style
- Guler style 0
- Tira Sujanpur style 0

#### **SECTION (C)**

Notes on different topics from Section A & B

#### **Paper-II** (Practical) Marks:20 **Still Life or Nature**

2 or 3 still life objects to be painted in oils OR Fruits, Vegetables, flowers, Plants, (in pots) To be painted in oils (on paper)

#### **Paper-III** (Practical) Marks:20

#### 3-D study in Clay or Naqashi rendering

#### On 8"\*10" sized paper or a quarter sheet of paper

- 3-D study (sculpture) in clay can be of animals(e.g Snake, Donkey, Mouse etc). Geometrical 0 shapes (Houses), Still life objects such as Tree log, Flowers, any vegetable. The study should be well observed and proportionate. An approximate size can be mentioned. Students can be allowed to paint it in order to make it real but its optional.
- Naqashi patterns of borders, tile designs or jhari patterncan also be asked. Designs can be 0 floral or geometrical. Mediums of painted naqashi are poster colours or oil colours only. For shading in a pattern Opaque water colours can also be allowed.
- In "Naqashi Rendered Patterns" lead pencil is to be the medium. 0 Naqashi patterns should be accurate and colours should be the same.

Display of year's work	Marks: 20	
SUBJECT		QTY
1. Drawing (Still life	e or Nature)	10
2. Patterns (Naqqash	i)	5
3. Still life painting (	(in oils)	2

4. Landscape in oils	2
5. Naqqashi (Painted)	4
6. 3-D studies	2
7. Traditional Crafts	4
(e.g. Printing, Architectural, Ornamentation, Traditional toys, Baskets,	

Pottery, Ceramics, Local crafts, Kite making etc. )

# Part –II (4th Year)Max Marks: 100Paper-I TheoryMarks: 40

### **SECTION (A)**

#### **Islamic** Art

- Ummayads
- o Abbasida
- o Mangols
- Timurids
- Safavids

Detail: Architectural Ornamentation, Book Illustration, Tiles, Pottery, Characteristics of the periods.

# **SECTION (B)**

#### Pakistani Art & Craft

#### a) Pakistani Art

- o Abdul Rehman Chughtai
- o Ustad Allah Bakhsh
- o Sadequain
- Shakir Ali
- o Khalid Iqbal
- Haji Mohammad Sharif
- o Anna Molka Ahmad

#### Calligraphists

- Abdul Majeed (Perveen Raqam)
- Taj-ud-din (Zareen Raqam)
- o Mohd Sadeeq (Almas Raqam)
- $\circ \quad \mbox{Hafiz Mohd yousaf Sadeeqi}$

#### b) Pakistani Architecture

#### 1) Before Mughlas

- Multan tombs
  - Tomb of Yousaf Gardezi
    - Tomb of Baha-ud-din Zakria
    - Tomb of Shah Shams Sabzvari
    - Tomb of Shah Rukh-e-Alam
- Sindh Architecture

#### Makli graveyard

#### 2) Mughal Architecutre

- Lahore Fort
- o Badshahi Mosque
- Shalamar Gardens
- Tomb of Jahangir
- o Masjid Wazir Khan
- o Jamia Masjid Thatha

Masjid Mahabat Khan 0

#### 3) Pkistani crafts

• A note on prominent Pakistani Crafts.

#### **SECTION (C)**

Notes on different topics from Section A & B

#### **Paper-II** (Practical) Marks:20

Life Drawing in pencil

#### Marks:20 **Paper-III** (Practical)

#### **Composition in Various Media**

Composition on fantasy subjects such as expectations, dream. Expressive subjects such as sorrow, hope, prayer, depression, loss, unjustification, happiness, freedom etc.

Abstract depiction of different subjects as crowded place, sounds, illusions etc.

Medium: Oils or Mix media on paper.

#### **Display of Year's work** Marks:20

SUBJECT	QTY
1. Drawing (20"x30")	
a. Figure Drawing (pencil)	10
b. Miniature Drawing (Persian & Mughal techniques)	3
c. Calligraphy (Nurch, Sulce)	4
2. 3-D studies	2
3. Traditional Crafts	4

(eg. Khaddi, Weaving, Ceramics, Glass art, Wood carving)

# **GEOGRAPHY**

#### SCHEME OF STUDIES

Distribution of Marks		200
Paper-I(Physical Geography)	=	70
Paper-II(Human & Regional Geography)	=	70
Practical(Map Work & Practical)	=	60

Paper-I		Paper-II		
Paper	15	Paper 10		
Report	05	Survey 12		
Record Work	05	Record Work 05		
Viva Voce	05	Viva Voce 03		

# PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

(Part 1)

**PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY:** 

1. The Earth & Its Origin:

The Universe, the solar system and the earth, Earth's origin, shape and size, rotation and revolution, composition and structure, distribution of land and water. Introduction to geological Time scale.

2. Atmosphere:

Composition and structure of atmosphere, atmospheric temperature and pressure, winds and global circulation, airmasses and fronts(Classification, distribution & associated weather), cyclones and weather disturbances, Hydrological cycle, Atmospheric moisture and precipitation, climatic classification: koppen's classification with special reference to the following types Af, Am, Bsh, Csa and Df, Atmospheric pollution.

3. Lithosphere:

Internal structure of the earth, rock-origin, formation and types(igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic,) plate tectonics, mountain building, geomorphic processes-internal and external, earthquakes, volcanic activity, weathering and Mass Wasting, Erosion and Deposition, Cycle of Erosion, landforms by surface water, ground water, winds and glaciers.

4. Hydrosphere:

Configuration of ocean floor, ocean deposits, composition, temperature and salinity of ocean water, movements of the ocean water, waves, currents and tides.

5. Biosphere

Origin and Evolution of life on earth(with reference to geological time scale) Formation and types of soils, Forest Biome(major forest type)

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Strahlar. A.N. Strahlar .A.H.(2000) Physical Environment, New York, John Wiley.
- 2. Christopherson R. W.(2000) Geo-Systems. USA, Prentice Hall, Inc.
- 3. Well & Well and N(1998) Atmosphere & Oceans, London, Longman.
- 4. Monkhouse. F.J.(1996) Principles of Physical Geography, London. Hodder&Stoughton.
- 5. Rathor. A. Hamid (1996) Tabhi Geographia, Islamabad, Muqtadra Qaumi Zaban
- De Bilj.H.J. & mullar. P.O. (1996) Physical Geography of the global environment. USA. John Wiley & sons Inc.
- 7. Taylor J. (1993)Integral Physical Geography. London, Longman.
- Moliveen.J.F.R. (1991) Fundamentals of Weather and Climate. London. Chapman & Hall.
- 9. Small. R.J. (1989)Geomorphology and Hydrology .London. Longman.
- 10. Thompson.R.D.(1986) Process in Physical Geography, London. Longman
- 11. Miller.E.W. (1985) Physical Geography. Columbus. Charles E. Merril.
- 12. King.CAM (1980) Physical Geography. Oxford Basil Blackwell.

# PAPER-II (4<sup>th</sup> YEAR)

#### HUMAN & REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY

#### <u>Part-I</u>

#### **Human Geography:**

(a)	Man-environment Interaction:
	Themes of Environment Determinism, Possiblism & Perception.
(b)	Population:
	Growth & composition(age and sex structure), population change, natural increase &
	migration and distribution.
(c)	Settlements:
	Location, forms and function of urban & rural settlements, Central Place Theory.
(d)	Economic activity:
	Location characteristics of Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Quaternary and Quinary activities.

(e) Environmental Problems:

Ecosystem and environmental degradation.

#### <u>Part-II</u>

#### **Regional Geography**

- (a) Regional Concept.
- (b) Study of Pakistan with special emphasis on resource base (Physical, Human and Economic) Transport, Trade and International Relations.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. De Bilj H.J.and Muller. (2000) Geography Realms Regions and Concepts.
- 2. De Bilj H.J.(2000) Human Geography Culture, Society and Space.
- 3. Kuby.M. Human Geography in action
- 4. Khan .F.K. An Introduction to Economic Geography. Saleem Publishing house Karachi.
- 5. Israr-ud-Din Studies in Pakistan Geography. University of Peshawar. NWFP.
- 6. Khan .F.K. An Economic Geography of Pakistan. Oxford University Press.
- 7. Rusenteinone. An Introduction to Human Geography.
- 8. Home.B. The Integrated Human Geography. London. Longman.
- 9. Fisher J. Geography and Development. A world regional approach.
- 10. Witherick.M. Population Geography
- 11. Barrett.H. Population Geography. London. Longman.
- 12. Kureshy.K.U. Geography of Pakistan.

# **MAP WORK & PRACTICAL GEOGRAPHY**

#### Part-I

- 1. Introduction to Maps
  - (a) Types of Maps
  - (b) Scales-Plain, diagonal, comparative and their uses..

- 2. Interpretation of:
  - (a) Topograhical Maps
  - (b) Composite Contours Maps.
  - (c) Weather maps of Pakistan.
  - (d) An introduction to Aerial Photographs and Remote Sensing.
- 3. Methods of showing relief, drawing of Composite Contours with the help of given data.
- 4. Simple quantitative techniques and their use in Geography. Methods of Data collection, Study of frequency distribution, averages (mean, median and mode) mean deviation, standard deviation.
- 5. Field report based on the study of geographical aspects of a selected area / activity.

### Part-II

- 1. Map projections: general properties, classification, choice of projection, merits and demerits, construction of graticule of following projections.
  - (a) Cyclindrical-simple, equal area, and mercator's (with table)
  - (b) Zenithal Gnomonic, Sterographic, Orthographic (polar case)
  - (c) Conical-one and two standard parallels and Bonne's.

Note: There will be compulsory question on projections.

- 2. Preparation of distributional maps with the help of symbols, lines, bars, shades, dots and circles.
- 3. Instrumental surveying: making of plans with the help of chain, plane table and prismatic compass.
- Introduction to the basic computing: DOS, WINDOWS, Word processing and simple graphics.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Robinson.A.N. Elements of Cartography.
- 2. Leon.A & Leon M. Introduction to computers.
- 3. Bert ET. Elements of statistics for Geographers.
- 4. Khan J.A.Weather maps interpretation of Pakistan.
- 5. Benton. Jr. A.R. Elements of plane surveying.
- 6. Avery.T.E. and Bertin.G.L. Fundamentals of Remote sensing and Air Photo Interpretation.
- 7. Campbell J. Introduction to Cartography.
- 8. Briggs. K. Practical Geography.
- 9. Ahmad.K.S. Map Projection.
- 10. Miller.V.C. & Westerback. M.E. An interpretation of Topographical maps.

# HEALTH & PHYSICAL EDUCATION

### Paper-I

Theory75 MarksTime 3 Hours(Question No 1 is compulsory15 Marks)(Two questions out of four from Section-I and two out of<br/>Four from section –II60 MarksPractical25 MarksTime 3 hours

### Paper-II

Theory75 MarksTime 3 Hours(Question No 1 is compulsory15 Marks)(Two questions out of four from Section-I and two out of<br/>Four from section –II60 MarksPractical25 MarksTime 3hours10 Marks10 Marks

### DETAILS OF COURSES PAPER-I (third year) SECTION-I

# 1. INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICAL EDUCATION

- a. Definition d. Scope
- b. Aims and Objectives e. Importance in present
- c. Scientific Foundations of day life

# 2. MOVEMENT EDUCATION

- a. Definition
- b. Types of movement

c. Factors affecting movement; Gravity, Air resistance, Mass, Friction, Equilibrium, Levers, Muscular Strength and Power, Flexibility, Metabolic Functioning

d. Biomechanical Analysis of the following movement concepts

- i. Stretching
- ii. Jumping
- iii. Running
- iv. Balancing and weight bearing

# 3. RELIGIOUS RITUALS AND MOVEMENT

- a. General importance with
- b. Namaz
- c. Haj ,reference to Quran & Sunnah
- d. Jehad

# 4. **RECREATION**

a. Definition, need and importance.

b. Introduction of Recreational activities, mental recreation (Indigenous games, small area sports, indoor and outdoor games) c. Utilization of Educational Institutions as Community

Recreational

Centres.

# 5. HUMAN ORGANISM

a. Anatomy Physiology and effects of exercise on the following systems i. Muscular system

ii. Circulatory system

# 6. FIRST AID

a Definition and importance

b. General principles of First Aid

c. Qualities of First Aider

d Signs, Symptoms and First Aid of Fractures, Dislocation,

Sprains, Strains, Cramps, Wounds, Shocks, Sun Stroke, Bites, Poisons.

# 7. FATIGUE AND RELAXATION

# 8. OUTDOOR PURSUITS

Significance and organisation of the following:

a Rovering (Men) c. Hiking & Hill Trekking

b. Senior guides (Women) d Youth Hostelling

# SECTION-II

# 9. GAMES AND SPORTS

a. Importance of games and sports

b. Qualities of Sportsmen and code of ethics

# Men

Basketball, Volleyball & Football

# Women

Tennis, Volleyball & Basketball

# 10. TRACK AND FIELD EVENTS

a. Introduction of track and field events (National level)

b. Rules, regulations and techniques of the following events:

i. 100, 400 &1500 meters

ii Throwing the javelin

iii. Tripple jump for men

iv. Long jump for women

# 11. INTRODUCTION OF HEALTH EDUCATION

a. Definition and Scope c. Relationship with Physical Education

b. Importance d. Health and longevity

# 12. POSTURE & POSTURAL DEFECTS

a. Posture and its importance

b. General deformities (Kyphosis, Lordosis, Khypholordosis, Scoliosis, Knee Knocking, Flat foot)

c. Causes of deformities

d. Remedial exercises

# **PRACTICAL** Third Year

# Note. Each question carries 5 marks.

1. Exercises of the body about Movement Education and postural Deffects.

2.Gymnastics/Agilities

Forward Roll, Backward Roll & Dive Roll

3.Skills efficiency in games

MEN: Football, Volleyball, Basketball WOMEN: Tennis, Volleyball, Basketball

4. Skill efficiency in Track & Field

100M, 400M, 1500M, Javelin Throw, Tripple jump(men), Long jump()women.

 Note Book & Viva Note: Uniform is compulsory. (Track suit, Trousers, T-shirts, Sports shoes, etc.)

## PAPER-II (fourth Year) SECTION – I

# 1. HISTORICAL BACKGROUND OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION

# a. Physical education in Pakistan

# 2. SAFETY EDUCATION

- a. Definition d. Traffic safety
- b. Importance e. Sports safety
- c. Home safety

# 3. PHYSICAL MOTOR FITNESS

- a. Definition
- b. Importance of Physical Fitness
- c. Components of Physical Fitness
- i. Cardiovascular Endurance
- ii. Muscular Power
- iii. Muscular Endurance
- d. Motor Fitness
- i. Speed
- ii. Agility
- iii. Balance

# 4. PERSONAL HYGIENE

a. Islamic concept about personal hygiene

Care of Eyes, Nose, Throat, Teeth, Feet, Finger,

Nails, Arm Pits, Skin, Hair and Dress

b. Drug Abuse, Effects of the following on human health:

Opium, Morphine, Hashish, Heroin, Charas, Alcohol.

# 5. COMMUNITY HEALTH

- a. Public Health problems
- b. Community Health Centre
- c. Sanitation of home, school and locality
- d. Symptoms, Causes & prevention of the following Communicable diseases:

# i. Aids, Tuberculosis, Hepatitis (B &C)

# 6. Human Organism

i. Respitarory system

ii. Nervous System

# SECTION-II

# 7. ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION

- a. Air
- b. Water
- c. Noise
- d. Radiation
- 8. MASSAGE
- a. Definition of Massage
- b. Utility and importance of Massage
- c. Types of Massage; Aquatics, Mud, Manual etc.

# 9. NUTRITION

- a. Calories and Caloric requirement
- b. Constituents of food
- c. Balanced Diet with special reference to the
- sources of food available in Pakistan

d. Effect of malnutrition on human body

# 10. Systems of Tournaments

- i) League (Round Robin) System
- ii) Knock out (Elimination) System
- iii) Combination system

Rules and techniques of the following:

# Men & Women

Hockey, Badminton & Table Tennis, Cricket.

# 11. TRACK AND FIELD EVENTS

- a. Introduction of track and field events (National level)
- b. Rules, regulations and techniques of the following events:
- i. 800 meters
- ii. 4 x 100 meters race
- iii. High jump
- iii. Putting the shot

# **PRACTICALS** Fourth Year

# Note. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 1. Exercises of the body about Physical fitness.
- 2. Gymnastics:
  - Head Standing, Hand Standing, Cart Wheeling.
- 3. Skill of Games. Hockey, TableTennis, Cricket, Badminton
- 4. Skills in Athletics
  - 4 x 100M, 800M, Shot put, High Jump.
- 5. Note Book & Viva.

Note: Uniform is compulsory. (Track suit, Trousers, T-shirts, Sports shoes, etc.)

# <u>History</u>

# CURRICULUM FOR B.A. (History)

B.A. History syllabus shall consist of 2 papers, of 100 marks each. Students should be asked to choose any one of the following **Three groups**. In each paper there shall be objective type of questions of 20 marks which will be compulsory

# 1. ISLAMIC HISTORY

(A) Pre-Islamic Arabia to the Fall of Ummayads (570 A.D. - 750 A.D). (Part-I)

(B) History of Abbasides (750 A.D 1258 A.D). Muslim Rule in Spain (712 AD 1492 AD)	(Part-II)
2. <u>HISTORY OF PAKISTAN</u> .	
(A) 1857 A.D 1947 A.D.	(Part-I)
(History of Pakistan Movement - Rise of Muslim Nationalism in	
South Asia).	
(B) 1947 A.D 2002 A.D.	(Part-II)
(History of Pakistan).	

#### DETAILS OF COURSES. ISLAMIC HISTORY (Part-1) 3<sup>rd</sup> year (PRE-ISLAMIC ARABIA TO THE FALL OF UMMAYYADS). (570 A.D. - 750 A.D.

# 1. Pre-Islamic Arabia.

Geographical, Political, Social, Economic and Religious conditions, the City State of Makkah.

# 2. The Holy Prophet (SAW).

Birth of the Prophet, Prophethood and Preaching of Islam, the opposition of the Quraish; Migration to Ethopia and Medina. Socioeconomic and cultural foundations including contributions of Ashab-e-Suffa.

Brotherhood, the Medina charter, Wars with Quraish, (Battles of Badr, Uhd and Ahzab), the peace accord of Hudaibiyya, the Prophet's letters to the various rulers, the conquest of Macca, the Battle of Hunain, the spread of Islam in Central Arabia, the Tubuk expedition, the Prophet's last pilgrimage and the significance of the last Sermon, his Seerat and achievements.

# 3. Hazrat Abu Bakr (RA)

His early life and sacrifices for the cause of Islam, his election as Caliph; the movement of apostasy, rise of false prophets, the refusal of Zakat, the consolidation of centre, the conquest of Iraq, relations with Iran, Syria, and Byzantine, the compilation of the Quran, his character and achievements.

## 4. Hazrat Umar Bin Khattab(RA).

His early life and acceptance of Islam, his services to the cause of

Islam, his role during the Caliphate of Abu Bakr, Umar's nomination as Caliph, the conquests of Iran, Syria, Palestine, Egypt, Azerbaijan and Armenia, expansion of Muslim power, his reforms and administration, development of Muslim institutions and the projects of public welfare, his character and achievements.

#### 5. Hazrat Uthman (RA)

His early life, acceptance of Islam, his role during the life time of the Prophet, Abu Bakr and Umar, his election as Caliph; conquest of North Africa, Cyprus, Tabaristan, Tukharistan and Makran, the Sabite movement, opposition of Uthman. His martyrdom and its consequences, his services to the cause of Islam, his character and achievements.

#### 6. Hazrat Ali (RA)

His early life, his role during the life time of the Prophet, Abu Bakr, Umar and Uthman, his installation as Caliph, the Battle of the Camel, the Battle of Siffin, emergence of the Kharjites, battle of Naharwan, Hazrat Ali's martyrdom, his character and achievements. Imam Hasan as Caliph, his abdication.

#### 7. Administrations and Structure of Government under the Khulafa-IRashidin

Administrative, financial and Judicial System under the **Pious Cliphs**, the status of the Dhimmis and the "Mawali", the social life of the Muslims, Salient features of the **Pious Caliphate**.

## THE UMAYYADS AT DAMASCUS

#### 8. Amir Muawiyah:

Political condition of Islamic World at the time of his accession, establishment of Umayyad dynasty. Changed character of the caliphate, nomination versus elections, measures to consolidate the empire his administration. His achievements and character.

#### 9. Yazid-l

His succession and the rule of single dynasty. The tragedy of Karbala its effects and significance in the history of Islam event of "Harrah". Seige of Macca.

#### 10. Marwan Bin Hakam.

Abdullah Ibn Zubair, Jabia Conference, Election of Marwan, the battle of Marj-i-Rahit, Marwan's internal policy and consolidation of power, his estimate of character.

#### 11. Abdul Malik Bin Marwan.

Political condition of Islamic world at the time of his accession. The real founder of Umayyad dynasty, consolidation of his power, his administrative policy and reforms, the role of Hajjaj bin Yousaf, his character and achievements.

#### 12. Walid Bin Abdul Malik.

Expansion of Islamic empire in Asia, Africa and Europe, his works of public utility, his reforms and achievements. His glorious reign.

#### 13. Sulaiman Bin Abdul Malik.

His ill treatment of Muslim generals, siege of constan tinople, his character and policies. Nomination of Umar bin Abdul Aziz.

## 14. Umar Bin Abdul Aziz.

The fifth pious Caliph; Administrative and religious reforms; state policy; character and achievements.

#### 15. Hisham and Later Umayyads.

Important events of their rule; Main events; conquests. Abbaside Movement; propaganda and the causes of success.

#### 16. Down Fall of Umayyad.

Causes of decline and fall of the Umayyads dynasty.

#### 17. Nature of Umayyad Rule.

Growth and expansion of Islamic empire; central and provincial administration; Judiciary and Military system; social, cultural and economic development.

#### Suggested Readings.

- 1. Syed Amir Ali, The History of the Saracens
- 2. Syed Amir Ali, The Spirit of Islam.
- 3. J. Wellhausen, The Arab Kingdom and its Fall.
- 4. S.A.Q. Hussaini, Arab Asministration.
- 5. Mazharuddin Siddiqui, Development of Islamic State and Society.
- 6. Cambridge History of Islam, (Relevant Chapters).
- 7. Bernared Lewis: Islam and the World
- 13. Philip K. Hitti: History of the Arabs
- 14. Habib Hourani: History of the Arabs
- 15. Montgomery Watt: Muhammad at Mecca Muhammad at Madina
- 16. Shaban: Abbaside Revolution. Cambridge.

## **OPTION-I**

#### ISLAMIC HISTORY PART-II (4<sup>th</sup> Year) HISTORY OF ABBASIDES 750 AD - 1258 AD

#### 1. The Abbaside Movement.

The Abbaside Movement and causes of its success, Role of Abu Muslim Khurasani, establishment of Abbaside Caliphate.

#### 2. Abul Abbas Al Saffah.

His character and consolidation of power.

#### 3. Abu Jaffar Al Mansur.

Rebellions of Abdullah bin Ali and Abu Muslim Khurasani; Rawindiya sect and the Kharjites; Mansur and the Alids; Conquets and consolidation of the Caliphate - Administration - Foundation of Baghdad

# - Character and achievements.

## 4. Al Mehdi.

Revolts of Muqannah and Zindiqa; conquests; Wars against the Romans; his estimates.

#### 5. Al Hadi.

His policy towards Alids; revolts; his estimates.

# 6. Harun al Rashid.

Rise and fall of the Barmakides, early revolts; wars in Africa, establishment of Idrisia Kingdom; war against Romans – His character and achievements.

# 7. Amin-al-Rashid.

Differences with Mamun; war between the two brothers and murder of Amin; his estimates.

# 8. Mamun-al-Rashid.

Disorder in Baghdad, Entry in Baghdad - Tahiriyya and Zaidiyya Kingdoms - Babak Khurrami - conquests in the East, Asia Minor and the Mediterranean - His religious policy – Mutazalite, scientific and literary progress.

# 9. Mutasim Billah.

Turkish soldiery; foundation of Samarra - conquests inAsia Minor; his estimate.

# 10. Wasiq Billah

Aggrandisement of Turks. Turkish soldiery cut to size; new religious policy and its results.

# 11. Mutawakkil

His State Policy, Religious Policy, His murder.

# 12. Later Abbasides

From Muntasir Billah to Mustasim Billah, a brief survey - Fall of Baghdad at the hands of Hulaku Khan.

## 13. Independent Kingdoms

Samaniyya - Al-Hamdan - Al-i-Buwayh - Suljuks - Ayyubi. Tulunid Turks of Egypt.

## 14. Crusades.

Their political, religious and economic causes - Brief survey of first, second and third rounds - Results of the Crusades.

## 15. Downfall of Abbasides

Causes of the downfall of the Abbaside Caliphate.

## 16. Abbaside Administration

Central structure and its main functionaries - Provincial administration - sources of income - Army - Judiciary.

## 17. Literary, Educational and Scientific Developments

Science, Art and Literature: Bait-ul-Hikmat; Medicine, Philosophy, Ilmul-Kalam, Ikhwan-us-Safa, Astronomy and Astrology, Mathematics,

Chemistry, Zoology, Geography and History - Traditions and

Jurisprudence - Poetry, Architecture, Calligraphy, Paintings and Music.

# 18. Societies and Economic Life

Society and Economic life under the Abbasides.

# Suggested Readings.

1. Sir T.W. Arnold, The Caliphate.

2. Amir Hussain Siddiqui, Islamic State; A Historical Survey.

- 3. Fayyaz Mahmood, History of Islam.
- 4. Syed Amir Ali, London, The Short History of Saracens.
- 5. Syed Amir Ali, London, The Spirit of Islam.
- 6. S.A.Q. Hussani, Arab Administration.

7. Mazaral-ul-Haq, History of Islam.

#### PART-II (4<sup>th</sup> Year) MUSLIM RULE IN SPAIN (712 AD - 1492 AD)

# (712 AD - 1492 AD)

1. Condition of Spain on the eve of the Muslim conquest (political, social and religious).

2. Conquest of Spain: Musa bin Nusair and Tariq bin Ziyad. The causes of invasion and success.

3. Spain under Muslim Governors: Emergence of Christian State of the North.

4. Abdul Rehman I: His character and achievements.

5. Hisham I: His internal policy, introduction of Maliki Fiqh.

6. Hakam I: His character and achievements, relations with the theologians, wars and rebellions, rise of Maliki Figah.

7. Abdul Rehman II: His character and achievements, relations with Christians, foreign policy, cultural and literary activities.

8. Muhammad I: his character and achievements, his relations with Non-Muslims, rebellion in Toledo, rise of Banu Qisi, rebellions of Ibn Marvan and Ibn Hafsun, succession of Munzar and Abdullah.

9. Abdul Rehman III: Early difficulties, restoration of law and order,

Internal and External policy, relations with the Christians and Fatimids, the title of Caliph, his character and achievements.

10. Hakam II: His relations with North Africa and Christians, advancement of art and literature.

11. Hisham II (Hisham Almoeed). His character and achievements.

12. Later Umayyads, the rise of Hajib-al-Mansur; relations with the courtiers and Theologians, Jihad against the Christians, his character and achievements.

13. Administration of Spain under the Umayyads.

14. Petty Dynasties.

15. Decline and fall of Umayyads of Spain: Causes, Almoravids, Almohads,

16. Fall of Granada (1492)

17. Contribution to Arts, Architecture, Literature and Science.

#### Suggested Readings

1. Dr.Imam-ud-Din, Dacca, 1959, Political History of Muslim Spain.

- 2. Dr. Imam-ud-Din, A Cultural History of Spain.
- 3. Dozy, R., Spanish Islam.
- 4. Stanley Lane Pole, The Moors in Spain. Lahore 1953.
- 5. T.B. Irving: The Falcons of Spain.

#### OPTION-II( for 3<sup>rd</sup> Year) HISTORY OF MUSLIM RULE IN SOUTH ASIA

# (Part-I)

# (712 AD - 1526 AD)

Conquest of Sindh - Delhi Sultanate - upto the Advent of Mughals) 1. Concept of History

Definition, Methodology, and relations of the discipline of History with other social sciences

## 2. Geographical Unity of Indus Valley

Geophysical features, Geography of Indus Valley, and its significance. 3. **Original Sources** 

An introduction to basic original sources of the period.

# 4. South Asia on the eve of Arab Conquest

a. Historical background, Geographical, Political, Social, Religious and Economic conditions of South Asia; Its relations with neighboring regions.

b. Causes of Arab invasion of Sindh - Muhammad bin Qasim and his conquests, Arab administration of Sind, Settlement of

Brahmanabad - political, cultural, religious and social impacts of the conquests. City states of Makran, Mansurah, and Multan.

## 5. Sultan Mahmud of Ghazana

Causes of his Indian campaigns, its significance and impact. Character and achievements. Alberuni and his contributions.

## 6. Ghaznavides at Lahore

Lahore as a centre of art and literature. Downfall of Ghaznavides and re-emergence of minor states.

## 7. Sultan Shahab-ud-Din Muhammad Ghori

His Indian campaigns, Character and achievements, Muizzi Maliks - Causes of the defeat of Hindu India.

## 8. Ilburi Turks

Sultan Qutbuddin Aibak, Sultan Shams-ud-Din Iltutumish, his early difficulties - his achievements as the real founder of Sultanate, relations with Caliphate, his successors, Sultan Razia, Nasiruddin Mahmud and his policy, Ghiasuddin Balban, his theory of Kingship, consolidation of Sultanate, Mongol problem, Kaiqubad and the end of Ilburi Turk's Dynasty, Slave System as a source of weakness and strength.

## 9. Khalji Dynasty

Significance of Khalji Revolution - Feroz Khalji and his character -Sultan Alauddin Khalji, his reforms and conquests, Deccan Policy; Malik Kafur, Qutbuddin Mubarik and end of the Khalji Dynasty.

## 10. Tughluq Dynasty

Ghiasuddin Tughluq: his administration and character: Sultan Muahmmad bin Tughluq: his character and personality, mixture of two extremes, his plans and their failure, out-break of rebellions, his Deccan Policy - Sultan Feroz Shah Tughluq, his military expeditions, administrative reforms, public works, religious policy; Amir Timur's invasion, End of Tughluq Dynasty.

## 11. Sayyids

Khizar Khan: Character and achievements.

#### 12. Lodhis

Sikanadar Lodhi: his administration and religious policy; Ibrahim Lodhi and end of the Delhi Sultanate.

## 13. Contemporary independent kingdoms

Bahmani, Vijaynagar, Sindh, and Kashmir.

## 14. Downfall of the Sultanate of Delhi

The causes of the downfall of Sultanate of Delhi.

## 15. Administration of Delhi Sultanate

Central and Provincial Departments, Army, Land revenue system, and Judiciary.

## 16. Social and Cultural Contribution of the Sultans of Delhi

a. Contributions in Historiography, Literature, Education, Arts and Culture, Amir Khusrau and his contributions.

b. Architecture: main characteristics of Muslim architecture -Important buildings of the period.

c. Society, Economic conditions and Commerce.

# 17. Religious Trends

Role of Ulemas, Role of Sufis, Sufi orders (Chistiya & Suharwardia),

important Sufis of the period, Bhagti Movement, its origin, and impact. **Suggested Readings** 

# 1. S.M. Ikram, History of Muslim Civilization in India and Pakistan.

2. S.M. Ikram, History of Muslim Rule in India.

3. Abdul Qadir, History of Indo-Pak.

4. A.B.M. Habibullah, The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India.

5. Sir Wolsely Haig, The Cambridge History of India.

6. I.H. Qureshi, The Muslim Community of the Indo-Pakistan Subcontinent.

7. I.H. Qurshi, The Administration of the Sultanate of Delhi.

8. I.H. Qureshi, A short history of Pakistan. Vol-II. Edited.

9. Hussain, J. "A History of the Peoples of Pakistan", 1998 O.U.P., Karachi.

#### HISTORY OF MUSLIM RULE IN SOUTH ASIA PART-II (4<sup>th</sup> Year) (1526 AD - 1857 AD) (Rise and Fall of Mughals)

## 1. Original Sources

An outline of basic original sources of the period.

## 2. South Asia at the advent of Mughals

Socio-Political conditions of South Asia at the eve of Mughal invasion, Causes of the advent.

## 3. Z ahir-ud-Din Muhammad Babur

His early life; invasion on South Asia, First battle of Panipat, foundation of Mughal rule, defeat of Rajputs; His character and personality as a Literary man, as a Statesman and as a General.

#### 4. N aseer-ud-Din Muhammad Humayun

His early life, his difficulties after accession, early expeditions, defeat at the hands of Sher Shah Suri. Causes of his failure. His exile in Persia and recapture of Delhi. His character and estimates.

#### 5. S her Shah Suri and the establishment of Sur dynasty

His early life, capture of throne and conquests, his reforms; Administration and public works. His achievements as a ruler; successors of Sher Shah and the end of Sur dynasty.

#### 6. J alaluddin Muhammad Akbar

His early life, accession to throne, second battle of Panipat; Bairam Khan and his downfall; Petticoat government; conquests in the north and the Rajput policy; penetration in the south and Deccan policy; Religious trends and his Religious policy; Din-e-Ellahi. Administration, Mansabdari system; his Land revenue systems. His character and achievements.

#### 7. Nuruddin Muhammad Jahangir

His accession; Khusru's revolt; conquests in the North and South. Noor Jehan and her marriage with Jahangir; her ascendancy; Qandhar question; revolts of Prince Khurram and Mahabat Khan. His character and estimates. Patronage towards painting.

#### 8. Shahabuddin Muhammad Shah Jehan

His early life, marriage with Mumtaz Mahal, his accession to throne, golden period of the Mughal Rule. His central Asian Policy; Deccan Policy. War of succession between his sons; causes of the success of Aurangzeb and the failure of Dara Shikoh. His character and achievements as an architect King.

#### 9. Mohiyuddin Muhammad Aurangzeb Alamgir

His early life, accession and theory of kingship; His military expeditions, Rajput Policy, Deccan Policy, His policy towards Marhatas and Sikhs, his religious policy. His character and achievements.

#### 10. Period of Decadence: later Mughals

Causes of the decline of the Mughal Empire, Rise of European powers in India, Invasion of Nadir Shah of Iran and Ahmad Shah Abdali of Afghanistan.

#### 11. Growth of Independent Principalities

Punjab, Bengal, Ouadh, Deccan, and Mysore.

#### 12. Socio-cultural and Economic conditions under the Mughals

a. Contributions in the field of Art, Architecture and Literature;

b. Society; Commerce; Industry; and Economic Developments.

#### 13. Religious Movements

"Mahdavi" movement; Muslim Tasawwaf, Qadria and Naqshbandia order; Hazrat Mujaddid Alf-i-Sani and his services towards revival of Islam. Shah Waliullah and his contributions. Faraizi Movement.

#### Suggested Readings.

1. S.M. Ikram, History of Muslim Civilization in India and Pakistan.

2. S.M. Ikram, History of Muslim Rule in India.

- 3. Syed Abdul Qadir, History of Indo-Pak.
- 4. Prof. Zubair, History of Indo-Pak.
- 5. I.H. Qureshi, The Administration of Mughal Empire.
- 6. Sir Wolseley Haig, The Cambridge History of India.
- 7. I.H. Qureshi, The Muslim Community of the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent.
- 8. I.H. Qureshi, A short history of Pakistan, Vol.III.
- 9. Sh. Rashid, "Later Muslims"
- 10. Islam R. "Sufism in South Asia" 2002, OUP, Karachi
- 11. Khan, Gulfishan, "Indian Muslims Perception of the West

#### **Option - III**

#### HISTORY OF PAKISTAN MOVEMENT PART-I (3<sup>rd</sup> year) (1857 AD - 1947 AD)

#### 1. Concept of History

Definition, Methodology, and relations of the discipline of History with other social sciences

#### 2. The War of Independence 1857 AD

Its causes, events, and impacts. Failure of the War of Independence and its effects especially on the Muslims. Early constitutional developments.

#### 3. Sir Syed Ahmad Khan and the Aligarh Movement

Sir Syed Ahmad Khan and the Aligarh Movement. His Social, Political, Educational, and Religious contributions to the Muslims of South Asia. Urdu – Hindi controversy and the Two Nation Theory.

# 4. Religious & Educational Movements and Institutions of the Muslims

Dar-ul-Aloom Deoband, Tehrik-i-Mujahudeen, Hur Movement, Tehrik-i-Rashmi Romal, Nadva-Tul-Aulama Lucknow, Anjuman Himayat -i-Islam, Muhammadan literary society Bengal, Sindh Madrasa-tul-Islam Karachi, and Islamia College, Peshawar.

#### 5. Hindu Revivalist Movements

Arya Samaj, Barhamo Samaj, Theosophical society, Rama Krishana Mission.

#### 6. Indian National Congress

Formation of Indian National Congress, Indian Council Act-1892, limitations and impact on Mulsims.

#### 7. Syed Ameer Ali

His early life, Central Muhammadan Association. His services for the Muslims of South Asia.

#### 8. Urdu Defence Movement

Urdu Defence Movement, Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk and Nawab Viqar-ul-Mulk and the formation of Muhamadan Political Organization.

#### 9. Partition of Bengal- 1905

Partition of Bengal, its causes, Swadeshi Movement and revitalization of Hindu nationalism and its impact on Muslims. Hindu reaction to

partition of Bengal and its Annulment.

# 10. Formation of All India Muslim League - 1906

Simla Deputation and its proposals. Formation of Muslim League, its objectives and evolution.

## 11. Minto - Morley Reforms 1909

Salient features of Minto - Morley Reforms of 1909.

## 12. Hindu Muslim Unity

Lucknow Pact 1916, Rowlatt Act, Jalianwala Bagh Tragedy, Ali Brothers and the Khalifat Movement, M.K. Gandhi. Tehrik-i-Tarak-i-Mawalat. Movement for the separation of Sindh from the Bombay Presidency.

# 13. Dyarchy system and its failure

The Government of India Act-1919, Dyarchy and its failure.

# 14. The Constitutional Developments upto 1935

Delhi Proposals, Simon Commission, Nehru Report, Quaid-i-Azam's Fourteen points. Allama Iqbal's Allabad address of 1930, Simon Commission Report, The first, second and third round table conferences in London, Communal Award and Poona Pact.

## 15. Government of India Act- 1935

The introduction of Government of India Act-1935, its salient features and impacts on India.

# 16. Congress Ministries

General Elections of 1937, Formation of Congress Ministries in various provinces of India and their attitude towards Muslims, Pirpur report, Sharif report, C.P. mey congressi raj (Hakim Asrar Ahmad report)

## 17. Demand for separate Muslim state

Kheri Brothers proposals – 1917, Ch. Rahmat Ali's proposals of 1933, Sindh Provincial Muslim League demand of 1938 for separate Muslim state.

## 18. The Demand for Pakistan: 1940-47

Lahore Resolution -1940, August offer, Cripp's proposal of 1942, Quit India Movement – 1942, Ghandhi Jinnah talk –1944, Wavell plan –1945 and the Simla conference, General Elections of 1945-46, Cabinet Mission Plan-1946, Direct Action Day, Formation of Interim Government, London meeting of December 1946, Mr. Attlee's announcement of February –1947, Lord Mountbattern and June 3rd Plan, Indian Independence Act.-1947, Radcliffe Award, Emergence of Pakistan as a sovereign Muslim state.

## 19. Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah

His life and services for the cause of Pakistan.

# Suggested Readings:

1. I.H. Qureshi, The Struggle for Pakistan.

- 2. Ch. Muhammad Ali, Emergence of Pakistan.
- 3. Jamil-ud-Din Ahmad, Early Phase of struggle for Pakistan.
- 4. Jamil-ud-Din Ahmad, Middle phase of struggle for Pakistan.
- 5. Jamil-ud-Din Ahmad, Final phase of struggle for Pakistan.

6. Muhammad Saleem Ahmad, The All India Muslim League upto 1919 A.D.

7. K.K. Aziz, Making of Pakistan.

## 8. Waheed-uz-Zaman, Towards Pakistan.

9. I.H. Qureshi, A short history of Pakistan Vol.IV.

10. Khalid bin Sayeed, Formative Phase.

11. Stanely Walpert, Jinnah of Pakistan.

12. Abdul Hameed, Muslim Separation in India.

#### HISTORY OF PAKISTAN PART-II (4<sup>th</sup> year)

# 1947A.D. ---- 2000 Á.D.

# 1. Early period

Introduction and Background of Pakistan. Early difficulties and problems with especial emphasis on Kashmir issue and Canal Water dispute. Quaid-i-Azam as Governor General.

#### 2. Political and Constitutional Development: Formative phase (1947-58)

The objective Resolution 1949, Basic principles committee's report, Muhammad Ali Bogra's Formula, Dissolution of the first Constituent Assembly, Formation of one unit, constitution of 1956, its main features.

## 3. Military rule: (1958-1971)

The Basic democracy, the constitution of 1962, its working and failure. Ayub Khan's Regime; growth of Industrialization, Agricultural reforms, Indo-Pakistan War 1965.

Yahya Khan's regime, his Legal Frame Work Order, General elections of 1970, Awami Leagues six points programme, the political crises, Indo-Pak War 1971, causes for the Separation of East Pakistan, Fall of Dhaka.

# 4. Revival of Democracy in Pakistan (1972-77)

Z.A. Bhutto's regime, Policies, reforms 1973 Constitution and its first seven Amendments

Failure of Parliamentary Democracy in Pakistan, circumstances leading to the imposition of Martial Law in 1977.

## 5. Military Rule: (1977-88)

Zia-ul-Haq's policies and efforts at the Islamization of Laws. Restoration of Parliamentary system, Referendum, Elections of 1985. RCO and the 8th Amendment, Junejo's Ministry, Dissolution of the Assembly,

# 6. Restoration of Democratic Governments

Constitutional Amendments.

The functioning of Democratic Governments and their failure.

# 7. Political Parties

Pakistan Muslim League, Awami League, Jamat-i-Islami, Jamiat-ul-Islam, Jamiat-ul-Ulama-e-Pakistan, National Awami Party, Pakistan Peoples Party.

#### 8. Vested Interest Groups

Feudals, Sectarian Parties, Military and Civil Bureaucracy, Ethnicity.

## 9. Economic Development

Land Reforms; Industrial Development, Nationalization Denationalization and Privatization.

## 10. Foreign Policy

Basic principles of Pakistan's Foreign Policy.

Relations with immediate neighbours: India, Afghanistan, Iran, China and Central Asia.

Relations with Muslim World: Saudi Arabia, Turkey, Iraq and Indonesia, Malaysia.

Relations with Super Powers: U.S.A., Russia, Defense Pacts: SEATO,

CENTO, Economic Pacts: RCD, ECO, SAARC, OIC.

Relations with the European Union.

Pakistan's Stand on War against Terrorism.

## 11. Human Rights in Pakistan

Human Rights, Gender Issue, child Labour, Minorities

## Suggested Readings.

- 1. I.H. Qureshi, A Short Histroy of Pakistan.
- 2. Khalid bin Saeed, The Political System of Pakistan.
- 3. G.W. Chaudhry, Constitutional Development in Pakistan.
- 4. Inaytullah, Economic Problems of Pakistan.
- 5. S.M. Burke, Foreign Policy of Pakistan.
- 6. Safdar Mahmood, Pakistan: History and Politics.
- 7. Ayub Khan, Friends not Masters.
- 8. Rafiq Afzal, Political Parties in Pakistan.
- 9. Hasan Askari, Military & Politics in Pakistan.
- 10. Lawrence Ziring, Pakistan in the 20th Century.
- 11. Stanly worlpert, Zulfi Bhutto of Pakistan.
- 17. Jalal, Ayesha "The Sole Spokesman".
- 18. " " "Sovereignty and the Self"
- 19. Ziring, L. "Ayub Khan Era"
- 20. Ali, Shaukat "Pakistan A Religin Political History".

	Islamic History Part-I		
شجل نعمانی (الفارو <b>ق</b> )	شلی نعمانی (سرت النبی <del>تلاق</del> یه حصرا <b>ول</b> )		
معیداحمدا کبرآبا دی(عثان ذوالنورین، حصہاول)	على محسن صديقي (الصديق أكبرآبا دى، قرطاس كراچى ٢٠٠٠ )		
مولاما شاهيين الدين ودي (تاريخ اسلام)	الم جيرا اجود دکا( تا رج ً الامت )		
Islamic History Part-II			
	History of Abbasides		
شيلي تعماني (الماسون )	معين الدينية وک( تا دنجُ اسلام حصر اول يتم تا چهادم) بخطم گُڑ ه		
اكبر تجيب آبا دى (نا رن الملام)	حسن ايرا بيم حسن (مسلمانوں كالقم مملكت)		
	أملم جيرا فجو دركا (تا رج الامت)		
Muslim Rule In Spain			
آدڈ زکی (عبرت ماحدا یکس) ترجیہ بحنایت اللہ	ریاست کل مدوک ( ثاریخ امدلس ) حصہ اول چشتل بک فاؤ مدیشن کراچی		
ادار التحقيقات اسلاميه (اندلس کی اسلاک میراث )اسلام آباد	فالكوكصيراحها صر(نا ديخ جسيديه )		
معین الدین یدوی (نا رخ اسلام حصہ دوم ) تظلم گڑھ	مصری (مج الطبیب); جد شکیل الرحمن تک کر ۱۹۳		
History of Muslim rule in South Asia Part-I			
تا ده جند (تمدن مندم اسلامی اثر ات)	يجيا تجد (نا رَبِّ إِكْتَان)		
T بی ایج قرمیش (ملطوب دیلی) کالقم ونس ) مترجم بلال احد زمیری	منى المح قر كميني (يو فيربا ك ومندكى ملي المادميه ) مترجم بال المحد ديرى		
History of Muslim rule in South Asia Part-II			
لمك محمنا ع (زوال سلطوب مغلبه) پېلشر مکتبه حریت لا بور	حلاج الدين عبدالرجن (بزم تيوديه)		
اليم اكم ام (دودكور)	لواکٹر میا دک <b>ے کل</b> (مغل دربا ر)		
	ڈاکٹر مبادک <b>تلی ( آخر کام</b> رر مغلبہ کا ہندوستان )		
History of Pakistan Movement Part-I			
یشخ محمد فیق (نا ریح با کستان )	صن دياض سيد (بإكثان باكَرْمِيظَا)		
محرعبدالله ملك(تا رُبِّع بإكستان) ۱۹۵۳–۱۹۵	چەبدى كىمىتكى (ظىم دىياكىتان )		
	ڈاکٹر صن عسر کی رضو کی مہو وغیر افور (تحریک با کستان )		
History of Pakistan Movement Part-II			
صغدد محود (بإكتان، سيا ست ونا رخ)	چوبددی جمکی (ظهو دیاکستان )		
صغدر محمود (مسلم لیک کا دو ریکارس)	یشخ محمد فیق (۲ ریٹ کم کرمتان )۲۰۱۲ میں ۱۹۸۸		
مېدى صن (بإكتان كاميا كاجماعتيں)	محمة عبدهاند لمك (٢ رَرَّع لم كَسْتَان)		
	نو راجعہ ( مارشل لا ءے مارشل لا ہ <i>تک</i> )		

#### 76

# Islamic Education

احاديث عن ابي سعيد الحدري عن رسول الله صلعم قال من راي منكم منكرا فليغيره بيده فان لـم يستطع فبلسانه فان لم يستطع فبقلبه و ذالك اضعف الايمان (رواه مسلم) ۲- عن عبدالله بن عمر قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه و سلم الا كلكم راع و كلكم نا مسئول عن رعيته فالامام الذي على الناس راع و هو مسئول عن رعيته و الرجل راع على اهل بيته و هو مسئول عن رعيته و المرآة راعية على بيت زوجها و ولده و هي مسئولة عنهم و عبدالرجل راع على مال سيده و هو مسئول عنه الافكلكم راع وكلكم مسئول عن رعيته (متفق غليه) m. اتجاد امت ۱. ۳ اعتصموا بحبل الله جميعا . . . لعلكم تهتدون آل عمران: ۳. ۱ الحجرات: ١٠ ۲- انما المؤمنون اخوة . . . ترحون آل عمران: ۳۲ سي قل يا اهمل الكتلب . . . مسلمون الانعام : ١٠٩ ۸- و لا تسبو الذين . . . يعملون احاديث ر- عن انس قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم والذي نفسي بيده لا يؤمن عبد حي يحب لا خيبه ما يحب لنفسه - (متفق عليه) ٢- عن النعمان بن بشير قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه و سلم ترى المؤمنين في تراحمهم و توادهم و تعاطفهم كمثل الحبسد اذا شتكي عضو تداعي له سائر الحسد بالسهر و الحمي ( ستفق عليه ) Usta man all طه ۱- کلوا سن طيبت . . . فقد هوي A1 : الاعراف : ٣٢ ۲- قبل من حرم . . . يعلمون ٣- و لا تأكلوا . . . تعلمون البقره : ۱۸۸ احاديث ١- عن النعمان بن بشير قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم الحلال بين و الحرام بين و بينهما مشتبهات لا يعلمهن كثير من الناس فمن اتقى الشبهات فقد استبرا لديند و عرضه و من وقع في الشبهـات وقع أفي الحرام كالراعي يرعي هول الحمي يوشك أن يرتع فیه الا و ان لکل ملک حمّی الا وان حمی الله محارسه الا و ان فی الجسد مضغة اذا صلحت صلح العبسد و اذا فسدت فسد الجسد كلمه الاوهى القلب (متفق عليه)

- عن ابي «ريره قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه و سلم أن الله تعالى طبب لا يقبل الأطيبا و ان الله تعالى امر المؤمنين بما امر به المرسلين فقال تعالى يايهـاالرسل كلوا من الطيبت واعملوا صالحا و قال تعالى: يايها الذين امنوا كلوا من طيبت مارز قنكم ثم ذكر الرجل يطيل السفر اشعث اغبر يمد يديه الا السماء يا رب يا رب و سطعمسه حسرام و مشربیه حسرام و ملبسه حرام و غذی بالحرام فانی یستجاب لذلک \_ (رواه مسلم) -- حقوق العباد Li herri <sub>1</sub>۔ بنیادی انسانی حقوق i barrest حان کا تحفظ المائده: ٣٢ من اجل ذالک . . . Laure (ب) ملکیت کا تحفظ - 19: elmil یا یهاالذین . . . بکم رحیما (ج) عزت کا تحفظ الحجرات: ١٢ يا يها الذين . . . تواب رحيم (د) البقره: ٢٥٦ لا اكراه في الدين . . . عليم (ح) حق مساوات يا يها الناس \_ حبيراً الحجرات: ١٣ (خ) معاشى تحفظ والذين في اسوالهم - - - - المحروم Tr-To : Elial (ل) ۔ اہلی**ت ک**ی بنیاد پر مواقع کے حصول کا حق النساء : ٨٥ ان الله يأمركم ان ـ ـ ـ ـ بصيراً م \_ حصبول انصاف كا حق : يايها الذين امنوا ـ ـ ـ ـ خبيراً النساء : ١٣٠ م- حقوق نسوان النحل : ٢٩ ۱- سن عمل \_ \_ \_ \_ یعملون الاحزاب : ٣٠ ٢- ان المسلمين - - - عظيماً ۳- للرجال نصیب - - - مفروضاً ۸ - غیر مسلموں سے تعقات : د : داستا ۱- لاينهكم الله - - - الظلمون 9-1 : discienal ٢- وإن جنحوا للسلم ---- العليم الانفال: ٦١

#### **Ethical Behaviour** (in Lieu of Islamic Studies (for Non Muslim Students.)

#### **Ethical Behaviour:**

- 1. Meaning and Scope of Ethics.
- 2. Relation of Ethics with
  - a) Religion b) Science c) Law

## 3. Historical Development of Morality:

- a. Instinctive Moral Life
- b. Customary Morality
- c. Reflective Morality

## 4. Moral Theories:

- a. Hedonism (Mill)
- b. Intuitionism (Butler)
- c. Kant's Moral Theory

## 5. Moral Ethics and Society:

- a. Freedom and Responsibility
- b. Tolerance
- c. Justice
- d. Punishment (Theories of Punishment)

## 6. Moral Teachings of Major Religious.

- a. Judaism
- b. Christianity
- c. Islam

## 7. Professional Ethics

- a. Medical Ethics
- b. Ethics of Students
- c. Ethics of Teachers
- d. Business

## 8. Islam's attitude towards Minorities

#### **Books Recommended:**

- 1. William Lille. An Introduction to Ethics. London Methuen & Co.
- 2. Titus, H.H. Ethics in Theory and Practice' N.Y. Thomas Y. Crowel.
- 3. Hill, Thomas, Ethics in Theory and Practice N.Y. Thomas Y.Crowel.
- 4. Ameer Ali, S. The Ethics of Islam Culture: Noor Library Publisher.
- 5. Donaldson. D.M.Studies in Muslim Ethics London.
- 6. Sayed S.M.A.(Tr) Ta' aruf-e-Akhlaqiat. Karachi. BCC&T, Kar. University.

نصاب كاخاكه paper -I (3rd year) کل نمبر ۱۰۰ ا۔ مطالعةر أن حکيم تعارف يفسير 1+ متن قرآن حکيم ٣. قرآن حکيم کاموضوعاتي مطالعه ٣. عربی گرائمر معروضی سوال 10 10 نصاب كي تفصيل ا\_ تعارف تغسير: تفسیر کامعنی دمنہ دوراں کی ضرورت داہیت تفسیر کی اقسام (تفسیر بالما تور تفسیر بالرائے)تفسیر قرآن مجید کے مآخذ، قرآن مجيد، عديث نبون يظينة ، صحابه كرام من العينَ فتر آن مجيد كاديكر كتب ساديه سے موازنه ، ۲\_ متن قرآن حکیم (لفظی ترجمہ وتشریح) سورة البقرة ( أخرى بين ركوع ) سورة النور ( مكمل ) ای جصے میں بندرہ مندرہ نمبر دن پرشتل ہرسورۃ ہے ترجمہ فضلی پا با محاورہ امتحان میں آئے گا۔ س. موضوعاتی مطالعة (آن مجید (i) \_ سورة البقرة ك\_مندرية. زمل عنوامات: قصاص وديت ،جرمت خمر وميسر ءايلا ء،طلاق خلقى عدت، رفاعت، مهر ءانفاق في سبيل الله ،جرمت ريوا، جها دفي سبيل الله ، مہلت دحرمت کے سال، وحدانیت، (ii)- سورة النور کے مندرجہ زمل عنوانات: صفات البحل ،حدودالله (حدزما،حد فتذف )لعان،واقعه افل،الباغيات كااسلامي تصور، (اعشاعت فخش كامخالفت )احكام برده، استيذان،اطاعت رسول يكين مجلس نبوك يتكانته بحسر آداب حكومت الله كاقيام جسن معاشرت، مذ يهب كي ايميت، فساد في الارض كي شكيس-

# BA(4<sup>th</sup> Year)

نصاب كي تفصيل paper II (for 4th year ) -21 عديث من اف فقد سرة التي يتباية وتاريخ اسلام تعارف حديث جميت حديث: (منكرين حديث كحاعتراضات كالمختصر حائزه) حفاظت حدیث: عبد نبوی عبد صحابه کرام اورعبد تا جعین - (تمام ادداریزی صرف ایک جامع - وال بى يو جماجات گا-تعارف فقهر -2 مندرد فل وانات: ما خذشرايت: ( كتاب - منت - اجماع - قياس) تمام ما خذير بن صرف ايك جان سوال بي إو يها -826 عصر حاضريين اجتهادكي غيرورت دابميت \_ مطاورهديث \_3 عَنِ أَبْنِ عُمَر لَا حَسَدَ إِلاَ عَلَى إِنَّنِينَ رَجُلُ أَتَاهُ اللهُ الْقُوْ أَنْ فَهُو يَقُومُ به أَنَاء لَلْتِل رَ أَنَاء الديبار وروجل اتاه الله مالا فهو ينفق وند أناء اللَّيل و أناء النَّهار ....... (رواه البخاري: مسلم) عَنْ أَنْسِ قَالَ قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ تُلْتُ مَنْ كُنْ فِيهِ وَجَد جَادُوهُ الإِيمَانِ ان يكون الله ورسولة أحبّ إليه مِمّا سواهما وأن يَجب المرع لا يجنه إلا لله وأن يكره أن عَنْ صَفُوانِ بْنُ سَلَّيْم ٱللَّهِ وَلَى إِنَّ سُول اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمُ أَيْكُونَ الْمُؤْمِنُ جَهُدًا قَالَ نعم فقدل لد أيكون المؤمن برخيلا قال ومم فقدل لد أيكون المؤمن كذابًا قال لأ ...... (رواه مالك-البديمةى في شعب الايمان مريلا) عَنْ أَبِي هُوَيْرَةَ أَنَّ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالُ لا يُزْنِي الزَّابِي رَحِين يَزْرَبِي وَهُو مَوَمَنْ وَلا يَسْرَقُ السَّارِقُ جَنْ يُسْرِقُ وَهُوَ مُوْمِنَ وَلا يَشْرُبُ الْحُمْرِ جَن يَسْرُبُهَا وَهُوَ مُوْمِنَ فَلا يَسْبَعُبُ فَهِمْ يَرْفَعُ النَّاسُ الَيْهِ فَيْهَا أَبْصَارَهُمْ جَنِ يَسْتَهُمُ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنُ وَلا يَعْلَ ره طور در روز هم طرط مرجع بر شرط می مود. استار کم جنین یعل و هو مورض فایا کم ایا کم ..... عَنْ عَبْدِ الله بْن عُمْر قَالَ رَجُلُ كَمَا نَتِي اللَّهِ مَنْ أَكْبِهِ النَّاسِ وَاحْزُمُ النَّاسِ قَالَ أَكْرُهُمْ دِحْراً لِلْمُوْتِ أَكْثُرُهُمْ إِسْتِعْدَادا أولَئِكَ الأَكْيَاسُ ذَهَبُوا بِشُرُفِ الدَّنْيَا وَكُوامَةِ الأَجْرَةِ

86

عَنْ عَمرو بْنِ عُوْفِر قَالَ قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فَوَاللَّهِ لا لفقر الخشح عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَكُنْ أَخْشَى عَلَيْكُمُ أَنْ تَبْسَطُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّذَيَا كَمَا بَسِطَتَ عَلَى مَن كَان قَبْلَكُمْ فَتَنَا فسوها كماتنا فسوها و تهاكم كما أهلكتم ..... عَنْ أَنَّسِ أَنَّ النَّبِيَّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ مَنْ كَانَتْ رَبِّيَّةً طَلَبَ الْأَخِرَة جَعَلَ اللَّهُ عِناهُ رفي قلبه كر جمع له شمله واتنه الدنيا وهي راغمة ومن كانت نيته طلب الدنيا جعل الله مرابع مريزة قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه، وسلم لا تعيطن فاجرًا بنتيمة فأنك لا عن ابني مريزة قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه، وسلم لا تعيطن فاجرًا بنتيمة فأنك لا تدريح الماهو لأق بعد موتد إن له عند الله قاتلا لا يدوت يعنى النار عن التي هويرة قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم إذا نظر احد كم إلى من فصل عل ابني هريرة ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم قال ثلث منجيات و ثلث مهلكات عل ابني هريرة ان رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم قال ثلث منجيات و ثلث مهلكات فاما المنجيات فتقوى الله في السرو العلانية والقول بالحق في الرضاء و السخط والقصد في الغناء والفقر و أما المهلكات فهوى متبع و شخ مطاع و راعجاب المرء بنفسه و هي .. (رواه الدبيه بقى في شعب الايمان) حَتَّى يَسْئَالُ عَنْ حَمْسٍ عَنْ عَمْرٍ هِ فِيما أَفْنَاهُ وَعَنْ شَبَابِهِ فِيما أَبُلَاهُ وَعَنْ مَالِمٍ مِنْ أَيْنَ احْتَسِبَهُ و فيها انفقة، و ماذا عمل فيما علم عن أبي هريرة قال قال رسول المصلى الله علي وسلم من ياخذ عنى هو لاء الكلمات فيعمل بهن او يعلم من يعمل بهن؛ قلت أنا يا رسول الله بني فاخذ بيارى فعد خمسا فقال رتق المحارم تكن أعبد الناس وارض بما قسم الله لك تكن أغنى الناس و أحسن إلى جارك تكن هو منا واحب للناس ماتجب لنفسك تكن مسلما ولا تكثر الفيسحك فإن كثرة (رواه احمد والتريدي) الضحك تعيت القلب عَنْ حَدَيْفَة قَالَ قَالَ رُسُولُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَمَ لا تَكُونُوا أَمْعَة تَقُولُون إِن احسن المار المسلم وإنْ طَلْمُوا ظَلْمُنَا وَلَكُنْ وَطِنُوا انفُسَكُمُ إِنَّ أَحْسَنَ النَّاسُ إِنَّ تَحْسَنُوا وَرَانَ 

87

الله صلى الله عليه وسلم المنبر فنادى بصوت رفيع يا مَنْ أَسْلَمُ بِلِسَانِهِ وَلَمْ يُفْضِى الإِيمَانَ إِلَى قَلْبِهِ لا تَوَذَّوُا الْمُسْلِمِينَ وَلا تَبْعِرُوهُم وَلا مُوراتِهِم قَانَهُ مَنْ يَتَبِعُ عَوْرَةَ أَخِيهِ الْمُسْلِمِ يَتَبِعِ اللَّهُ عَوْرَتَهُ وَمَنْ يَتَبِعِ اللَّه عورتَهُ تتبعوا عوراتهم قانه من يتبع صحة ولو في جوف رحمله منه ولو في جوف رحمله عن سهل بن سعد قال قال رسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم من يضمن لي مابين لحييه ..... (رواه الترمدى) يفضحه وَلَوْ فِي جُوفٍ رَحما (رواه الناري) ومابين رجليا اضمين لا ال عَنْ سَلَمُانَ قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمُ إِنَّ رَبَّكُمْ حَتَّى كَرِيمْ يَسْ L عبله إذا رفع يديد أن يردهما صفرا (رواه ابنخاري د مسلم) صلاحها نهى البائع والمشترى ..... ورفى رواية لمسلم نهاى عن بيع النخل حتى تزهو عن السنبل حتى يبيض ويامن لعاهة عَنْ أَبِى هُرُيْرَةَ أَنَّ رُسُولُ اللهِ صَلَى الله عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَمَ مُرَّ عَلَى صَبْرَةٍ طَعَامٍ فَادْخُلَ يده فِيها يبينه لم يَزُلُ فِي مَقْتِ اللَّوْ وَلَمْ تَزَلِ الْمَلْكِ لَهُ تَلْعَنَّهُ (رواه المن ماجه) عَنْ عَلِي قَالَ نَهْلى رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ عَنْ بَيْعِ الْمُضْطَرَّ وَعَن بَيْع الْغُرُدِ وَعَنْ بَيْعِ التَّمَرَةِ قَبْلُ أَنْ تُدُرِكَ ..... (رواه الدراؤر) عَنْ أَبِى سَعِيْدٍ قَالَ قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ التَّجْرِ الصَّدَوْق الأمين مَ النبيتين والصيديقين والشهكار ...... (رواه الزندى والدارى والدار قطني ورواه اين ماجه.

عَنْ أَبِي هُوَيْرَة أَنَّ وَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ لا تُلَقَّوْا الرّ كَبَّانَ لِبَيْع وَلا يَبْ بَعُضُكُمْ عَلَى بَيْعِ بَعُضِ وَلَا تَنَاجَشُوْا وَلَا يَبِعُ حَاضِرُ لِبَادٍ وَلَا تُصُرُّوا الْإِبِلَ وَالنَسَمَ قَمَنِ ابْتَا عَهَا بَعُدَ ذَالِكَ فَهُوَ بِتَحْيَرِ النَّظَرِيْنِ بَعْدَ أَنْ يُتَحْلِبَهَا إِنْ رَضِيَهَا أَمْسَكُها وَإِنْ عَنْ عُمَرَ عَنِ النَّبِي صِلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ الْجَالِبُ مُرُزُوقٌ وَالْمُحْتِكِرُ مُلْمُون مَ (اين ماجه- داري) عَنْ أَبِي هُوَيْرَة رُفْعَه إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَزَّو جَلَ يقول أَنا تَالِثُ الشَّرِيكَيْنِ هَالَم يُحْنَ أَحَدُهما صَاحِبه فاذا خانه خرجت بينهما .... بِعَدْ حَقِه حُسِفَ بِهِ يَوْمُ الْقِيَامَةِ إِلَى سَبْع ارْضِيْنَ عَنْ أَبِي هُرُيْرِهِ قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ كَسَلَمَ مَامِنَ مُسَلِم يَغْرِسُ غُرْسًا أَوْ يَرْرَحْ زَرْعًا فَيَا كُلْ مِنْهُ طَيْرًا أَوْ إِنْسَانَ أَوْ بَهْيَمَةً إِلَا كَانَ لَهُ صَلَفَة ...... (رواه الخارى ومسلم) عَنْ أَبِي سَعِيْدٍ قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ أَفْضَلُ الْجِهَادِ مَنْ قَالَ كَلِمَةً حُقٍّ الْمُسْلِمِ فِيهُا احْبَ وَكُرِهُ مَالَمَ يُؤْمَرُ بِمَعْصِية فِآذَا أُمِرَ بِمُعْصِية فَلا سَمْعُ وَلا طَاعَة ...... عَنْ تَحَرِيُم ابْنَ فَاتَكَ قَالَ صَلَّى رَسُولُ اللَّهِ عَلَى وسِلَم صَلُوةَ الصَّبْح فَلَما انْصَرَفَ قَامَ قَائِمًا فَقَالَ عُدِلَتُ شَهَادَةُ الزَّوْرِ بِالْإِشْرَاكِ بِاللَّهِ ثَلْتُ مَرَّاةٍ ثُمَّ قَرُا فَاجْتَبُوا الرِّجْسَ مِنَ الاوثان واجتيبوا قول الزور حنفاء لله غير مشرركين ب

89

وَعَنْ عَبْدِاللَّهُ بْنِ مَسْعودٌ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ "عَلَيكُم بِالصِّدُق فَإِنَّ الصَّدِقَ يَهْدِي إِلَى الْبُرْ، وَإِنَّ الْبُرْ يَهْدِي إِلَى الْجُنَةِ، وَمَا يَزَالُ الرَّجْلِ يَصَدَقَ وَيَتَحَرَّى الصدق حتى يحتب عِند الله صديقًا ورايا حم والكِذَب فإنَّ الكِذب يهدى إلى الفجور ورانً الفجور يَهْدِي إلى النَّارِ، وَمَا يَزَالُ الرَّجْلَ يَكْذِبُ وَ يُتَحَرّى الْكِذْبُ حَتّى يُكْتَبَ عَبْدَاللُّهُ كَذَاباً وفِي رَوَايَةِ الْمُسْلَمِ قَالَ: إِنَّ الصَّدْقَ بِرُّ وَإِنَّ الْبَرْ يَهْدِي إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ وَإِنَّ الْكِذَبَ فَجُوْرٌ وَإِنَّ الْفُجُورَ يَهْدِي إِلَى النَّارِ. وَعَنْ أَمْ كَلْقُوْمُ قَالَتْ: قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ " لَيْسُ الْكُذَابُ الذي يصلح مدر الله و يقول خيراً و ينهى خيراً. بين مسرق ويمون عير ويعرى عرب وعن المغيرة، قال رُسُولُ الله صلى الله عليه وسلم: "إنَّ الله حَرْم عَلَيكُمْ عَقَوْق دور الامهات وواد البنات، ومَنْعُ وَهات و حَرِهَ لَكُمْ قِيلَ وَ قَالَ، وَ كَثْرَة السَّوَالِ، وَإِضَاعَة مَن النعمان بَن بَشْيَرٍ، قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولَ اللهِ صَلَى الله عليهِ وَسَلَمَ: تَرَى المؤرنينَ فِي تراجمهم و توادِهم و تعاطِنهم كمثل الجسد إذا اشتكى عُضوًا تداعى له سَائِر الْجَسْدِ بالسَّهْرِ وَالْحُمَى". وَعَنْ أَبِي هُرَيْرُهُ، قَالَ: قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ: "إِياكُمْ وَالظَّنْ فَإِنَّ الظَّنَّ الكذب الحابيث، ولا تحسسوا ولا تجسسوا ولا تناجشوا ولا تحاسدوا، ولا تباغضوا، ولا تداير وأ، وكونوا الله إخوانا. وَعَنْ عَبُدَاللَّهِ بْنِ عُمَرٌ، قَالَ: قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ: "إِنَّ مِنْ أَحَتِكُمُ إِلَى 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, عَنْ أَبِي هُرِيرَةَ قَالَ : قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهُ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيهُ وَسَلَّمَ: "لَيْسُ الشَّدِيدُ بِالصَّرْعَةِ إِنَّمَا الشديد الذي يملك نفسة عنا الغضب". وعنه قال: قَالَ رُسُولُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ: "يَقُولُ اللهُ تَعَالَى: الْجَبْرِيَاءَ رِدَاتِي كوالعُظْمَة إذاري: فَمَنْ نَازَ عَنَّى وَاحِدًا مِنْهَا الدَّحَلَيَّةُ النَّارِ".

عَنْ أَبِى هُوَيْرَة، أَنْ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وُسَلَمَ قَالَ: اتدروْنَ مَا المَفْلِسَ؟ "قَالُوْ: المُفْلِص فِينا مَنْ لا دِرْهُم لَهُ وَلا مَتاع. فَقَالَ: "إِن المَفْلِسَ مِن أُمِّتِي مِن يَاتِي يَوْمُ الْقِيامَةِ ربصَلاةٍ وَ مِيامٍ وَ زَكَاةٍ وَ يَاتِي قَدْشَتُمُ هَذَا وَ قَذَفَ هَذَا، وَاكُلُ مَالُ هَذَا وَ سَفَكَ دُم هذا وَ صَرَبَ هذا فَيْعَطَى هذا مِنْ حَسَنَاتٍ، وَ هذا مِنْ حَسَنَاتٍ، فَانْ فَنِيتَ حَسَنَاتٍ، قَبَلَ انْ يقضى مَا عَلَيه أَجْدُ مِنْ خَطَايًا هُمْ فَطْرِحْتَ عَلَيه ثُمَّ طَرِحَ فِي النَّارِ" و عن انس، قال: قال رُسُول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم "من احب أن يبسط له في رزم وينسأله في أثره، فليصل رحمة ". وُ إِعَنْ عُمَرٌ قَالَ: قَالَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ " لَا تَطُرُونِنَى. كَمَا أَطْرُت النصارى ابن مريم فانما أنا عبده فقولوا \_\_ عبدالله وكشوله؟ عَنْ الَبِي سَعِيْدِ قَالَ قَالَ رُسُولُ اللَّهِ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ ايَّمَا مُسْلِم حَسَبا مُسْلِما تُوْباً عَلَى عَلَى مُوْ حَسَبِهُ مَسْلِما تُوْباً عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى مُوْعَالَ مَا تَوْباً عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى عَلَى مُوْ عَمَدُ اللَّهُ مِنْ عَلَى مُوْ عَلَى عَلَى مُوْ عَلَى عَلَى مُوْ عَلَى عُلَى عَلَى رْ سْمَارِ الْجَنَدَةُ وَ أَيْمًا مُسْلِم سَقًا مُسْلِمًا عَلَى ظَمَا يَسْقَاهُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الرَّجْيَقِ الْمُخْتَوْم.... (١، درد. تردى) تَحْدُ إِنْ عُمَرُ أَنَّ وَشُوْلَ اللَّهُ بِمَتَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ الْمُسْرَامُ أَخْوَا الْمُسْكِامِ لا يَعْلَدُ مَدُولا م يستلمه ومن كان في حاجة أجيد كان الله في حاجته ومن فرج الله مسلم كربة فوج الله عنه كريمة من كرب يوم القيامة ومن ستر مسلما سترة الله يوم القيامة.... (خارى-مسلم) عَنْ أَبِي هُورِيْرَةَ عَنِ النَّبِي يَعْتَى اللَّهِ قَالَ مَا نَقَصَتْ صَدَقَةٌ مِّنْ مَّالٍ وَمَا زَادًا للهُ عُبْدًا بِعَنووالا عزا وما تواضع أحد لله الأرفعة الله.

مطالعهفقه \_4 قد دری کی کتاب الصلوٰ ۃ - ترجمہ وتشریؓ (اب باب کے خااصے پر پنی سوال نہیں بوچھا جائے)۔ قد درى كى كتاب الصلوة مي تمدرجدذيل ابداب خارج كرد في على مي -باب صلوة الكوف دالخوف - باب صلوة الحضف باب النظيم بدباب قيام شحر رمضان -5- سيرت الني يتشقه وناريخ اسلام (الف) نبی اکر مقاللتی کے خصائص دامتیازات: مطالعہ سیر ۃ الثری بایت کی اہمیت۔ دعوت دین میں نبی کر پیمانین کا طریق کارا درمساع خم جمیلہ۔ امن عالم سیرت طیبہ کی روشنی میں ۔ יושיויטין: مبليانوں يردن كراساب دائرات -1 مسلمانوں کے زوال کے اسباب واثرات د در بنوعباس اور جسپانوی مسلمانوں کے رفائطی دفلامی کارنا ہے -2 طب یطبیعیات۔ کیمیا۔ ریاضی ۔ فلکیات میں مسلمانوں کے کارنا ہے۔ ( ان تمام شعبوں پر -3 مبنى سرف ايك جامع سوال بنى يو بهجاجا نے گا۔ الگ الگ شعبہ جات نبيس يو بنھ جا كيس -5

# **BA-Islamic Studies (Optional)**

كل نمبرووا

(الف) قر**آن یا ک**کا تعاد فی مطالعہ **P**4 ا\_حقيقت وحي ۲- بدوین قرآن مجید، عبد رسالت متلک ، عبدصدیتی، عبد عنانی، غیر مسلسوں کی شہاد تیں ٣\_اعجازالقرآن ۴\_عفاظت قر آن مجيد ۵ یکی اور ید نی سورتیں ۲\_القر آن ۵+ سورةالفتح،سورة الحجرات بمعدرٌ جمه وَلَفْسِر کےساتھ (ب) تا ریخ اسلام (خلافت را شده) ۳4 ٤ \_ حضرت بو بکر صدیق کی سیرت وائلی زندگی ، تلام حکومت اورکارنا م ۸ \_ حضر من عمر کی سیر منه، کردار، انتظام سلطنت اورکار ما م ۹\_حضرت عثمان غنى كى سيرت، كردا رافقا م حكومت اوركا رما م +ا\_حضرت على كى زندگى ،كردار،كردار، انتظام سلطنت اوركارنا مع اا \_ خلافت را شد د کی خصوصیات اوراس کے مذہبی اور کا رما ہے

نصاب آيشنل اسلاميات بي-ا -

نوٹ جنگوں کی تفصیلات حارت از نصاب ہیں ۔

#### Journalism(Elective)

	Ma	rks
Part-I	ابلاغ اورسحا فت کی مختلف صورتیں	100
Part-II	محافت كالاضي يورحال	100
Total Marks		200

#### (Syllabi and Courses of Reading) Part-I بغ څورها ف کې تلف مورنگ

ار الارتجادت (الغ ) ابلاغ كما بالل في كما الجميت (-) بال في كاللف الداداورة دائع ٣-چ ب کنارات ابەزان ۳-يىڭار يەدىكىتىس ع)ابا تمام ورال كتلف درائع ا-اخبارات اورد باکل ۲-ریڈیو ۳۰ ٹلواویزن ۲۰ کتب، پمغلٹ، پہٹر ۵ فکم ۲۔جلسہ حائے حام (د) يوغا موركاف كارى ۲\_ مطبوع محافت ---- اخارات و رماکل (اف) مطبوعة حافت كى ايميت اورد مدداريان (ب) طباعت كاموجوده قسام (ع) اخباركاداده كي تنظيم (و) خبرون كے صول كے درائع 6323 W ۳ یخبر کےلوازیات اورخبر کیاقد ار۔ ا فجر کی آخریف ۳ فجر کی صیرت اورزبان (ک) اداریر ۲-جعن ۳-اقهام دراراليب اليقريف اورابحيت A6 (1) التعريف اورابحيت ساقسام سسي مقاصد -2(1) ٢ مصحت ٣ مادر اللوب اليقحر يف اورابحيت ニル/(È) ارابحيت ٢- التخاب اورايد ينك كاصول (ق) مطبوعة كافت كى ايمين اوردمددار إل-۳\_ ويشيع بحسشين ذوليدالل مكتام (ب) ریڈیو اکتان کے حالات حاضرہ کے روگر ام او دخیر یں
(ع) ریڈیو اکتان کے سوئٹ کے روگر ام (اف) ريڈ يوكى ايميت اوركردار (د) ریڈیٹڈ دامد وی ٹیج ز کا تقیدی جائزہ (د) سلکن وا تصادی ترتی میں دیڈیٹو کا کردار (م) اخبار اور ديد يوخرون كافرق ٣- تلى ورص تحسيق ذريع الإراعام (3) تراويةن أرام كاتنقيد كي جائزه (ب) يوى تغيروتر تى من يلوية ن كاكردار (الف) یک اورزن کی ایمیت اوراثر ات (c) ٹیلی دیڑین شجر میں درحالات حاضرہ کے یہ دیگرام (د) ٹیلی دیڑین کے تعلیمی اورتر بڑی یہ دگرام (م) اخبان ریڈیو اور ٹیلی دیڑی ن شروں کافرق ۵\_ زالتا کے قلق استعال: (الف) دونمره ول جالى كانبان (ب) اولى نبان (، ح) على نبان (د) مائنى نبان (د) سحافتى نبان

#### صحافت كاماضي اورحال

#### ا\_طباعت والثمَّاعت:

(الف) دنیاش طباحت و اشاحت کی مختصرتا درج (ب) خبر نوشکاکا آغاز دورارتفاء (ع) امریکدو رطانیه که ابتداتی اخبارات کاجائزه (د) برصفیر ش طباحت او فیر نوشکاکا آغاز ۲\_برمفيرك محافت -- آزادي يقل (الف) يصغير كابتدائى أكريز كاوراددوا خبارات (ب) 1857 وكى بشكة زادى ش سحافت كاكرداد (3) مرسيد اجمدخال كى محافت (د) تحمیل جوهرکی محافت - (س) ظفر علی خان کی محافت (ش) تحریک باکستان میں مسلم اخبارات کا کردار ۳\_محاذت یا کتابی میں۔ (الف) إكتابى سحافت كفنى ارتقاءكاجائزه (ب) تدايان قوى دونا م ---- فى اور معتوى معادكاجائزه (3) تدايان قوى حقت دوز ---- فى اور معتوى معادكاجائزه (د) ندایا قوی محتا مرا اتجست ورتخصیص افت رمال کاجائزه (م) باکتانی اخبادات کار آیافت ممالک کے اخبادات سے موازند ۳\_آزاد که کافت- قوانین اور کوشی روبه (ان ) آزادی سحافت کا تصور ادرای - (ب) سفتن ایج بادد بنس آف اکستان روز کر زمایا بهد (، ) برلس ایند میلید محور رواینش 1963 ، کرایا بهد (c) رجمر يشن آف بيشنك برليس اينديبيكعن آرذي شر 1988ء (ر) محافت پرتخلف انتسام کے دباؤ اراشتهادات ۲-میای وندیجی گروه ۲۰ شعبه ها ی تولقات مامد ۲۰ یوزیز بود وردومر کی مولتون کا فقدان (٧) حکومت اور محافت ----- تعلقات اور کشکش ۵\_محافت کے لیے ضاطرءاخلاق کی شرورت (اف) خابط، واخلاق كى خرورت اورايجيت (ب) باكتان ش خابط، واخلاق كى تارك وراس يرعملدرآ مدكى كوشيش (3) جارى مطبوعد اوراليكثر الك محافت كاموجوده دومداور محافق ضابطه واخلاق ٢-مطبوع محافت اوراليكثر أتك محافت كاموازنه (اف) اخبارات و رمائل، ريد يو اور تركي ويرد فى بطورة رايدابلاغ مام ايميت كالقاتل جائزه (ب) مقابله وسرابقت اور ان ش بو فوالى قرقى وتبديل (٤) تو رضرورتي اور تقاضاوراخبارات و رسائل ديد يواور يلي ويران كاكردار.

#### **JOURNALISM (Optional)**

#### Appendix "A"

Paper: Journalism and Production of Newspaper:

(Outlines of Tests) Marks 100

#### Appendix "B"

(Syllabi and Courses of Reading)

Paper: Journalism and Production of Newspaper:

What is Journalism? Importance of Journalism in relation to society. How a newspaper

is produced, from collection of news upto the preparation of copy Printing, Role of

advertising in the life of a newspaper and society.

Description of the Pakistan Press.

#### **Books Recommended:**

1. Fann-i- Sahafat by Dr.Abdus Salam Khurshid (Relevant Chapters)

كل نمبر: \_ 100 پرچه: صحافت اوراخبار کی اشاعت نصاب

صحافت کیا ہے؟ معاشرتی روابط میں صحافت کی اہمیت، اخبار کی تیاری واشاعت ،خبروں کے حصول تد وین اور اخباری مرحلہ دار تیاری، طباعت داشاعت، صحافت میں اشتہارات کی اہمیت، پاکستانی پر یس کی مختصر تاریخ

> مجوز ه کتب: فن صحافت ڈ اکٹر عبداسلام خورشید (متعلقہ ابواب)

## **MATHEMATICS**

#### **SCHEME OF STUDIES:**

#### FOR /B.Sc

- 1. There shall be three different courses of studies in Mathematics.
  - i) A-Course of Mathematics
  - ii) B-Course of Mathematics
  - iii) General Mathematics.
- 2. Each course will have status of one subject.
- 3. It is recommended that following division be made.
  - 1. A-Course of Mathematics
    - (i) Differential and Integral Calculus
    - (ii) Complex Numbers and Analytic Geometry.
    - (iii) Infinite series, differential equations Laplace transform.
    - (iv) (a) Linear Programming and application of the Differential Calculus
      - (b) Application of the Integral Calculus
  - 2. B-Course of Mathematics
    - (i) Group Theory and Linear Algebra
    - (ii) Vector Analysis and Statics
    - (iii) Number Theory, Topology and Inner Product Spaces
    - (iv) Numerical Methods and Dynamics
  - 3. General Mathematics
    - (i) Complex Number and Linear Algebra
    - (ii) Differential and Integral Calculus
    - (iii) Applications of Differential and Integral Calculus and Analytic Geometry of these dimensions.
    - (iv) (a) Numerical Methods and Infinite Series
      - (b) Linear Programming and Differential Equations

#### **COURSE CONTENTS**

#### <u>B.Sc.</u>

#### A-COURSE OF MATHEMATICS

#### PAPER-I DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 3 from Part-I and 2 from Part-II

#### Section-I (5 out of 8)

#### **Differential Calculus**

A review of real number system. Absolute values. Upper and lower bounds of variables and functions. Right and left limits of functions. Theorems about limits. Continuous and discontinuous functions and their graphs. Inverse of a function. Inverse hyperbolic functions and their graphs. Definition of derivatives in terms of left and right limits. Geometrical interpretation of derivatives. Relationship between continuity and differentiability. Derivatives, Partial derivatives, Differentials and related rates. Higher derivatives of functions. Leibnitz's theorem. Rolle's theorem. Lagrange's mean value theorem Increasing and decreasing functions. Cauchy's mean value theorem Taylors and Maclaurin's theorems in finite and infinite form and their use' in expansion of functions in series. Indetenninate forms and L'Hospital's rule.

#### Section-II (3 out of 8)

#### **Integral Calculus**

Riemann's definition of definite integral as the limit of a sum. Properties of definite integrals. Fundamental theorem of calculus. Techniques of integration and reduction formulae.

#### **Text Book**

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Zia-ul-Haq, Calculus and analytical Geometry, Carvan Book, 2001.
- 2. H. Anton, Calculus. ~ edition (1998). John Wiley and Sons, New York.

- C.H. Edwards and D.E. Penney, Calculus and Analytical Geometry, (Latest Edition). Prentice Hall, Inc.
- E.H. Swokowski, Calculus with Analytical Geometry (Latest Edition). PWS Publishers, Boston, Massachusetts.
- G.B. Thomas, Jr. and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytical Geometry. (Latest Edition). Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.

## (A) <u>PAPER-II</u> <u>COMPLEX NUMBERS AND GEOMETRY</u>

Note: Students have to attempts 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I (3 out of 8)

#### Complex Numbers

Complex numbers and their, polar representation. Euler's formula. De Moivres' theorem and its applications. Trigonometric and hyperbolic functions. Exponential and logarithmic functions'. Separation of complex valued functions into real and imaginary parts. Summation of series.

#### Section-II (5 out of 8)

#### Analytical Geometry

#### **Two-dimensional Analytical Geometry (2 out of 8)**

Translation and rotation of axes. General equation of the second degree and the classification of conic sections. Conic sections in polar coordinates. Tangents and normals. Pedal equation of curves. Tracing of polar curves.

#### Three dimensional Analytical Geometry (3 out of 8)

Direction cosines and ratios. Angles between two lines Standard forms of equations of planes and lines. Intersection of planes and lines. Distances between points, lines and planes. Spherical, polar and cylindrical coordinate systems. Standard form of the equation

of a sphere, cylinder, cone, ellipsoid, paraboloid and hyperboloid. Symmetry, intercepts and sections of a surface. Tangent planes and normals.

#### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Dar, K. H, Mathematical Techniques, The Carvan Book House, 2001.
- 2. Zia ul Haq, Calculus and Analytic Geometry, The Carvan Book House, 2001.
- C.H. Edwards and D.E. Penney, Calculus and Analytical Geometry, (Latest Edition). Prentice Hall, Inc.
- E.H. Swokowski, Calculus with Analytical Geometry (Latest Edition). PWS Publishers, Boston, Massachusetts.
  - 5. H. Anton, Calculus. (Latest Edition). John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- G.B. Thomas, Jr. and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytical Geometry. (Latest Edition). Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.

#### Math- A.Course

## <u>PAPER-III</u> <u>INFINITE SERIES AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS</u>

Note: There will be 8 questions in all. The candidates would be required to attempt 5 questions. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (3 out of 8)

#### **Infinite Series**

Sequences of numbers and their convergence. Algebra of convergent sequences. Infinite series and their convergence. Convergence tests for infinite series: Comparison, quotient, ratio, root & integral tests. Absolute and conditional convergence. Interval of convergence and radius of convergence.

#### Section-II (5 out of 8)

#### **Differential Equations**

Definition of differential equation & types of differential equations and their formation. Different methods of solving first order ordinary differential equations. The Bernoulli, Ricatti and Clairaut equations. Families of curves Orthogonal trajectories. Initial and boundary value problems. Application of first order differential equation in problems of decay & growth of population of dynamics and logistics. Second and higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients and their methods of solutions. Cauchy-Euler equations, system of second order linear differential equations. Method of undetermined coefficient. Method of variation of parameters. Reduction of order. Laplace transform and its applications.

#### PAPER-IV

#### (a) Linear Programming and application of the Differential Calculus

#### (b) Application of the Integral Calculus

#### OR

#### A Computer Language C / C++

Note: This option is withdraw with effect from session 2006-2007 onwards.

Note:Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 3 from section-I and 2 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (5 out of 8)

#### (a) Applications of Differential Calculus 4/5

Curves and their Cartesian, polar and parametric representations. Asymptotes Maxima Minima. Points of infiexion and their applications. Singular points. Curve tracing. Curvature, centre and radius of curvature. Functions of several variables and partial derivatives with special reference to the case of two variables. Eulers theorem and implicit functions. Maximum and minimum of functions of one and two variables with applications. Approximation, Equation of tangent plane and normal line to a surface.

#### (b) Linear Programming 1/5

Introduction to Operations Research in general and in particular to linear programming. Simplex method. Assignment model.

#### Section-II: (3 out of 8)

#### **Application of Integral Calculus:**

Rectification and quadrature. Simple cases of double and triple integrals. Volumes and area of surfaces of revolution.

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. W. A. Spivey Linear Programming, McMillan Co.
- 2. Hamday A. Taha, Operations Research
- 3. Hiller, Introduction to Operations Research
- 4. A. Sultan Linear programming, Academic press.
- 5. Dar, K. H. Mathematical Techniques, Carvan Book House, 2001.

#### **B-COURSE OF MATHEMATICS**

#### PAPER-I GROUP THEORY AND LINEAR ALGEBRA

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I (3 out of 8)

#### **Group Theory**

Definition and examples of groups. Groups of residue classes. Cyclic groups Order of a group and order of an element of a group. Subgroups. Cosets. The Lag ranges theorem (Connection between the order of a group and order of its elements) and its applications. Introduction to Permutations: even and odd permutations. Cydes; length of cycles, transpositions.

Section-II (5 out of 8) Linear Algebra: Fields. Vector spaces and subspaces with their examples. Linear dependence and independence. Bases and dimensions of finitely spanned vector spaces. Linear transformation of vector spaces. Motivation of matrices through a system of linear homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations. Elementary row and column operations on matrices. Algebra of matrices. Determinants of matrices, their properties and evaluation Vanous kinds of matrices. Matrix of a linear transformation. Rank of a matrix. Evaluation of rank and inverse of matrices Solution of homogeneous and nonhomogenous linear equation. (Gaussian Elimination method, Gauss-Jordan Method)

#### **Books Recommended**

- C.H.Edwards, Jr. and D.E. Penny, Elementary Linear Algebra. (Latest Edition). Prentice-Hall, Interational Edition.
- H. Anton, Elementary Linear Algebra, (Latest Edition). J. Wiley. G. Hadley, Linear Algebra. (Latest Edition). Addison-Wesley.

J.B.Fraleigh. First Course in Abstract Algebra. (Latest Edition), Addison and Wesley.

K.H. Dar. First step to Abstract Algebra. (2<sup>nd</sup> edition 1998). Feroz Sons Pvt.

- 3. A. Majeed. Group Theory
- 4. K.L. Mir, Linear Algebra, Ilmi Kutab Khana.

## PAPER-II VECTOR ANALYSIS AND STATICS

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (3 out of 8)

#### **Vector Analysis**

Three dimensional vectors, coordinate systems and their bases. Scalar and vector triple products. Differentiation and Integration of vectors. Scalar and vector point functions, concepts of gradient, divergence and curl operators alongwith their applications.

#### Section-II: (5 out of 8)

#### Statics

Composition and resolution of forces. Particles in equilibrium. Parallel forces; moments, couples. General conditions of equilibrium of coplanar forces. Principle of virtual work, Friction. Centre of gravity.

#### **Books Recommended**

- A.E. Coulson, An Introduction to Vectors. (Latest Edition). Longmans, Green and Co.
- 2. G.D. Smith, Vector Analysis. (Latest Edition). Oxford University Press.
- 3. K. L. Mir, Vector Analysis. (Latest Edition). Ilmi Kitab Khana.
- 1. M.N. Talpur, Calculus with Analytic Geometry.
- Collinson. Introductory Mechanics, (Latest Edition). Edward Arnold (Publishers) Ltd., London.
- L. Synge and B.A. Griffith, (Latest Edition). Principles of Mechanics. McGraw-Hill.
- 7. Chester, Mechanics, (Latest Edition). George Allen and Unwin.
- 8. R. Whitworth and Dyke. Guide to Mechanics, (Latest Edition). Macmillan.
- Q. K. Ohori, Introduction to Mechanics (West Pakistan Publishing Co., Ltd., Lahore).

## PAPER-III

# NUMBER THEORY, INNER PRODUCT SPACES & TOPOLOGY

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I (3 out of 8)

#### Number theory

Divisibility Euclid's theorem (Division Algorithm) Common and greatest common divisors. Least common multiple. Theory of Primes. Linear Equations. Diophantine Equations.

#### Section-II (5 out of 8)

#### **Topology & Inner Product Spaces:**

Definition and Examples of Topology & Topological Spaces. Open and closed sets in topological spaces. Neighbourhood. Limit point, interior, exterior, boundary and closure of a set in a topological space. Definition and examples of metric spaces, open balls, open sets and neighbourhood in a metric space. Interior Exterior boundry and closure of a set in a metric space. Definition and examples of Inner Product Spaces, Orthognality, Orthognal and Orthonormal system, Orthognal metrices.

#### PAPER-IV

#### NUMERICAL METHODS AND DYNAMICS

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 3 from section-I and 2 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (5 out of 8)

#### **Dynamics of a Particle**

Motion in a straight line. Uniformly accelerated and resisted motion. Velocity, acceleration and their components in cartesian and polar coordinates; tangential and normal components, radial and transverse components. Relative motion. Angular velocity. Conservative forces. Projectiles. Central forces and orbits. Simple harmonic motion. Damped and forced vibrations.

#### Section-II: (3 out of 8)

#### **Numerical Methods**

Introduction to Numerical Analysis. Numerical Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: graphical method, bisection method, iteration method, Newton-Raphson method, secant method and method of false position. System of Linear equations: Gaussseidel and Jacobi methods. Numerical integration: Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules. (If possible computer programming may be used for problem solving.)

#### **Books Recommended**

- 1. Robert -W. Horn beck, Numerical Methods, Quantum Publishers.
- 2. Alestair Wood, Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Addison Wesley.
- 3. M. lqbal, Numerical Analysis, National Book Foundation.
- 4. S.A. Bhatti, N.A. Bhatti, Numerical Methods
- 5. S.M. Fahfa, Introduction to Point set topology.
- 6. B. Ahmad, General Topology, 1998.
- 7. S.Manzur Hussain, Introduction to theory of Numbers.

## **GENERAL MATHEMATICS**

#### PAPER-I

## <u>COMPLEX NUMBER, LINEAR ALGEBRA AND ANALYTIC</u> <u>GEOMETRY</u>

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (3 out of 8)

#### **Complex Number System**

Complex numbers and Polar form. De-Moivres' Theorem. n nth roots of complex numbers. Hyperbolic functions. Sum of trigonometric series.

#### Section-II (5 out of 8)

#### Linear Algebra and Analytic Geometry

Matrices: rank and inverse of a matrix. Linear transformations and their matrices. Determinants. System of linear equations. Analytic Geometry of two Dimension. Translation and rotation of axis, Properties of tangents and normals. Polar equation of conic. Pedal equation. Tracing of polar curves.

## <u>PAPER-II</u> <u>DIFFERENTIAL & INTEGRAL CALCULUS</u>

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 3 from section-I and 2 from section-II.

#### Section-I (5 out of 8)

#### **Differential Calculus**

Techniques of finding limits. Continuity of a function Differentiability. Indeterminate forms, use of Rolle's theorem, mean value theorems (Lag ran~e and Cauchy). Taylor and Maclaurins series. Derivatives, Higher Derivatives and Partial Derivatives. Related rates.

#### Section-II: (3 out of 8)

#### **Integral Calculus**

Techniques of integration, Definite integral as limit of a sum, Evaluation of a definite integral by definition, Improper integrals, reduction formulae.

#### PAPER-III

## APPLICATION OF DIFFERENTIAL, INTEGRAL CALCULUS AND ANALYTIC GEOMETRY OF THREE DIMENSIONS

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 3 from section-I and 2 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (5 out of 8)

#### **Application of differential and Integral Calculus:**

Asymptotes, maxima and minima of a function of one and two variables. Curvature and center of curvature, rectification, quadrate, Eulers theorem, Chain Rule, Total derivative, Equation of tangent, Plane and normal lines to surfaces volume and surface area of revolution, Simple cases of double and triple integrals.

#### Section-II: (3 out of 8)

#### **Analytic Geometry:**

Direction cosines and Ratios. Angle between two lines. Standard form of equations of planes and lines. Intersection of planes and lines. Distance between points, lines and planes. Spherical. Polar and cylindrical coordinate systems. Standard form of the equations of a sphere, cylinder, cone, ellipsoid, paraboloid and hyperboloid. Symmetry and intercepts of a surface. Tangent planes and normals.

#### PAPER-IV

#### (a) Numerical Methods and Infinite Series

#### (b) Linear Programming and Differential Equations

Note: Students have to attempt 5 questions out of 8. Selecting 2 from section-I and 3 from section-II.

#### Section-I: (3 out of 8)

#### Numerical Methods and Infinite Series:

Introduction to infinite series and tests for their convergence and divergence. Absolute and conditional convergence. Introduction to Numerical Analysis. Numerical Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations: bisection method, Newton-Raphson method.

#### Section-II (5 out of 8)

#### Linear Programming & Differential Equations

Introduction to linear programming. Simplex methods and their examples from real life. Differential equations of first order. Variables, Sapurable, Homogenous equation, Exact equation, Linear differential equation, Bernoulli's equation, orthogonal trajectories, Diff. Eq. of 2<sup>nd</sup> and higher order, Cauchy Euler equation, methods of D-operator and method of variation of parameters. Method of undetermined Coefficient.

#### **Books Recommended for General Mathematics (Papers I to IV)**

- 1. S.T.Tan. Applied Mathematics. For the Managerial, life, and social sciences,
- 2. H. Anton, Elementry Linear Algebra. (7<sup>th</sup> edition, 1997). Wiley.
- Fizino and G. Ladas, Ordinary, Differential Equations with Modern Applications, (Latest Edition). Wadsworth.
- 4. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics,(Latest Edition). J. Wiley.
- 5. C.W. Evans, advanced Engineering Mathematics. (Latest Edition). Chapman and Hall.
- 6. H. Anton, Calculas, (Latest Edition). John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 7. E. Kreyosing, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, (Latest Edition), J. Wiley.
- 8. M. lqbal Numerical Analysis. (Latest Edition). National Book Foundation.
- Faiz Ahmad and M.A. Rana Elements of Numerical Analysis, (Latest Edition). National Book Foundation.
- 10. S.M.Yousaf, Mathematical Methods.
- 11. Hamday A. Taha, Operations Research.
- 12. A. Sultan Linear Programming, Academic Press.

#### **Other Books**

- 1. Calculas S.M.Yousaf
- 2. Mathematical Methods S.M.Yousaf
- 3. Introduction to Mechanics S.M.Yousaf
- 4. Topology Ch. M. Amin
- 5. Introduction Set Topology S.M.Yousaf
- 6. Metric Spaces by Z.R. Bhatti
- 7. Elementary Theory of Numbers by Sayyad Manzoor Hussain
- 8. Elementary Numerical Analysis by Dr. M. Iqbal
- 9. Vector Analysis by Dr. Munawwar Hussain

#### University of Gujrat

The following Syllabus for Pakistan Studies has been prepared in accordance with the criteria announced by the Higher Education Commission and Lead Universities.

تسیم می ایس کا تقاد کی کوشن: ا - پا کتان اور طلام اسلام کنفاذ کی کوشن: ا - قرار داده مقاصد ۲ - ۲۹،۱۹۲۲،۱۹۵۲،۲۵ مالای دفعات ۲ - نفاذ شریدت، اقد امات اور کمل اسلای معاشر کا قیام ۲ - ارض پا کتان: ۱ - فرافیا یکی وصدت ، طل قوق ع، چغر افیا یکی ایست، دیمی اور شهری علاق ۲ - با کتان ، عالم اسلام اور بحساید مما ک ۲ - مارض پا کتان: ۲ - مارض پا کتان: ۲ - مارض پا کتان ( ڈا کٹر صفر تحو دلا ہور ) ۲ - پا کتان ما گر بر تفار ( ڈا کٹر صن ریاض کر اچی ) ۲ - پر کتان ، دا کم اسلام اور بحساید مما کم ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک ۲ - پا کتان ما گر بر تفار ( ڈا کٹر صن ریاض کر اچی ) ۲ - پر کتان ( ڈا کٹر صفر تحو دلا ہور ) ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک جماع میں ایش کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان ما گر بر تفار ( ڈا کٹر صفر تحو دلا ہور ) ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک جماع میں ( پر وفیر طلبل اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کی خارجہ پا کسی ( پر وفیر طلبل اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک جمام میا تک میں اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کا گر حض ریاض کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان ( ڈا کٹر صفر تحو دلا ہور ) ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک جام میں ایک کا رہے پا کتان کی خارجہ پا کسی ( پر وفیر طلبل اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک جام اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کی خارجہ پا کسی ( پر وفیر طلبل اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کی اہم میا تک ( ڈا کٹر صن ریاض کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان کی خارجہ پا کسی ( پر وفیر طلبل اللہ کر اچی ) ۲ - پا کتان ( ڈا کٹر صن ریاض کر اچی ) ۲ - تارن قبلہ دیم الطنت دیلی ( سیم میں ایک کر اچی ) ۲ - با کو جائی ( ڈا کٹر صن ریاض کر اچی ) ۲ - حالی ناک ( احد سمید )

## يونيور ثى آف كجرات

#### Persian

#### فساب كاخاكه 2005ء ومابعد

Paper - I (3rd Year)

كل نمبر :100

#### Appendix "A"

20 تمبر	Short Questions
	شاعران ونثر وتگاران کے احوال وآخا رش سے
20 نمبر	نثر ی پیراگراف کاارد دیش ترجمه
20 نمبر	ترجمه وتشريح اشعار
20 نمبر	تقديدي سوالات شاعر وصعمون نوليس 10 + 10
10 نمبر	دستورزبان فارى دعلم وبيان
10 نمبر	اردونتک برجسه
	(Unseen Passage)
100 نمبر	کل نمبر

Appendix "B"

حصيغثر

انتخاب ازكلستان مهدك

1۔ سعدی میرازی ندخی حکایات باب اوّل جلا پادشادی راشنیدم که بهشتن تا چه بر دوی خاک جلا یکی اولوک پر اسان محمود بیتگین تا بر آید فلان نماند جلا سر بنگ زاده ای را ابر درسرای تا بهتر که آقت سیاه جلا پادشای با غلامی میچی درستی تا انتظارش بر در

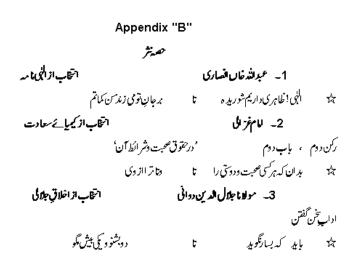
باب جفتم کچی از وزراء پسری کودن *جنو زخر* ما شد ☆ t **با** د شاعی کپس بدادین داد تا انبان می کند، حامی ادیم ☆ ್ಷ7,5% ಕ್ರ ಕ مردکی راچیتم دردخاست 众 بابأشتم مال کرد دنخو رد مال ازىبېرآ سائش ţ ☆ تا آموخت دنگرد دوس ريخ بيهوده 公 تا يېږد نياخوردن علم از سیر دین پر وردن 公 تا ملک بی سیاست سه چیز ما ئىدارنماند ☆ كرمش عيب بالنرويوشد دوکس مردرز دسرت ☆ ţ ا تظلب از اخلاق **لا**شر ف 2۔ عبيدزاكاني ىى ئەجبىمنىوخ د دىراپېرااكا يرسلف تا گىرىيىتى مىدانم ميكن ومبكوى الله مدجب مختار اصحا**ب ما می ن**ر مایند که تا میکن وسیگوی الله مدجب منسوخ اکا برسلف عد الت را تا کارنر مودند ی ملا مذجب مختار اصحا**ب ما می فرمایند ک**ه ملا مذجب مختَّار لغمامذ جب اصحابنا تا تزايد بود 3- اورتك ذيب عالمكير التخاب از رتعات عالمكيرى بنام بإ دشابر اد وُكلان سلطان محد معظم شاه عالم مېين بودخلافت تا ملک دارې کټا د ☆ بنام ما دشاہر ادہ محمد أعظم شاہ فرزند عالى جاه بداخلهارجا سوسان تا تا پرچه باشى زور باش ☆ تا بېتمگنان رفيق ماد روزي سعد لثدخان درحضور 公 فرزيد عالى جاه! أكرجة آن فرزند جوان تا كوه بالي ثم برادر ☆ فرزيد عالى جاه! اللي حضرت از سعد الله خان تا ووست افتاد في است ☆ 4۔ نظامی کردشی سرقندی التحاب ازجها دمقاله مقالددوم داند که <sup>م</sup>ن دو ین مصیم چنیں آوردہ اند کہ گھربن احمد تا ☆ افسانة لمس عمادت 5- مير تمريجازي برای آنگداز پیشا زن سیاست اداری تا سخت گیری تی تنم دی بخشم ☆

113

- 1- فردوی حمد بینا م خدادید جان دخرد تا دراند بینه تخته کی گنجد اُو
- 2- عبدالرحن جامى نعت باشفتا المدئيين باركما داوارد ام تا برحريم آستانت مي تم روى بياز
  - 3- ما آنى بيارد باغ سن تونى بفشدرشته از يين تا تظرر جوتكارى از تكار با
    - 4 اليرخبرو غزليات
    - 🖈 دلم درعاشقی آواره شد آواره تربا د
      - م<sup>ی</sup>ه جان زتن بر دکی دور جانی بنوز
    - اى چرەزىباى تۇرشك بتان آۋرى
    - الم يوخوا يم با توحال خود بكويم جا نى يا بم
      - 5۔ مرخیام رباعیات
      - امرارازل راندتو دانی ندس
    - الى چراغ فلك خرابى زكيد يتست
      - از در *س* علوم جمله بکریز ک به
    - التقركة جمشيد دروجام كردفت
    - الم ي چند كدرتك وبوى زيبااست مرا
      - 6۔ بر**دین اعتصامی تنظم اشک پیٹم** روزی گذشت پادشان ازگز رکسی
        - 7- این حمروا سل مروا
          ۲- ای تکویاں کد در بن دنیائید
          - 8- سعدى شيرازى غزليات
    - اىسارمان آجت دان كارام جانم ميروز
      - المله وقتی دل سودایی روفت به یستا نها
        - الملح سروقته محان أتجمنى
        - الميل السيار سفر مايدتا ويختد شودخامي
    - 9- علامه اقبال استخاب ازمنتوی امرارخودی در بیان اینکه خود کی از عشق و محبت استحکام می پذیر د جند نفتایه نوری که ما مادخود کی است

نتر فکاران سبحدی ، تجازی شعراء ایر خسر و ، مولاما جامی ، علامه اقبال مذکورهبالا کے احوال اور نن پر تیمره Short Question فعساب میں شال فما م صفقینی اور شعراء پر مشتمل ہوئے تکے ۔ **دستورزبان قاری** مصادر \_مضارع اورائے معانی، افعال پیاضی، حال ، سنقتبل کے گردا نیں ع**لم زبان** تشبیہ، استعارہ، قحریف اور مثالیں

	يونيور ځي آف گجرات
	Persian
	نعساب کاخا کہ 2005 ءوما بعد
	Paper II 4th Year
	نصا <b>بھارسی</b> اتخایری(سال چہارم بی۔اے بارٹٹو)
كل نمبر :100	ڪتاب ڪنج داش، ڪنج ادب
	یچه کمی اور بچه اضافہ کے ساتھ میں چی <b>د (ب</b> )
	Appendix "A"
20 نمبر	Short Questions
	شاعران اورنٹر نگاران کے احول وآثا ریٹن ہے
20 نمبر	نثر ی پیراگراف کاارد در جمه
20 نمبر	مرجمه وتشريح اشعار
20 نمبر	تفنيدي سوالات شاعر وصمون نوليس 10 + 10
10 نمبر	اردویے فاری شریر جمعہ (Unseen Passage)
<u>10 نمبر</u> 100 نمبر	کتابیہ - محازم سل تعریف دمثالیں



4- نظام الملك طوى اتخاب ازميا مستعامه · اند دفرستادن جا موسان وتد بیر کردن برصلاح مملکت در عیت ٔ تا بدان چوانم ديداد الملاح بإيدكه بميشه بدجمه اطراف 4\_ مَجْبَىٰ بيوى انسانة كم فرق نزد یک مرحداینالیاد فرانسه تا از خرج کردن مضایقد ای تد ارز ☆ حصيكم 1- أمل الدين بديل خاتاني قميره چەمىب سوى خراسان شدىم ئىگذ ارىد التخاب ازمتنو كالعنوى 2- مولاما جلال الدين ردى قصه بإ زرگان كد طوطى محبوس اور بيغام داد بيطوطيان بهندد ستان بهنگام رفتن بي تجارت ☆ ټا د <sup>حو</sup>ش خولی*ش ج*و بو د با ز رگان د اور اطوطی ☆ غزليات 3۔ حافظ شیر از ک اگر آن ترک شیر از ی بدست آرددل یا را ☆ سالبهاسال طلب جام جمازماميكرد ☆ بسرجام جم آنكه نظر نواني كرد ☆ يوسف كم كشنه بإ زآيد به كنعان غم مخور 낪 4- فرالدين الى فزلات یک لخط دیدن رخ جامانم آرز دست ☆ مراجز عشق توجاني نمى يينم نمى بيئم ☆ 5- مرزالمداندخال غالب فزليات دل برد دعن آنست که دلبر نتو ال گفت ☆ جنول مستم بفضل نوبهارم مي نوال كشتن ☆ بيإ كه فاعده أممان بكردانيم ☆ 6۔ ابوسعیدابوالخیر دباحيات باز آباز آ مراخ بسق باز آ ☆ وسل تؤكوا وسن جوركوا ☆ المال أسال أسال زخود لمان نتوال يادت

🛠 ما علم گرش برابرگردد

باسياول دريرمتوبإدثابان
حكايرت نجرهم
حكايبت تمبرم
حكايت فمبرو
حکایت نمبر۸
حكايت ثمبروا
حكايت ثمبراا
حكايبت فمبراا
حكايت نمبر الم
حکایت نمبر۲۲
حکامت نمبر۲۴

## باب ددم دراخلاتي دروچال

باب ددم دراخلان دروچان	
دز دی بخانه پارسانیمیپ تو چیس دگران خوا ہدیر ٔ د	حکامت نمبر ۳
زادی میمان پادشا ی بود چزری کردی که بیکا رآید -	حکامت نمبر۲
کا روانی را درزمینی یوان	حکایت نمبر ۱۸
الوہر یہ دہر دوز بخد متولیکن ندخدا مکہ کویند کس	حکایت نمبر ۲۹

## باب بیمارم درخواید خاموتی

با زرگا فی رامبزاردنیا رخسارتدیگرشاص به ساید	حكايت نمبرا
کی را از تحکما مِثندیم ناموش	حكايت نمبرك
کی در متجد بطوع با تک نماز تحقق بدینجا دونیا رواضی گردند -	حكايت فمبرس ا

## باب يغتم متاتج 7 بيت

سالۍ زا کۍ ميانې پيادگان تجانو ارکيز د	حكايت تمبراا
توانگرزاده رادیدم <i>برسر گورید دزامیر می کدگرفا را</i> ید	حکایت نمبر ۱۸

#### بإب بشتم دداً داب محبت

#### اس باب میں خلاقی بیرائے اور پند کے عنوان کے قحت دیئے کیے ہیں۔

برآن تیری کدداری	چد ۱۰
رازی که خوابع <b>ی نبان م</b> اندوہم چنیں مسلسل	چد ۱۱
دشن ضيعيف كه در طاعتاندك رامهمل ميكَّد ارد	حکمت <b>ا</b> ا
فتشم بشعيں از حدگرفتن تو در ِشوند	¥+ .54
متک آنست که خود بیوید بلند آوا زومیان تبک	کلمت ۵۹

## حصرككم

علامدا قبال کی کناب بیا م شرق سے انتخاب۔

#### لالهطؤر

- رباعی نمبرا مجمع الاا ويزم وجوداست -----دائي جوداست
- رباعی نمبر ۲ دل من روشن از سوز درون ----- کویدجنون است -
  - رباعی نمبر ۱۳ فوالی عشق راسا زاست آدم .....ا زباز است آدم
- رباعی نمبر ۱۳ بی تنی پیداکن از مشین غباری .....در کمارک ارک
  - رباعی نمبر ۸۳ نافغانیم ونی ترک وتناریم ...... بک نوبهاریم

افكار

معنقیمی سعدی شیرازی کے اعوال وآنا ر گستان سعد کی پنوٹ شعرام علامہا قبال کے حوال وآنا ر پیا م شرق پرنوٹ ۔

محود و کمایش جوکورس میں دری شد و بی -

## **PHYSICS**

The following syllabus has been prepared in accordance with the criteria announced by the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan & Lead Universities.

## PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

For B.Sc. Part-I

- 1. It is recommended that B.Sc. Physics should comprise of 4 theory papers, labeled as Physics-I, II, III, IV and 4 Practical papers labeled as I, II, III, IV respectively.
- 2. Examinations for physics I and II would be held in the 1<sup>st</sup> year of B.Sc. while for physics III and IV would be held in the 2<sup>nd</sup> year of B.Sc.
- 3. The subjects to be covered in these papers are as follows:
  - a. Paper-I Vector Analysis, Mechanics and Theory of relativity.
  - b. Paper-II Waves and Oscillations, Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics
  - c. Paper-III Electricity and Magnetism
  - d. Paper-IV Electronics and Modern Physics.

The marks distribution is as followed:

a.

b.

B.Sc.	Part-I	
	Theory Paper-I	38 marks
	Theory Paper-II	37 marks
	Practical Paper	25 marks
B.Sc.	Part-II	
	Theory Paper-III	38 marks
	Theory Paper-IV	37 marks

- Practical Paper 25 marks
- 4. The committee deliberated at length on the role of examinations. It was the general consensus that unless the pattern and quality of examinations are seriously

addressed by the respective universities, the goal of meaningful improvement would not be attained.

5. The committee decided on the following guidelines, for examinations, keeping in view both practical considerations and the demand for increased conceptual and analytical content.

(i)	Total time for each p	baper	=	3 hours

(ii) No. of questions to be attempted = 5 out of 8

#### **DETAIL OF EACH PAPER**

Each paper would have 3 parts : Section I, II, III

#### Section-I

Comprising short conceptual question	ons (cor	npulsory)	
No. of questions	=	1	
No., of parts in questions	=	5	
(Attempt 4 parts out of 5, each part	carries	2 marks )	2  x4 = 8  marks

#### Section-II

Theoretical questions ; (to be include mathematical derivation and qualitative explanation of phenomenon based on the particular law or relationship.

Total No. of questions	=	3
No. Of questions to be attempted	=	2
(Each question carries 8 marks) $2 \times 8 = 16$	marks	

#### Section-III

Problems:

Problems related to test of the type and style in Halliday, Resnick & Krane. (Exact reproduction is not necessary) Problems should be suitably chosen to required application of the physics taught, as well as being a test of comprehension and quantitative skills.

No. of questions	=	4
No. of questions to be attempted	=	2

(Each question carries 7 marks)  $2 \times 7 = 14$  marks

Thus a total of 5 questions out of 8 have to be attempted, as specified above viz. 1 from Section-II, 2 from Section-II and 2 from Section-III.

# DETAIL OF COURSE Paper-I VECTOR ANALYSIS, MECHANICS, AND THEORY OF RELATIVITY (38 marks)

- <u>Vector Analysis</u>: Review of Vector in 3 dimensions and Operations; Direction; Cosines; Spherical polar coordinates; Vector and scaler triple product gradient of a scalar, Divergence and curl of a vector, Physical significance of each type; Divergence and Flux of a vector field, curl and line integral (mutal relation). Vector identities. Divergence Theorem, Stokes' Theorem: Derivation, physical importance and applications to specific cases. Converting from differential to integral forms.
- <u>Particle Dynamics</u>: Dynamics of Uniform, circular motion the banked curve. Equations of motion. Deriving kinematic questions x(v), V(t) using integrations. Constant and variable forces and special examples. Time dependent forces: Obtaining x(t), v(t) for this case using integration method. Effect of drag forces on motion: Applying Newtons Laws to obtain V(t) for the case of motion with time dependent (Integration approach) drag (viscous) forces; terminal velocity. Projectile motion with and without air resistance. Non inertial frames and Pseudo forces, Qualitative discussion to develop understanding. Calculation of pseudo forces for simple cases (linearly accelerated references frame). Centrifugal force as an example of pseudo force; Coriolis force.
- 3. <u>Work, Power and Energy: Work</u> done by a constant force, work done by a variable force (1-2 dimension): (Essentially a review of grade-XII concepts use of integration technique to calculate work done (e.g. in vibration of a spring obeying Hookes' Law). Obtaining general expression force (2-dimensional case) and applying to simple cases e.g. pulling a mass at the end of a fixed string against gravity. Work energy theorem. General proof of work energy theorem:

Qualitative Review of work energy theorem. Derivation using integral calculus. Basic formula; and applications. Power, Energy changes with respect to observers in different inertial frames. Conservation of Energy in 12, and 3 dimensional Conservative systems, Conservative and non Conservative forces: Conservation of energy in a system of particles: Law of conservation of total energy of an isolated system.

4. <u>Systems Of Particles</u>: Two particle systems and generalization to many particle systems: Centre of mass: Its position velocity and equation of motion. Centre of mass of solid objects. Calculation of Centre of Mass of solid objects using integral calculus. Calculating C.M. of,

i) Uniform Rod. ii) Cylinder iii) SphereMomentum Changes in a system of variable mass: Derivation of basic equation;application to motion of a rocket (determination of its mass as a function of time).

- 5. <u>Collisions:</u> Elastic Collisions. Conservation of momentum during Collision:
  - a) One dimensions.(Concept)
  - b) Two dimensions(Oblique Collisions) (Mathematical treatment)

Inelastic collision. Collisions in centre of Mass reference frame: One and two dimensions. Simple applications: obtaining. Velocities in c.m. frame.

- <u>Rotational Dynamics</u>: Relationships between linear & angular variables; scalar and vector form. kinetic energy of rotation; Moment of Inertia. Parallel axis theorem, Perpendicular axis: Prove and Illustrate; apply to simple cases.
   Determination of moment of inertia of various shapes i. e. for disc, bar and solid sphere, Rotational dynamics of rigid bodies: Equations of rotational motion and effects of application of torques. Combined rotational and transnational motion: Rolling without slipping
- 7. <u>Angular Momentum</u>: Angular Velocity, Conservation of angular momentum, effects of Torque and its relation with angular

momentum, stability of spinning objects, Discussion with examples. The spinning Top: Effects of torque on the angular momentum, precessional motion.

- 8. <u>Gravitation:</u> Gravitational effect of a spherical mass distribution. Mathematical treatment, Gravitational Potential Energy, Develop using integration techniques; calculation of escape velocity, Gravitational field & Potential, Universal Gravitational Law, Radial and transversal velocity and acceleration. Motion of Planets and Keplers' Laws.(Derivation & explanation) Motion of Satellites. Energy considerations in planetary and satellite motion, Qualitative discussion on application of gravitational law to the Galaxy.
- 9. <u>Bulk ProDerties of Matters</u>. Elastic Properties of Matter, Physical basis of elasticity. Tension, Compression & shearing. Elastic Modulus; Elastic limit. Poisson's ratio, Relation between three types of elasticity, Fluid Statics, Variation of Pressure in fluid at rest and with height in the atmosphere, Surface Tension, Physical basis; role in formation of drops and bubbles, Viscosity, Physical basis, obtaining the Coefficient of viscosity, practical example of viscosity; fluid flow through a cylindrical pipe (Poisenille's law).
- <u>SDecial Theory of Relativity</u>. Ineratial and non inertial frame, Postulates of Relativity. The Lorentz Transformation, Derivation, Assumptions on which inverse transformation derived. Consequences of Lorentz transformation, Relativity of time; Relativity of length, Relativity of mass. Transfermission of velocity, variation of mass with velocity, mass energy relation and its importance, relativistic momentum and Relativistic energy, (Lorents inveriants)

 $E2=c^{2}p^{2}+m^{2}c^{4}$ 

## PAPER-II, Part-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

Section 1 Compulsory 4 questions out of 5 marks (2X4=8) Section II 2 questions out of 3 marks(2X8=16) Section III 2 out of 4 marks (2X6 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>=13)

Total Marks 37

WAVES & OSCILLATIONS,

#### THERMODYNAMICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

- <u>Harmonic Oscillations</u>: Simple harmonic oscillation (SHM), Obtaining and solving the basic equations of motion x(t), v(t), a(t). Longitudinal and transvers Oscillatins, Energy considerations in S.H.M. Application of SHM: Torsional Oscillator; Physical pendulum, simple pendulum. SHM and uniform circular motion, combinations of Harmonic motions: Lissaajous patterns. Damped Harmonic Motion: Equation of damped harmonic motion, Quality factor, discussion of its solution. Forced Oscillations and resonances. Equation of forced oscillation, discussion of its solution. Examples of resonance.
- <u>Waves in physical Media</u>: Mechanical waves, Travelling waves, Phase velocity of travelling waves; Sinusoidal waves; Group speed and dispersion. Waves speed, Mechanical analysis, Transfer, wave equation, Discussion of solution. Power and intensity in wave motion, Derivation & discussion, Principle of superpositon (basic ideas), Interference of waves, standing waves. Phase changes on reflection; Natural frequency, resonance.
- 3. <u>Sound</u>: Beats Phenomenon, Analytical treatment,
- 4. <u>Light</u>: Nature of light Visible light (physical characteristics). Light as an Electromagnetic wave: Speed of light in matter; physical aspects, path difference, phase difference etc.
- <u>Interference</u>: Coherence of sources; Double slit interference, analytical treatment. Adding of Electromagnetic waves using phasors. Interference from thin films, Newton~s rings (analytical treatment). Febry-perot Interferometer: Working and analytical treatment, Fresnels Biprism and its use.

- <u>Diffraction</u>: Diffraction at single slit; Intensity in single slit diffraction using phasor treatment and analytical treatment using addition of waves. Double slit interference & diffraction combined. Diffraction at a circular aperture. Diffraction from multiple slits:
  Discussion to include width of the maxima. Diffraction grating:
  Discussion, use in spectrographs. Dispersion and resolving power of gratings. Introduction to Holography:
- 7. Polarization: Basic definition, production of polarization by polarizing sheets, by reflection, by double refraction and double scattering. Description of polarization states. Linear, Circular, elliptic polarization. Specific rotation of plane of polarization. Use of Polarimeter
- <u>Statistical Mechanics:</u> Statistical Distribution and Mean values: Mean free path and microscopic calculations of mean free path. Distribution of Molecular speeds, Distribution of energies: Maxwell distribution; Maxwell-Boltzmann energy distribution; Internal energy of an ideal gas.Brownian motion, Qualitative description. Diffusion, Conduction and Viscosity.
- 9. <u>Heat and TemDerature</u>: Temperature, Kinetic theory of the ideal gas, Work done on an ideal gas, Review of previous concepts. Internal energy of an ideal gas: To include the Equipartition of energy. Intermolecular forces. Qualitative discussion. Van der Waals equation of state.
- 10. <u>Thermodynamics</u>: Review of previous concepts. First law of Thermo-dynamics, and its applications to adibatic, isothermal, cyclic and free expansion. Reverible and irreversible processes, Second Law of thermodynamics, Carnot theorem, Carnot engines. Heat engine. Refrigerators. Calculation of efficiency of heat engines. Thermodynamic temperature scale: Absolute zero: Entropy, Entropy in reversible process Entropy in irreversible process. Entropy & Second Law. Entropy & probability. Thermodynamic functions: Thermodynamic functions (Internal energy, Enthalpy, Gibb's functions, Entropy, Helmholtz functions) Maxwell's relations, Tds equations, Energy equations and

their applications. Low Temperature Physics, Liquification of gases: Joule-Thomson effect and its equations. Thermoelectricity, Thermocouple, Seabeck's effect, Peltier's effect, Thomson effect

## PAPER-III, Part-II (4th YEAR)ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM38 marks

- <u>Electric Field</u>: Field due to a point charge; due to several point charges, Electric dipole. Electric field of continuous charge distribution e.g Ring of charge; disc of charge; infinite line of charge. Poit charge in an electric field. Dipole in an electric field: Torque on, and energy of, a dipole in uniform field. Electric flux; Gauss's law; (Integral and differential forms) and its application. (Integral forms).Charged isolated conductors; conductor with a cavity, field near a charged conducting sheet. Field of infinite line of charge; Field of infinite sheet of charge. Field of spherical shell. Field of spherical charge distribution.
- 2. <u>Electric Potential</u>: Potential due to point charge. Potential due to collection of point charges. Potential due to dipole. Electric potential of continuous charge distribution. Poisson's and Laplace equation without solution. Field as the gradient or derivative of potential. Potential and field inside and outside an isolated conductor
- <u>Capacitors and dielectrics</u>: Capacitance; calculating the electric field in a capacitor. Capacitors of various shapes, cylindrical, spherical etc. and calculation of their capacitance. Energy stored in an electric field. Energy per unit volume. Capacitor with dielectric: Electric field of dielectric: An atomic view, Application of Gauss' Law to capacitor with dielectric.
- 4. <u>D C Circuits</u>: Electric Current, current density J , resistance, resistivity, and conductivity, Ohm's Law, energy transfer in an electric circuit. Equation of continunity. Calculating the current in a single loop, multiple loops; voltages at various elements of a loop:

Use of Kirchoffs 1st & nd law, Thevenin theorem, Norton theorem and Superposition theorem, Growth and Decay of current in an RC circuit. Analytical treatment.

## 5. <u>Magnetic Field Effects and Magnetic ProDerties of Matter</u>: agnetic force on a charged particle, Magnetic force on a current recall the previous results.( Do not derive). Torque on a current loop. Magnetic dipole: Energy of magnetic dipole in field. Discuss quantitatively, Lorentz Force with its applications i.e. Biot-Savart Law: Analytical treatment and appli-cations to a current loop, force on two parallel current changing conductors. Ampere's Law: Integral and differential forms, applications to solenoides and toroids. (Integral form), Gauses' Law for Magnetism: Discussing and developing concepts of conservation of magnetic flux; Differential form of Gauses Law. Origin of Atomic and Nuclear magnetism: Basic ideas; Bohr Magneton. Magnetization: Magnetic Materials: Paramagnetism, Diamagnetism, Ferromagnetism -Discussion. Hysteresis in Ferromagnetic materials.

- 6. <u>Inductance</u>: Faraday's Law of Electromagnetic Induction: Review of emf, Faraday Law and Lenz's Law, Induced electric fields:
  Calculation and application using differential and integral form, Inductance,
  "Basic definition". Inductance of a Solenoid; Toroid. LR Circuits: Growth and Decay of current; analytical treatment. Energy stored in a magnetic field: Derive. Energy density and the magnetic field. Electromagnetic Oscillation: Qualitative discussion. Quantitative analysis using differential equatins. Forced electromagnetic oscillations and resonance.
- 7. <u>Alternating Current Circuits</u>: Alternating current: AC current in resistive, inductive and capacitative elements. Single loop RLC circuit: Series and parallel circuits i.e. acceptor and rejector, Analytical expression for time dependent solution. Graphical analysis, phase angles. Power in A.C circuits: phase angles; RMS values power factor. Circuit transients. RL, RC & RCL transients.

8. <u>Electro Magnetic Waves (Maxwell's Equations)</u>: Summarizing the electromagnetic equations: (Gauss's law for electromagnetism; Faraday Law; Ampere's Law). Induced magnetic fields & displacement current. Development of concepts, applications. Maxwell's equations: (Integral & Differential forms) Discussion and implications. Generating an electro- magnetic wave. Travelling waves and Maxwell's equations. Analytical treatment; obtaining differential form of Maxwell's equations: obtaining the velocity of light from Maxwell's equations. Energy transport and the Poynting Vector. Analytical treatment and discussion of physical concepts.

## PAPER-IV, Part-II (4<sup>th</sup> YEAR) ELECTRONICS & MODERN PHYSICS (Written) 37 marks

- <u>Electronics</u>: Fundamental types of Lattice, Unit cell, Basic crystal structure, energy band in solid and energy gaps p-type, n-type semiconductor materials, P-n junction diode its structure, characteristics and application as rectifiers. Transistor, its basic structure and operation, transistor biasing for amplifiers, characteristics of common base, common emitter, common collector, load line, operating point, hybrid parameters (common emitter). Transistor as an amplifier (common emitter mode). Positive & negative feed back R.C. Oscillators. Logic gates OR, AND, NOT, NAND, NOR and their basic applications.
- 2. <u>Origin of Quantum Theory</u>: Black body radiation, Stefan boltzmann, wien and planck's law- consequences. The quantization of energy, quantum numbers, correspondence principle, Einstein's photon theory The Compton effect. Line spectra Explanation using quantum theory.
- <u>Wave Nature of Matter</u>: Wave behaviour of particle, wave function (its definition and relation to probability of particle), De. Broglie hypothesis and its testing. Davisson- Germer Experiment and J.P. Themson Exp. Wave packets and particles, localizing a wave in space and time.
- 4. <u>Quantum Mechanics</u>: Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Quantum operators, linear operators & their properties i.e. momentum operator, energy operator.

Eigen value equation. Eigen operators and eigen function. Schrodinger equation (time dependent and time independent with derivation) and its applications to step potential, free particle, barrier, tunneling (basic idea) particles in a well, probability density using wave function of states.

- 5. <u>Atomic Physics</u>: Bohr's theory (review) Fank. Hertz experiment, energy level of electrons, Atomic spectrum, Angnlar momentum of electrons, vector atom model, orbital angular momentum. Spin quantization, Bohr's Magnetron. X-ray spectrum, (Continuous and discrete) Moseley's law, pauli exclusion principle table and its use in developing the periodic table.
- <u>Nuclear Physics:</u> Basic properties of a nucleus, Mass No Atomic No. Isotopes
   Nuclear force (Basic Idea) Nuclear Radii, Nuclear Massess. Binding energnes,
   mass defed. Nuclear Spin and Magnetism.
- <u>Natural Radioactivity</u>: Laws of radioactive decay, half life, mean life, chain disintegration, Alpha, Beta decay (basic idea) Measunng ionizing radiation (units i.e. curies, Rad etc.)
- <u>Nuclear Reactions</u>: Basic Nuclear reactions, Q-value, exotheronic, endothermic Nuclear fission, Liquid drop nodel, Nuclear Reactors (Basic). Thromonuclear Fusion T.N.F. in Stars.
- 9. <u>Introduction to Quantum Optics (Laser) and Plasma Physics</u>:+Basic concept of plasma and its applications, controlled thermonuclear fusion, and its requirements for a T.N. reactor. Basic concepts and characteristics of LASER, different types of laser, working of He-Ne Laser.

#### **Practical for B.Sc. (General Physics)**

The following practicals are recommended for both B.Sc, Part-I & II. Minimum number of practicals to be performed is 6 and each practical paper carries 10 marks: Teachers are requested to emphasize on graphical analysis, error calculation and on system of S.I. units in the beginning of session.

#### Division of Marks for Practical in each paper.

Experiment	10 + 10=20 marks
Viva + N.B.	3 + 2 = 5 marks

#### B.Sc. Part-I Practicals

### PAPER-I MECHANICS

- Modulus of Rigidity by Static & Dynamic method (Maxwell's needle, Barton's Apparatus)
- 2. To study the damping features of an Oscillating, system using simple pendulum of variable mass
- 3. Measurement of viscosity of liquid by Stoke's I Poiseulli's method.
- 4. Surface tension of water by capillary tube method.
- 5. To determine the value of "g" by compound pendulumikater's Pendulum
- 6. To study the dependence of Centripetal force on mass, radius, and angular velocity of a body in circular motion.
- 7. Investigation of phase change with position in traveling wave and measure the velocity of sound by C.R.O.
- 8. Determination of moment of inertia of a solid/hollow cylinder and a sphere etc.
- 9. To determine thermal emf and plot temperature diagram.
- 10. Determination of temperature coefficient of resistance of a given wire.
- 11. Determination of 'J" by Callender Barnis method.
- 12. The determination of Stefan's constant.
- 13. Calibration of thermocouple by potentio meter.
- 14. To determine frequency of AC supply.
- 15. To determine Horizontal Vertical distance by Sextant.
- 16. The determination of wavelength of Sodium -D lines by Newton's Ring.
- 17. The determination of wavelength of light/laser by Diffraction grating.
- 18. Determination of wavelength of sodium light by Fresnel's bi-prism.
- 19. The determination of Resolving power of a diffraction grating.
- 20. To study the characteristics of Photo emission and determination of Planck's constant using a Photo cell.
- 21. The measurement of Specific rotation of sugar by Polarimeter and determination of sugar concentration in a given solution.

- 22. Determination of the radius of lycopodium particles.
- B.Sc. Part-II Practicals

# ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM AND MODERN PHYSICS, ELECTRONICS

- 1. Measurement of resistance using a Neon flash bulb and condenser
- 2. Conversion of a galvanometer into Voltmeter & an Ammeter
- 3. Calibration of an Ammeter and a Voltmeter by potentiometer
- 4. Charge sensitivity of a ballistic galvanometer
- 5. Comparison of capacities by ballistic galvanometer
- 6. To study the B.H. curve & measuring the magnetic parameters.
- 7. Measurement of low resistance coil by a Carey Foster Bridge.
- 8. Resonance frequency of an acceptor circuit
- 9. Resonance frequency of a Rejecter Circuit.
- 10. Study of the parameter of wave i.e. Amplitude, phase and time period of a complex signal by CRO.
- 11. Measurement of selfimutual inductance.
- 12. Study of electric circuits by black box.
- 13. Determination of elm of an electron
- 14. Ionization potential of mercury.
- 15. Characteristics of a semiconductor Diode (Compare with (Si & Ge diode)
- 16. Setting up of half & full wave rectifier & study of following factors
  - i. Smoothing effect of a capacitor
  - ii. Ripple factor & its variation with load.
  - iii. Study of regulation of out put voltage with load.
- 17. To set up a single stage amplifier & measure its voltage gain and band width.
- 18. To set up transistor oscillator circuit and measure its frequency by an oscilloscope.
- 19. To set up and study various logic gates (AND, OR, NAND etc) using diode and to develop their truth table.
- 20. To set up an electronic switching circuit using transistor LDR and demonstrate its use as a NOT Gate.
- 21. Characteristics of a transistor.

- 22. To study the characteristic curves of a G. M. counter and use it to determine the absorption co-efficient of βparticle in Aluminum.
- 23. Determination of range of a particles
- 24. Mass absorption coeff of Pb for y-rays using G.M counter.
- 25. Use of computer in the learning of knowledge of GATE and other experiments.

Book for B.Sc.General Phsics

1. Fundamental of Physics by Halliday, Resnick and krane

#### Books Recommended

- College Physics by Sears, Zemansky and Young Physics (5th Edition) by Giancoli
- 3. Physics by Serway
- 4. Vector Analysis by Spiegel, Schaum Publishing Co.
- 5. Concepts of Modern Physics by A. Beiser
- 6. Modern Physics by H.C. Ohanian.
- 7. Basic Electronics by Grobe.
- 8. Electronic devices by Floyed
- 9. Introduction to Electromegnetic Field and Waves by Corson and Loran.
- 10. Introduction to Electromegnetic Field and Waves by Reitz and Milford.
- 12. Mechanics by Dr. Rafique Ahmad
- 13. Essentials of Modern Physics by Acosta, Cowan and Graham

## **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**NOTE:** Students will be asked to attempt FIVE questions of equal marks including a compulsory question comprising of parts with short answers from the whole syllabi and another four question for the remaining questions.

## PAPER-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

## 1. <u>INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE</u>.

- a) Definition, nature and scope of Political Science. Relationship with other social sciences: Economics and History, Sociology, Geography and Psychology.
- b) Approaches to the study of Political Science: Traditional approach;Behavioural approach, Descriptive & normative approach

#### 2. <u>POLITICAL COMMUNITY</u>

- a) State and its Evolution: State and its elements, Theories regarding origin of state, Divine origin, Force, Social Contract Theory with reference to Hobbes, Locke & Rousseau, Historical Theory.
- b) Concepts of State.
  - i) Traditional concept with reference to Plato and Aristotle.
  - ii) Islamic concept with special reference to lbn-Khaldun and Shah Waliullah.
  - iii) Concept of Sovereignty: Monistic and pluralistic; Western and Islamic.

#### 3. <u>INDIVIDUAL IN POLITICAL COMMUNITY</u>

- Law and individual: Law, Law of Sharia, Kinds and sources, Importance of Ijtihad.
- ii) Rights and duties of individual (Western and Islamic)
- iii) Liberty and freedom of individual, Safeguards of Liberty.

#### 4. FORMS OF GOVERNMENT/ POLITICAL SYSTEM

- i) Unitary, Federal and Confederation
- ii) Parliamentary and Presidential
- iii) Democratic and Totalitarianl Authoritarian.

#### 5. <u>STRUCTURE AND ROLE OF GOVERNMENT</u>

- i) Legislature: law making
- ii) Executive: law enforcing
- iii) Judiciary: law adjudicating
- iv) Separation of powers/Checks and Balances.

#### 6. <u>POLITICAL PARTICIPATION</u>

- i) Electoral process
- ii) Voting behaviour
- iii) Political parties
- iv) Pressure groups
- v) Public opinion and media.

### 7. <u>COMPARATIVE IDEOLOGIES</u>

- i) Capitalism
- ii) Marxism
- iii) Islamic Ideology and Nationalism.

### 8. <u>INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY</u>

- i) United Nations
- ii) Regional Organizations: ECO, SAARC, 0IC.

While dealing and teaching this paper references to the western & Muslim political philosophers should be given quite frequently.

### **BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

### Paper-I

- 1. Ahmad Shafi Chaudhry, Usual Sisatiate
- 2. Dr. Mazar-uI-Haq, Theory and Practice in Political Science.
- 3. Dr. Muhammad Sawar, Muarfi-e-Siasiate, Lahore: Ilmi Kitab Khana, 1996.
- 4. Farooq Malik, Asul-e-Siasiat, Lahore: Jadid Book Dept., 1996.
- 5. Rodes and Anderson, Introduction to Political Science
- 6. S.P.Verma, Political Theory
- 7. Islami Nazriya Hayat by Prof Khursheed Ahmad.

## PAPER-II (4<sup>TH</sup> YEAR)

## **COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTIONS**

### Part A: CONSTITUTIONS OF PAKISTAN.

A comprehensive analysis of the Constitutions *1956* & 1962 of Pakistan be made with reference to:

- 1. Constitutional development with special emphasis on 1973 constitution.
- 2. Political Institutions: Legislature, Executive, Judiciary and Political Parties.

#### Part-B:

Study of The following constitutions:

- \* USA
- \* UK
- \* India

## **BOOKS RECOMMENDED:**

#### Paper-II

===

- 1. Ahmad Shafi Chaudhry, Jadeed Riasetain, Lahore: Standard Book Dept. 1996.
- 2. Dr. Mazar-uI-Haq, Modern Government
- 3. Dr. Muhammad Sarwar, Jadeed Hakoometain, Lahore: Ilmi Kitab Khana. 1998
- 4. Farooq Malik, Jadeed Dasateer, Lahore: Jadeed Book Dept., 1996.
- 5. G.W. Chaudhry, Constitutional Development in Pakistan
- 6. Prof. Farid-ul-Haq, Dasatir-l-Alam

## **PSYCHOLOGY**

## SYLLABUS FOR B.A./B.Sc. PSYCHOLOGY

Paper-A: General Psychology		100 Marks
Theory	75 marks	
Practical	25 marks	
Paper-B: Areas of Psychology		100 Marks
Theory	75 marks	
Practical	25 marks	

## Paper-I (For 3<sup>rd</sup> Year) (Theory)

## Section-I (2 out of 4)

#### **INTRODUCTION TO PSYCHOLOGY:**

- A. Nature & definition of Psychology in the light of historical perspective
- B. Spirit of Experimental & Physiological Psychology (19<sup>th</sup> century Weber Fetchner & Helmholtz)
- C. Schools of Psychology (structure, functional, cognitive)

Psychodynamics

Humanistie Psychology

Behaviourism

Gestalt Psychology

#### **RESEARCH METHODS IN PSYCHOLOGY**

A. Prerequisites

Problem & its statement

Hypothesis: How to write & construct a hypothesis

Sampling: Random, Non-Random.

B Research MethodsCase History , Expl Method, Survey, Field study method

#### SENSATION AND PERCEPTION

- A. Nature & definition of Sensation
- B. Thresholds: Absolute Theshold & Differential Threholds
- C. Vision: Structure & Function of Eye (emphasis on Ratina & Brain function)
- D. Hearing: Structure & Function of Ear
- E. Perception

Nature of Perception

Types of Perception: Perception of Form, Depth Perception, Perception of

Movement

- F. Perceptual Constancies: Lightness & Colour Constancy, shape constancy, size & location constancy
- G. Illusion: Nature & Causes of Illusion.

#### **LEARNING & MEMORY**

- A. Definition & Nature of Learning
- B. Conditioning: Classical conditioning and Operant Conditioning.
- C. Cognitive learning
- D. Computer-Assisted Learning
- E. Transfer of Learning: Nature, negative, Transfer, Positive Transfer, Bilateral transfer of learning
- F. Nature of Memory Distinction about memory

(a.) Short term memory (b.) Long term memory (c.) Improving memory

Section-II (2 from 4)

#### **NEURO PSYCHOLOGY**

- A. Basic Units of Nervous System: neuron And Nerves.
- Organization of Nervous System
   Central Nervous System: Brain & Spinal Cord (Structure & Function)

Peripheral Nervous System. Glandular system. (Structure & function of Endocrine Glands)

#### **HEREDITY AND BEHAVIOUR**

- A. Chromosomes and Genes
- B. Mechanism of Heredity( Genetic Studies of Behaviour)
- C. Environmental influences on Gene action.

#### **MOTIVATION AND EMOTION:**

- A. Nature of Motives.
- B. Theories of Motivation.Psychoanalytical TheorySocial Learning Theory.
- C. Types of Motives.( Biological & Secondary Motives)
- D. Emotion . Nature of emotion, Psychological & physiological changes in motion
- E. Theories of Emotion (james-Lange Theory, Cannon-bard & Cognitive Theory)

#### LANGUAGE AND THOUGHT

- A. Concepts: Their nature & formation
- B Language & Communication
- C. Development of Language
- D. Types of thinking.
- E. Problem solving.
- F. Creative thinking.

Paper-III (Practical) 25 Marks

STATISTICS

10 Marks

Graphical representation of data, Histogram, Polygon, Histopolygon, frequency curve.

Central tendencies: Mean, Median, Mode

Dispersion

Standard Deviation (Both Grouped & Un-Grouped Data with Shortcut & Direst Methods) Spearman's Rank Correlation (Including Tied Ranks)

PRACTICAL S

- 1. Measurement of Memory (Recall Method, Sensible vs Non-Sensible Syllables)
- 2. Measurement of memory changes.
- 3. Transfer of Training (Mirror Drawing, Star Pattern)
- 4. Illusions (Study of Thresholds with the help of Muller Lyer Cards)

Note Book & Viva

5 Marks

10 Marks

## PAPER-II (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year) (Theory)

Section-I (2 from 4)

## **PSYCHOLOGICAL TESTING**

- A. Psychological Tests & their Brief History; Basic traits of good test; Types of Tests
- B. Nature & Theories of Intelligence: Spearman, Thurstone & GLilford's Theories

## PERSONALITY

- A. Definition of Personality
- B. Theories of Personality (Freud, Adler and Roger, Theories)
- C. Projective Techniques of Personality Measurements (T.A.T & Rorsehach Inkblot Test)
- D. Non-Projective Techniques of Personality Measurements (MMPI & EPPS)

## PSYCHOPATHOLOGY

Frustration: Types or causes of Frustration; Defence Mechanism of Frustration

A. Definition of Abnormality & a Brief History of Psychopathology Nature of

Normality; Traits of Normal Individual; Classifying Abnormal Behavior

B. Anxiety DisordersGeneralized AnxietyPhobias

Obsessive Compulsive Disorders

- C. Schizophrenia: Nature, Etiology & Clinical Types of Schizophrenia
- D. Mood Disorders (Manic Depressive reactions)

Section-II (2 from 4)

## **PSYCHOTHERAPY**

Need of Psychotherapy

Therapies: Psychoanalysis, Behavior Modification, Client Centered Therapy, Reading Therapy

(In the light of the basic concepts of Maulana Ashraf Ali Thanvi)

(Dr. Azhar Ali Rizvi)

## SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY:

- A. Attitude: Nature, Formation & Measurements on Attitude
- B. Nature of Stereotypes & Prejudice

Causes of Prejudice & Eradication of Prejudice

C. Public opinion and propaganda

## A: INDUSTRIAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY

- A. Relationship between Labour & Management: Morale and productivity
- B. Personnal Selection
- C. Accidents, Strikes And Lockouts; Causes & Prevention
- D. Advertisement & its Principles &- Techniques

## **B: CRIMINAL AND CORRECTIONAL PSYCHOLOGY**

- A. Classification of criminals
- B. Function of correctional Psychology

#### C. Psychological causes of crime and their control

#### Paper-IV (Practical) 25 Marks

#### PRACTICAL S

- Thematic Apperception test Two Pictures scoring to find the frequency of needs expressed in the Stories (Personality assessment)
- Free Association test (Keut Rozanoff List Study of personality Traits)
   Study of personality Traits
- 3. Measurement of Imagery
- 4. Colour Zone of Ratina
- 5. Maze Learning
- Case History Anxiety 10 Marks
   Case study of one neurotic patient or socio cultural distorted, drug addicted,
   spoiled child.
   Note Book & Viva 5 Marks

#### **Recommended Books**

- Introduction to Psychology by Rita.L.Atkinson, R.C.Atkinson, H.R.Hilgard. 8<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 2. Psychology & Life by F.L.Ruch 7<sup>th</sup> & 8<sup>th</sup> edition.
- 3. Abnormal psychology by Coleman. Latest edition
- 4. Abnormal psychology by David Neil latest edition
- 5. Experimental Psychology by Postmen
- 6. Methodology by T.J.Endrew.

10 Marks

يونيور ثي أف تجرات پنجابی بارٹ۔ا تھرڈار ا۔ نظم (ترجمہ،تشرح،سیاق وسباق) ، مہنبر ۲\_ نظم(اتے بھرواں تقیدی نوٹ) ۵۱ نبر سو۔ کسی شاعر دیفن وفکراتے نوٹ • انمبر ۳<sub>-</sub> لوک صنفان، ادبی صنفان ۵انمبر ۲۰ نمبر ۵\_ اردوتوں پنجابی ترجمہ كل نمبر ووا

پنجابی نثر تے صفال، رسالے، داستان، ماول، انسانہ، ڈرامہ، صفمون نگاری، سفر مامہ بطنز ومزاح نگاری، انشا سَیہ بتقید نگاری، نثر دیاں قسمال، بینینثر، وصفیہ نثر، نوضیحہ نثر، استدلالیہ نثر، ادب کس نوں کہند ہے نیں، ادب دیاں قسمال، بحر، ردیف، قافیہ، صطلع، مقطع، معراج مامہ، جنگ مامہ ہمر شیہ، دوہ ہڑہ، مثنوی، گیت، یخزل، باراں ماہ، کانی، وار۔

لوك صنفان :لوري، بولي، ماہيا، دهولا، ميه، ككلي، كدّ ا، وغيره

بونيور في آف تجرات نصاب برائ يتجابى آيشنل كل نمبر ••ا بهنمبر ا\_حصيغثر حیب شاہ، دل دلم چھا وال فیقیر دیاں جنگی نظماں، چنی، پاکستان دکتر کیک تے پنجابی کلھا رک، بس داسفر بمر ہیوں دے پھل تے پکیاں مڑکاں، ادنی تے غیر ادنی لکھتاں وچ فرق، پاک پنجابی تے شاعری۔ المدحصة بهنمر حد بدربا عربان بجر امورج، چاند بی بی بتیر کماد، تحید فے بعین انح جتن ، لعت ، غزالان ( پیر نصل، عارف عبد اکتین ، رؤف شیخ ، سلیم کاشر، اقبال سوکر ک، قیو منظر منظوروز مرآبا دی، یونس احتر) سکھداد کھ، بیارنے وین۔ ۲۰ نمبر ساینٹر کی میتن یے <sup>نظ</sup>ما**ں** یے تنقید کی نوٹ

سم \_ارد وپیر \_ د اینجابی ترجمه

تصابی کتب ادبی مهکان مرتبین: شیهازملک (مدیر) الملم راما، سید افتر جعفری، بونس اختر، نوراحد ناقب-مطبوعه- تاج بک ڈیو، اردوبا زار لا پور

بانمبر

## SOCIAL WORK

**NOTE:** Students will be asked to attempt FIVE questions of equal marks including a compulsory question comprising of parts with short answers from the whole syllabi and another four question for the remaining questions.

#### **SCHEME OF STUDIES**

The following syllabi and course of reading in the subject of Social work (Elective) for the B.A. examination is hereby proposed.

Paper-I:	Pakistan Society, its need and problems	75 marks
	Practical	25 marks
Paper-II:	Social Work – Theory and Practical	75 marks
	Practical	25 marks

TOTAL

## PAPER-I (For 3rd Year)

One Compulsory question.

#### Unit-I:

- (a) Definition and description of the terms "society".
- (b) Characteristics of Pakistan Society (concept of Islamic society)
- (c) Comparison of Rural and Urban Communities.
- (d) Factors which promote and hindes social development.

#### Unit-II: Culture

- (a) Definition and description of the term "Culture" and its importance.
- (b) Influence of various cultures in Pakistan Culture.

200 marks

- (c) Characteristics of Pakistani Culture. Concept of Islamic Culture.
- (d) Social norms-definition and types (i.e, folkwayer, mores and laws)
- (e) Socialization definition and description and factors of socialization (i.e., family)
- (f) Neighbourhood, Educational Institutions, mass-Media and Communication.

#### Unit-III:

- (a) Definition and description of Social "Institutions"
- (b) Types of Social Institutions.
- (c) Functions of the following:

Family Institution	Religion institution
Political Institution	Economic Institution
Educational Institution	importance of religion in social life.

(d) Imposrtance of Social Institution

#### Unit-IV: Social Change

- (a) Theories of Social Chance
- (b) Factors which promote a the process of social change
- (c) Influence of change on individual and values.

#### Unit-V: Social-Economic Needs of Pakistan

- (a) Agricultural development its importance and hurdler involved Remedies
- (b) Industrial development its importance, hinder involved Remedies
- (c) Problems assing out industrialization and urbanization Remedies

#### Unit-VI: Educational Needs and Problems

- (a) Purposes and importance. system of education its purpose and levels.
- (b) Existing educational needs and problems then remedies.
- (c) Future requirements
- (d) Importance of guidance and counselling in educational institutions. Causes of failure in Pakistan
- (e) Adult education hurdles involved its need and importance
- (f) Education and National Development

#### Unit-VII: Health needs and problems

- (a) Causes of low health standards and their remedies.
- (b) Health education and its importance
- (c) Health and national development.

#### Unit-VIII: Needs of Special Groups

- 1. Introduction to the needs and problems and solution of:
  - (a) Physically handicapped (blind, deaf and dumb, cripped)
  - (b) Mentally handicapped.
  - (c) Socially handicapped (orphans, widows and destitute women and criminals)
- 2. Importance of the welfare of the handicapped.

### Unit-IX: Social Problems of Pakistan .

- (a) Definition and explanation of social problem.
- (b) General causes of social problems.
- (c) Major social problems of Pakistan : (An orientation)
  - Drug addition illiteracy
  - over population beggary
  - Population planning pollution
  - crime, problem of national integration
  - child labour

## **PRACTICAL (Part-I) = 25 marks**

- Students will make observational visit to six different social welfare agencies. They will be provided guide lines for observation before each visit.
- 2. They will write reports about these visit.

The Recommended break up of marks of the examination is as under:

Report	=	10 marks
Via-voce	=	15 marks

## PAPER-II (For 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

One Compulsory question.

#### Unit-I: Nature and philosophy of modern social work.

- (a) Definition of social work
- (b) Objectives of Modern Social work
- (c) Basic principles of social work
- (d) Professional and voluntary social work

### Unit-II: Islam & Social work

- (a) Islamic concept of Social Work and modern Social work
- (b) Worth and dignity of individuals
- (c) Rights and responsibilities of individuals in Islamic Society.
- (d) Social relationship in Islam i.e., Family, Neighbourhood, Mosques

## **Unit-III: Methods of Social Work**

A. Primary Methods.

#### 1. Social Case Work

- (a) Definition and description of social case work
- (b) Objectives, elements/ components of social case work (person, problem, professional person and process)
- (c) Principles of social case work
- (d) Phases / steps in social case work
- (e) Fields of application.
- (f) Role of professional worker in case work.

## 2. Social Group Work

- (b) Definition and description of Social Group
- (c) Types of social groups (primary and secondary formal and informal groups)
- (d) Definition of social group work and its philosophy.
- (e) Objectives of social group work.
- (f) Components of social group work (group, agency and group worker)

- (g) Principles of social group work
- (h) Fields of applications
- (i) Role of professional worker in group work.

#### **3.** Community Development:

Definition and description of community

- (a) Definition of community development
- (b) Objectives
- (c) Phases / steps in community development (study of the community, planning and implementation)
- (d) Principles of community development
- (e) Role of professional worker in community development.

## **B.** Secondary Methods:

### 1. Social Research.

- (a) Definition and description of social research.
- (b) Phases / steps in social research.
- (c) Tools of data collection (importance of social research and observation)
- (d) Importance of social research in Social Work.

## 2. Social Welfare Administration:

- (a) Definition and description of social welfare administration.
- (b) Importance of social welfare administration in social work.

#### Unit-IV: Fields / areas of social work.

- 1. School Social work
- 2. Medical social work
- 3. Community development as a field
- 4. Child welfare
- 5. Youth welfare
- 6. Women welfare
- 7. Welfare of the physically handicapped such as blind, deaf and dumb and crippled
- 8. Welfare of the mentally handicapped (retarted)

- 9. Welfare of the socially handicapped such as widows, destitute women
- 10. Welfare of the juvenile and adult criminals

## Unit-V: Social welfare agencies

- (a) Definition and description of social welfare agency
- (b) Types of social welfare agencies
- (c) Role of the voluntary social welfare agencies in socio-economic development.

## PRACTICAL (Part-II)

Students will be assigned to work for two of the following activities.

- 1. Organizing recreational group
- 2. Helping patients in hospital
- 3. Helping a local welfare agency in its programmes.
- 4. Experience in structured interviews
- 5. Experience in interview and recording.

The Recommended break up of marks of the examination is as under:

Report	=	10 marks
Via-voce	=	15 marks

## **Curriculum in Sociology for BA Degree Courses**

The curriculum of sociology for B.A degree courses has been divided into two parts/ papers to be taken at the  $1_{st}$  and  $2_{nd}$  year of the degree course respectively.

- a. Introduction to sociology
- b. Social problems and social research

#### PAPER-I INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Nature, scope, and subject matter of sociology
- 1.2 Brief historical development of sociology
- 1.3 Introduction to Quranic sociology
- 1.4 Society and community
- 1.5 Relationship with other social sciences like Economics, Political Science, History, Psychology, and Anthropology
- 1.6 Social interaction processes
  - 1.6.1 (i) cooperation (ii) competition (iii) conflict (iv) accommodation (v)acculturation (vi) assimilation

#### 2. Social groups

- 2.2 Definition and functions
- 2.3 Types of social groups
  - 2.3.1 (i) In and out groups (ii) primary and secondary groups (iii) reference groups (iv) formal and informal groups (v) pressure groups

#### 3. Social institutions

- 3.1 Definition, structure and functions of the following Institutions (i)family (ii) religion (iii) education (iv) economic (v) political
- 3.2 Inter-relationships among various social institutions

#### 4. Culture and related concepts

4.1 Definition and aspects of culture

(i) Material and non-material culture (ii) Ideal and real culture

4.2 Elements of culture

(i) beliefs (ii) values (iii) norms (folkways, mores, laws) and social sanctions

- 4.3 Organization of culture
  - (i) traits (ii) complexes (iii) patterns
- 4.4 Other related concepts

(i) cultural relativism (ii) sub-cultures (iii) ethnocentrism (iv) cultural lag

#### 5. Socialization and personality

- 5.1 Role and status
- 5.2 Socialization
- 5.3 Culture and personality

#### 6. Deviance and social control

- 6.1 Definition and types of deviance
- 6.2 Juvenile delinquency
- 6.3 Formal and informal methods of social control

#### 7. Social stratification

7.1 Determinants of social stratification

- 7.1.1 (i) caste (ii) class (iii) ethnicity (iv) power (v) prestige (vi) authority
- 7.2 Social mobility: definition and types
- 7.3 Dynamics of social mobility.

#### 8. Social and cultural change

- 8.1 Definition of social change
- 8.2 Dynamics of social change
  - 8.2.1 (i) education (ii) innovation (iii) industrialization (iv) urbanization and diffusion
- 8.3 Impact of globalization on society and culture
- 8.4 Resistance to change

#### 9. Collective behavior

- 9.1 Definition
- 9.2 Characteristics
- 9.3 Causes
- 9.4 Types
- 9.5 Social movements
- 9.6 Mob and crowd behavior

#### **Books recommended**

- 1. Ali, M Basharat (1971) Laws and Principles of Quranic Sociology, Jamiat-ul-falah Publications, Karachi
- 2. Allama Iqbal Open University (1990) Sociology 1: Islamabad
- 3. Allama Iqbal Open University (1990) Sociology 2: Islamabad
- 4. Horton, Paul B. and Hunt, Chester L. (1990) Sociology Singapore:McGraw Hill Book Company.
- 5. M. Haralambes and Holborn (1991). Sociology themes and Perspectives. London: Collin Educational, an Imprint of Harper Collins Publishers.
- 6. Taga, Abdul Hameed (2000) An Introduction to Sociology, Lahore.
- 7. Thio, Aex (latest ed.). Sociology- An Introduction. New York: Harper and Row

#### **Reference books**

- 1. Bertrnad, Alvin L. (1969). Basic Sociology-An Introduction to Theory and Methods, New York; Appleton Century Crofts.
- 2. Broom, Leonard and Selznic. Phillips, Sociology A Text with Adopted Readings, New York: Harper and Row Publishers.
- 3. Curran, Jr. (1977). Introductory Sociology ,A Basic Self Instructional Guide.
- 4. Davis, Kingsley (latest ed.), Human Society, Princeton University Press.
- 5. Hafeez, Sabeeha (1991), The Changing Pakistan Society, Karachi:Royal Book Company, Zaibunisa Street, Sadar.
- 6. Horton Paul B. and Hunt, Chester L. (1990), Sociology Singapore:McGraw Hill Book Company.Koening, Samuel (1957). Sociology- An Introduction to the Science of Society, New York: Barnes and Noble Books, Harper and Row Publishers.
- 7. Inkeles, Alex (latest ed.) What is Sociology? An Introduction to the Discipline and Profession, Foundations of Sociology Series Englewood Cliffs, N.J.Prentice Hall Inc.
- 8. Lamba, P. S. & S. S. Salanki (1992). Impact of urbanization and industrialization on rural society. New Delhi: Wiley Eastern Limited.
- 9. Lee, Alfred Mcbuing and Lee, Elizabeth Braint (1961) Marriage and the family, New York: Barnes and Noble, Inc.
- 10. Merrill, F.E., (latest.ed), Society and Culture, N.J. Englewood Cliffs.
- 11. Perry, John A., and Perry, Ernak (1988). The Social Web-An Introduction to Sociology New York: McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc.
- 12. Phillips, Bernard (1990). Sociology-From Concepts to Practice, New York: MacGraw Hill Book Company Inc.
- 13. Rao, C.N. Shaukar (1990). Sociology, New Delhi; S.C. Chand and Company Ltd.
- 14. Thio, Aex (latest ed.). Sociology- An Introduction. New York: Harper and Row.

#### Paper II SOCIAL PROBLEMS AND SOCIAL RESEARCH

#### 1. Contemporary major social problems in Pakistan

- 1.1 Definition of social problem
- 1.2 Characteristics of social problem
- 1.3 Major social problems of Pakistan
  - 1.3.1 Population growth
    - 1.3.2 Crime and juvenile delinquency
    - 1.3.3 Consequences of urbanization
    - 1.3.4 Illiteracy
    - 1.3.5 Rural underdevelopment
    - 1.3.6 Gender disparity
    - 1.3.7 Poverty and unemployment
    - 1.3.8 Marriage and family problems
    - 1.3.9 Drug abuse
    - 1.3.10 Violence
    - 1.3.11 Social injustice
    - 1.3.12 Poor health of populations

#### 2. Social research

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Functions of research

#### 3. Types of social research

- 3.1 Descriptive
- 3.2 Exploratory/explanatory
- 3.3 Qualitative and quantitative research

#### 4. Steps in social research1

- 4.1 Identification of research problem
- 4.2 Objectives of research
- 4.3 Review of relevant literature
- 4.4 Tools of data collection: questionnaire and interview guide
- 4.5 Sampling design
  - 4.5.1 Probability sampling: simple random and stratified random
  - 4.5.2 Non-probability sampling: accidental and purposive, snow-ball technique
- 4.6 Data collection
- 4.7 Data analysis:
  - 4.7.1 Measures of central tendency: percentages and averages, mean, median, and mode
  - 4.7.2 Coding and memoing
- 4.8 Data interpretation

#### 5. Research proposal development

- 5.1 Concepts, models, paradigms
- 5.2 Computer applications in research
- 5.3 Writing a research paper

#### 6. Community development in Pakistan

- 6.1 History of community development in Pakistan
- 6.2 Various approaches to community development

1 Under the guidance of the Teacher, each regular student opting Sociology as an optional subject shall be required to develop a Research Project

based on a Social Problem of Pakistan. The Paper setter will set one compulsory question on a project on one of the major social problems of

Pakistan. The emphasis will be on survey research.

6.3 Role of governmental and non-governmental organizations in community development

#### **Books recommended**

- 1. Baily, K.D. (2000). Methods of Social Research, New York: The Free Press.
- 2. Baker, Therese L. (1999). Doing Social Research, New York: The Free Press.
- 3. Horton, Paul B. and Leslie Gerald R. (latest ed.). The Sociology of Social Problems, New York: Appleton Century Crofts.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Booth, David (1994). Rethinking Social development Theory. London: Longman Scientific and Technical.
- 2. Horton, Paul B. and Leslie Gerald R. (latest ed.). The Sociology of Social Problems, New York: Appleton Century Crofts.
- 3. Loraines, Blaxter, Christina Hughes and Malcom Tight (1999). How to Research. Viva Book Pvt. Ltd. Mumbay.
- 4. Malcom Waters (1994). Modern Sociological Theory. London: Sage Publications.
- 5. Nordskog, John E. (latest ed.). Analyzing Social Problems, New York; Henry Holt Inc.
- 6. Phillips, Harold A. and Henderson, David (latest ed.). Contemporary Social Problems, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey; Prentice Hall Inc.
- 7. Senter, R.J. (1969). Analysis of Data Introductory Statistics for the Behavioural Sciences. Illinois; Scott Freeman and Company.
- 8. Young, Pauline, V. (1990). Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Tokyo: Charles E. Tutrttle Co.

## **STATISTICS**

**NOTE:** Students will be asked to attempt FIVE questions of equal marks including a compulsory question comprising of parts with short answers from the whole syllabi and another four question for the remaining questions.

## B.A. / B.Sc. (For 3<sup>rd</sup> Year)

Paper-I	38 marks
Paper-II	37 marks
Practical	25 marks
B.A. / B.Sc. (For 4 <sup>th</sup> Year)	
Paper-III	38 marks
Paper-IV	37 marks
Practical	25 marks

## **OUTLINE OF THE SYLLABUS**

#### PAPER-I

#### 1. Descriptive Statistics 1/7

Definition of statistics, meaning of descriptive and inferential statistics, population and sample, types of variable, collection of data (primary and secondary data), presentation of data by frequency graphs (histogram, frequency polygon, frequency curve and ogive curve). Measures of central tendency, A.M., G.M., H.M., Mode, Median, Quartiles, deciles, percentiles, properties of mean with proofs, weighted A.M., empirical relation between mean, median, modes. Merits and De-merits of various averages.

#### 2. Measure Of Dispersion And Moments 1/7

Measures of dispersion (Absolute and relative measures) Range, Mean Deviation, variance, standard deviation, Co-efficient of mean deviation, properties of variance & standard deviation without proofs, moments, moments ratios, Sheppard's corrections, kurtosis and skew ness.

#### 3. **Index Number (1/7)**

Importance of Index Number, problems in the construction of whole sale price Index numbers, fixed and Chain base methods, weighted Index numbers, Laspeyres, Paasche's, Fisher's Ideal and Marshal Edgeworth, Types of indices, test for the consistency of Index numbers, Uses and limitations of I.N.

#### 4. Method Of Least Squares: (1/7)

Scater diagram. Principal of least square. Deduction and solution of normal equation of general lincar model. Curve fitting. Equations of approximating curve by the method of east squares upto third degree polynomials. Fitting of exponential of the (1)  $y = ae^{bx}$  (2)  $y = ab^{x}$  (3)  $y = ax^{b}$ Graphic representation of the vurces. Interpolation and Extrapolation graphically. Criterial for fitting and suitable curve.

#### 5. **Time Series** 1/7

Time series, component of a time series, analysis of time series, measurement of secular trend and seasonal variations by various methods, deseasonalization of data.

#### 6. **Regression Analysis: 1/7**

Regression models. Simple linear regression, least square estimates, properties of least squares regression line, standard error of estimate, co-efficient of determination. Multivariate linear regression with two regressors, co-efficient of multiple determination. Proof of regression line regression co efficient and standard error.

#### 7. Correlation Analysis: 1/7

Linear correlation. Correlation co-efficient and its properties with proof. Correlation of bivariate frequency distribution . partial and multiple correlation for three variables. Rank correlation. Tied ranks.

## **OUTLINE OF THE SYLLABUS**

#### **PAPER-II**

#### 1. Probability: 2/7

Random experiments, sample space and events, definitions and axioms of probability, counting techniques, laws of probability with proof, independence of events, Bayes' theorem (proof is not required)

#### 2. Random Variable: 2/7

Random variable, discrete and continuous random variables, distribution function, probability distribution of a discrete and a continuous random variable, joint distributions of random variable (discrete) Marginal and conditional distributions, without Proof. mathematical expectation, properties & its proofs, numerical problems of mean, variance, moments, concept of moment a generating function properties.

#### 3. Discrete Probability Distribution: 2/7

Uniform, Bernouli, Binomial, Hypergeometric, poisson distributions, mean, variance and shape and their properties, (detailed mathematical derivations are not required) and application of these distributions with examples from various fields.

#### 4. Continuous Probability Distribution: 1/7

Continuous random variables, Uniform and Normal distributions, Mean, variance and shape of these distribution with their properties (with proof) of mean variance M.D Mode and medium. Application of these distributions, Normal approximation to the Binomial and Poisson distribution (just application not proof). Fitting of Normal distribution by area method.

## **OUTLINE OF THE SYLLABUS**

#### PAPER-III (for 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

#### 1. Sampling: 1/7

Basic concepts and terminology, advantages of sampling, probability and non probability sampling, sampling and non-sampling errors, sampling designs of simple random, stratified, systematic and cluster sampling, random numbers and their use in sampling, judgement and quota sampling.

#### 2. Sampling Distribution: 2/7

Sampling distribution of a statistic and its standard error, distribution of sample mean, sample proportion, difference between two sample means and two sample proportions, central limit theorem with illustrations (proof not required).

#### 3. Statistical Inferences: 1/7

Nature of statistical inference, point and interval estimation of parameters, properties of point estimators, not mathematical derivation confidence interval

and its interpretation. Problems about confidence limit for  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , mean and variance large and small samples.

#### 4. **Testing of hypotheses 2/7**

Null and alternative hypotheses, simple and composite hypotheses, Type-I and Type-II errors, level of significance, acceptance and rejection regions, power of a tests, one sided and two sided tests, procedure, inference about single mean and difference between mean for paired and unpaired observations. Inference about proportion and difference between two proportions. Determination of sample size for estimating means.

#### 5. Inference about Variance: 1/7

Interval Estimation and test of hypothesis about population variance and equality of two variances.

## **OUTLINE OF THE SYLLABUS**

## PAPER-IV (for 4<sup>th</sup> Year)

#### 1. Analysis Of Variance: 1/7

Definition, importance and assumption of Analysis of Variance, partitioning of sum of square and degrees of freedom in one-way classification. Testing the equality of means for one-way classification and two way classification.

#### 2. Analysis of Experimental Designs: 2/7

Basic principals of experimental design. Completely randomised, randomised complete block and Latin square designs. Description, layout, statistical analysis andvantages and disadvantages of these designs. Relative efficiency of three basic designs. The least significant difference.

#### 3. Regression and Correlation Analysis: 1/7

Standard Error of estimates and test of hypothesis about parameters. Testing of correlation co-efficient rank correlation co-efficient simple, partial and multiple correlation.

#### 4. Non-Parametric Methods: 1/7

Introduction to non-parametric methods, sign test, runs test, Mannwhitney U tests, of wilcoxon signed Rank list.

#### 5. The Chi Square Test: 1/7

The Chi-square test for goodness of fit of binomial, Poisson and normal distribution (with area method) Contingency tables, Yates correction for continuity, coefficient of contingency. The chi-square test for independence.

## 6. <u>VITAL STATISTICS</u> 1/7

Definition of vital events and vital statistics. Uses and shortcoming of vital statistics. Sources of demongraphic data. Vital rates and ratios: Sex and child woman ratio. Vital Index, Crude, specific and standarised birth rates, general and specific fertility rates. Reproduction rates: Gross and net reproduction rates. Census, registration system of deaths and births in Pakistan.

## **Statistics Practicals**

The practical will comprise of numerical problems from the topics in paper I and II for 3<sup>rd</sup> year and Paper-II & IV for 4<sup>th</sup> year.

### Division of Marks for Practical in each paper.

Numerical problems	8+8	marks
Viva + N.B.	5+4	marks

## **Books Recommended**

- Spiegal, M. R.Schiller, J.L. and Srinivasan R.L. (2000). Probability and Statistics, end Ed. Schaums Outline Series. McGraw Hill, New York.
- Spiegel, M. R. and Stephens, L. J. (1999). Statistics, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill, New York.
- Chaudhry, S.M. &~Kamal, S. (1998), Introduction to Statistical Theory Pans I & IIJ Ilmi kutab khana, Urdu Bazar, Lahore.
- Chaudhry, R.M. (1998). Polymer Modem Statistics, Polymers, Urdu Bazar, Lahore.
- Beg, M.A. and Mirza, M.D.(1 997). Statistics: Theory and Methods, Volumes I and II. Caravan Book House, kutechery Road, Lahore.
- 6. Haq Masood-ul, (1983), Foundation of Probability and Statistics, Tahir Sons, Urdu Bazar, Karachi.
- Walpole. R. E., (1982). Introduction to Statistics, (4<sup>th</sup> Ed). MacMillan Publishing Co., New York.

	يونيور شي آف تجرات	
حصهز	" اردو ادب "	سال چہارم
		ا_مكاتنيب_
بنام ہرگوپال تفتۃ -	تين خط	خطوط غالب:
°° يوسف مرزا		
·· مرزاعلاوالدين احمدخان		
		۲_مضامین_
	سر سيد احمد خان	تحصب -
	بطرس بخارى	سيغما كاغشق
		سو_انشا ئيد
	مشآق احمد يؤشفى	كانى
		۴_ <u>تق</u> ید و خفیق
	محر <sup>حس</sup> ین آزاد	لظم اردو کی تا ریخ
	مولاما شبلى نعمانى	شاعرى كى حقيقت
		۵_سوانح عمری
	<sup>د م</sup> حنت و جفاکشی'' از حالی	حيات جاويد
		۲_ سفرمه
	این انشاء	اب ہم فرینکفرٹ میں ہیں
	<b></b>	۷_ خاکرنگاری
	رشيداحه صليقى	سراقبال مرحوم

۲ ـ اردوشاعری کاکلصنوی دور ۲ ـ عالب او رمومن کا دور ـ ۲ ـ عالب او رمومن کا دور ـ ۲ تقییر ۲ او بی اصلاحات ۲ فصاحت ، بلاغت ، عینیت ، داخلیت ، خارجیت ، آفاسیت ، تام میشیع ، معاملہ بندی ، کلاسیکت ، روما نویت ، علامیت ، حقیقت ذکاری ، ۱ وجود چیت ، بزکسید پی مضمون آفریخی ۔ ۲ - مضمون ۲ تقییر کا او را د بی موضوعات پر

نصابى كتابين جونصاب يرمبنى بين

آزادهم

فيضاحر فيض	زندگ
ن-م راشد	تیل کے سوداگر
منيرنيازي	فصل بہاراں میں شہر کے فکر۔

(3)

اردوارب

نصاب كى واليذهبيم يرائح سال موم

افسانوىادب ٥٠ نمبر الغ حصه ا\_ياق وسباق مع تشرت كنثر پاره 10 ۲\_تنقیدی سوال، اصناف شاعری ونثر 10 كلاتيكى وجديد لظم كوشعراء ا\_اشعارکی تشریح 16 ۲\_معروضی ۰۵ ٥٠نبر بحمه ا\_مصنف/شاعر کے بمعداسباق حالات زندگی پرتنقیدی سوال 16 تاريخ ادب اردو(ادوار ينژ) 10 ۲-علم ہیان (گرامر) 1+ سوعلم عروض *ا*علم بديع 1+

# ZOOLOGY

The following syllabus has been prepared in accordance with the criteria announced by the Higher Education Commission of Pakistan.

# SCHEME OF STUDIES: PART-I (3<sup>RD</sup> YEAR)

	Paper-I, Biodiversity-I (Invertebrate)	38 marks
	Paper-II, Principle of Cell Biology & Genetics	37 marks
	(Cell Biology, Genetics, Biochemistry, Animal Behaviour)	
	Practical based on Paper-I & II	25 marks
_	4.1	

Time 4 hours

# PART-II (4<sup>th</sup> Year)

Paper-III, Biodiversity-II (Chordates)	38 marks
Paper-IV, Form & Function (Comparative Perspective)	37 marks
Practical based on Paper-III & IV	25 marks
Time 4 hours	

## **DETAIL OF COURSES**

## PAPER-I (Biodiversity - I) (invertebrate)

#### 1. Place of Zoology In Science:

A One-world view: Genetic Unity,-The Fundamental Unit of life, Evolutionary Oneness and the Diversity of Life, Environment and World Resources; What is <u>zoology?</u> The Scientific Method

#### 2. Introduction:

Classification of Organisms; Evolutionary Relationships and Tree Diagrams, Patterns of Organization.

#### 3. Animal-like Protists: The Protozoa

Evolutionary Perspective; Life within a Single Plasma Membrane; Symbiotic Life styles. Protozoan Taxonomy: (upto phyla, subphyla and superclasses, wherever applicable). Pseudopodia and Amoeboid Locombtion; Cilia and Other Pellicular Structures; Nutrition; Genetic Control and Reproduction; Symbiotic Ciletes; Further Phylogenetic Considerations.

- Multicellular and Tissue Levels of Organization:
  Evolutionary Perspective: Origins of Multicellularity; Animal Origins. Phylum
  Porifera: Cell Types, Body Wall, and Skeletons; Water Currents and Body Forms;
  Maintenance Functions; Reproduction. Phylum Cnidaria (Coelenterata) The Body
  Wall and Nematocysts; Alternation of Generations, Maintenance Functions;
  Reproduction and Classification up to class. Phylum Ctenophora; Further
  Phylogenetic Considerations.
- 5. The Triploblastic, Acoelomate Body Plan:
  Evolutionary Perspective; Phylum Platyhelminthes: Classification up to classes,
  The Free Living Flatworms and the Tapeworms; Phylum Nemertea; Phylum
  Gastrotricha Further Phylogenetic Considerations.
- 6. The Pseudocoeiomaie Body Plan: Aschelminths
   Evolutionary Perspective; General Characteristics; -Classification up to phyla
   with External Features; Feeding and the Digestive System; Other Organ Systems;
   Reproduction and Development of phylum Rotifera and phylum Nematoda;
   Phylum Kinorhyncha. Some Important Nematode Parasites of Humans; Further
   Phylogenetic Considerations.
- 7. Molluscan Success:

Evolutionary Perspective: Relationships to other Animals; Origin of the Coelom; Molluscan Characteristics; Classification up to class. The Characteristics of Shell and Associated Structures, Feeding, Digestion, Gas exchange, Locomotion, Reproduction and Maintenance Functions and Diversity in Gastropods, Bivalves and. Cephalopods, Further Phylogenetic Considerations.

- Annelida: The Metameric Body Form
   Evolutionary Perspective: Relationship to other Animals, Metamerism and
   Tagmatization; up to class. External Structure and Locomotion, Feeding and the
   Digestive System, Gas Exchange and Circulation, Nervous and Sensory Function,
   Excretion Regeneration, Reproduction and Development, in Polychaeta,
   Oligochaeta and Hirudinea; Further Phylogenetic Considerations.
- 9. The Arthropods: Blueprint for Success
   Evolutionary Perspective: Classification and Relationships to Other Animals;
   Metamerism and Tagmatization; The Exoskeleton; Metamorphosis; Classification

up to class; Further Phylogenetic Considerations.

- The Hexapods and Myriapods: Terrestrial Triumphs
   Evolutionary Perspective; Classification up to class External Structure and
   Locomotion, Nutrition and the Digestive System, Gas Exchange, Circulation and
   Temperature Regulation, Nervous and Sensory Functions, Excretion, Chemical
   Regulation, Reproduction and Development in Hexapoda; Insect Behavior,
   Insects and Humans; Further Phylogenetic Considerations.
- 11. The Echinoderms

Evolutionary Perspective: Relationships to other Animals; Echinoderm Characteristics; Classification up to class. Maintenance Functions, Regeneration, Reproduction, and Development in Asteroida, Ophiuoidea, Echinoidea, Holothuroidea and Crinoidea; Further Phylogenetic Considerations: Some leser Known Invertebrates; The Lophophorates, Entoprocts, Cycliophores, and Chaetognaths.

#### Practical based on Paper -1 Biodiversity-I (Invertebrates)

- Study of Euglena, Amoeba , Entomoeba, Plasmodium, Trypanosoma, Paramecium as representative of animal like protists (prepared slides).
- 2. Study of sponges and their various body forms
- 3. Principal representatives of classes of phylum Cnidaria (Coelenterata)
- 4. Principal representatives of classes of phylum Platyhelminthes
- 5. Representative of phylum Rotifera, phylum Nematoda.
- 6. Principal representative of classes of phylum Mollusca.
- 7. Principal representative, as of classes of phylum Annelida
- 8. Principal representatives of classes of phylum Arthropoda and Echinodermate.
- 9. Dissection
  - (a) Earthworm or Leech
  - (b) Cockroach or Locust
  - (c) Freshwater muscle
    - (Study of all major system)
- Brief notes on medical' economic importance of the following. Plasmodium,
   Entamoeba histolytica Leishmania, liverfluke, Tapeworm, Earthworm, Silkworm

Citrus butterfly.

Preparation of permanent stained slides of the followings:Paramecium, Obelia, Daphnia, Cestode, Parapodia of Nereis:

==

#### **DETAIL OF COURSES**

#### PAPER-II (Principle of cell biology) (Genetics)

- The Chemical Basis of Animal Life
   Atoms and Elements: Building Blocks of All Matter; Compounds Molecules:
   Aggregates of Atoms; Acids, Bases, and Buffers; The Molecules of Animals:
   Fractional account of Carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins, Nucleotides and Nucleic Acids based on their' structural aspects.
- Cells, Tissues, Organs, and Organ System of Animals: Structure and Functions of Cell Membranes; Various movements across Membranes; Cytoplasm, Organelles, and Cellular Components: Functional account of Ribosomes, Endoplasmic Retculum, Golgi Apparatus, Lysosomes Mitochondria, Cytoskeleton, Cillia and Flagella, Centrioles and Microtubules, and Vacuoles based on their structural aspects. The Nucleus: Nuclear envelope, Chromosomes and Nucleolus. Tissues Diversity in Epithelial Tissue, Connective Tissue, Muscle Tissue and Nervous Tissue to perform various functions. Structural integrations for functions in Organs and Organ Systems.
- Energy and Enzymes: Life's Driving and Controlling Forces
   Energy and the Laws of Energy Transformation; Activation Energy, Enzymes:
   Structure, Function and Factors Affecting their Activity; Cofactors and
   Coenzymes; ATP: How' Cells convert Energy? An Overview.
- How Animals Harvest Energy Stored in Nutrients: Glycolysis: The First Phase of Nutrient Metabolism, Fermentation: "Life without Oxygen"; Aerobic Respiration. The Major Source of ATP; Metabolism of Fats and Proteins; Control of Metabolism; The Metabolic Pool.

#### 5. Cell Division

Mitosis, Cytokinesis, and the Cell Cycle: An Overview; Control of the Cell Cycle; Meiosis: The Basis of Sexual Reproduction; Gamete Formation.

6. Inheritance Patterns:The Birth of Modern Genetics; Mendelian Inheritance Patterns, Other inheritance

Patterns; Environmental Effects and Gene Expression.

- Chromosomes and Gene Linkage:
   Eukaryotic Chromosomes; Linkage Relationships, Changes in Chromosome
   Number and Structure
- Molecular Genetics: Ultimate Cellular Control
   DNA: The Genetic Material; DNA Replication in Eukaryotes; Genes in Action;
   Control of Gene Expression in Eukaryotes, Mutations; applications of Genetic
   Technologies. Recombinant DNA.
- Ecology II: Individuals and Populations
   Animals and Their Abiotic Environment Populations; Interspecific Interactions
- Ecology II: Communities and Ecosystem:
   Community Structure and Diversity; Ecosystems; Ecosystems of the Earth;
   (Terrestrial and Aquatic) Ecological Problems, Human Population Growth,
   Pollution, Resource Depletion and Biodiversity.,
- 11. Animal Behuviour

Four Approaches to Animal Behaviour; Proximate and Ultimate Causes; Anthropomorphism, Development of Behavior; Learning, Control of Behavior;' Communication; Behavioral Ecology; Social Behavior.

#### Principle of Cell Biology & Genetics

#### PRACTICALS (based on Paper- II)

- 1. Tests for different carbohydrates, proteins and lipids. (Emphasis on the concept that tests materials have been ultimately obtained from living organisms).
- 2. Study of the prepared slides of squamous, cuboidal, columnar, epithelial tissues, adipose, connective, cartilage bone, blood, nervous, skeletal muscle, smooth muscle and cardiac muscle tissues.
- 3. Plasmolysis and deplasmolysis in blood.
- 4. Protein digestion by pepsin.
- 5. Study of mitosis in onion root tip.
- 6. Study of meiosis in grass hopper testis (students should prepare the slide).
- 7. Problem based study of Mendelian ratio in animals.
- 8. Multiple alleles study in blood groups.
- 9. Survey and study of a genetic factor in population and its frequency.

- 10. Study of karyotypes of Drosophila/Mosquito.
- 11. Study of cytochemical demonstration of DNA and RNA in protozoa and avian blood cell
- 12. Study of stages in the development of an Echinoderm.
- 13. Study of early stages in the development of a frog, chick and a mammal.
- 14. Demonstration of social behaviour (documentary film be shown).
- 15. Ecological notes on animals of a few model habitats.
- 16. Field observation and report writing on animals in their ecosystem (a terrestrial and an aquatic ecosystem study):
- 17. Study of Human Blood Groups.
- 18. Study of Human Blood Cell.

# PART –II (PAPER III)

#### **Biodiversity II chordates**

- Hemichordata and Invertebrate Chordates
   Evolutionary Perspective: Phylogenetic Relationships; Classification up to subphylum or class where applicable; Further Phylogenetic Considerations.
- The Fishes: Vertebrate Success in Water
   Evolutionary perseptive: Phylogentic relationship, survey of ----- Agnatha and
   Gnathostomata; Evolutionary Pressures: Adaptations in Locomotion Nutrition and
   the Digestive System, Circulation, Gas Exchange, Nervous and Sensory
   Functions, Excretion and Osmoregulation Reproduction and Development;
   Further Phylogenetic Considerations.
- 3 Amphibians: The First Terrestrital Vertebrates

Evolutionary Perspective: Phylogenetic Relationships; Survey of Order Caudata,
Gymnophiona, and Anura. Evolutionary Pressures: Adaptations in External
Structure and Locomotion, Nutrition and the Digestive System, Circulation, Gas
Exchange, Temperature Regulation, Nervous and Sensory Functions, Excretion
and Osmoregulation, Reproduction, Development, and Metamorphosis; Further
Phylogenetic Considerations.

4. Reptiles: The First Amniotes

Evolutionary Perspective: Cladistic Interpretation of the Amniotic Lineage; Survey of Order Testudines or Chelonia, Rhynchocephalia, Squamata, and Crocodilla; Evolutionary Pressures: Adaptations in External Structure and Locomotion, Nutrition and the Digestive System, Circulation, Gas Exchange, and Temperature Regulation, Nervous and Sensory Functions, Excretion and Osmoregulation, Reproduction and Development; Further Phylogenetic Considerations.

- 5. Birds: Feathers, Flight, and Endothermy Evolutionary Perspective: Phylogenetic Relationships; Ancient Birds and the Evolution of Flight; Diversity of Modern Birds; Evolutionary Pressures: Adaptation in External Structure and Locomotion, Nutrition and the Digestive System, Circulation Gas Exchange, and Temperature Regulation, Nervous and Sensory Systems, Excretion and Osmoregulation, Reproduction and Development; Migration and Navigation.
- Mammals: Specialized Teeth, Endothermy, Hair, and Vivipaitiy
   Evolutionary Perspective: Diversity of Mammals; Evolutionary Pressures:
   Adaptations in External Structure and Locomotion, Nutrition and the Digestive
   System, Circulation, Gas Exchange, and Temperature Regulation, Nervous and
   Sensory Functions, Excretion and Osmoregulation, behaviour, Reproduction and
- 7. Evolution: A Historical Persepective

Pre-Darwinian Theories of Change; Lamarck: An arly Proponent of Evolution;
Early Development of Darwin's Ideas of Evolution and Evidences; The Theory of Evolution by Natural Selection; Evolutionary Thought after Darwin;
Biogeography.

8. Evolution and Gene Frequencies

The Modern Synthesis; A Closer Look; The Hardy-Weinberg Theorem; Evolutionary Mechanisms: Population Size, Genetic Drift, natural Selection, Gene Flow', Mutation, and Balanced Polymorphism; Species and Speciation; Rates of Evolution; Molecular Evolution; Mosaic Evolution.

#### **BIODIVERSITY-II** (Chordates)

#### PRACTICALS

- 1. Study of representative of Hemichordate and invertebrate chordate.
- 2. Representative groups of class fishes.
- 3. Representative groups of class Amphibia.

- 4. Representative groups of class Reptilia.
- 5. Representative groups of class Aves.
- 6. Representative groups of class Mammalia.
- 7. Field trips to study animal diversity with emphasis on their adaptions.
- 8. Study of scales in fishes and reptiles; amphibian and mammalian skin; feathers in aves.
- 9. Skeleton; study of skeleton of Labeo; frog, varanus, fowl and rabbit, adaptation of skeleton to their function should also be studies.
- 10. Dissection of
  - (i) scoliodon (OR) any easily available fish
  - (ii) frog
  - (iii) uromastix
  - (iv) pigeon
  - (v) rabbit (for studying the following system.)
    - (a) Nervous system
    - (b) Digestive system
    - (c) Respiratory system
    - (d) Circulatory system
    - (e) Endocrine system
    - (f) Urinogential system

#### PAPER-IV

# FORM & FUNCTION (COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVE) ANIMAL FORM AND FUNCTION:

#### A COMPARLATIVE PERSPECTIVE

1. Protection, Support, and Movement

Protection: The Integumentary System of Invertebrates and Vertebrates;
'Movement and Support: The Skeletal System of Invertebrates and Vertebrates;
Movement: Non-muscular Movement; An Introduction to Animal Muscles; The Muscular System of Invertebrates and Vertebrates.

2. Communication I: Nerves

Neurons: Structure and Function; Neuron Communication Introductory accounts of Resting Membrane Potential, Action Potential (Nerve Impulse) and

Transmission of the Action Potential between Cells; Invertebrate and Vertebrate Nervous Systems. The Spinal Cord, Spinal Nerves, The Brain, Cranial Nerves and The' Autonomic Nervous System

3. Communication II: Senses

Sensory Reception: Baroreceptors, Georeceptors, Hygroreceptors, Phonoreceptors, Photoreceptors, Proprioceptors, Tactile Receptors, and Thermoreceptors of invertebrates; Lateral Line System and Electrical Sensing, Lateral-Line System and Mechanoreception, Hearing and Equilibrium in Air, Hearing and Equilibrium in Water, Skin Sensors of Damaging Stimuli, Skin Sensors of Heat and Cold, Skin Sensors of Mechanical Stimuli, Sonar, Smell, Taste and Vision in Vertebrates.

- Communication III: The Endocrine System and Chemical Messengers Chemical Messengers: Hormones Chemistry; and 'Their Feedback Systems; Mechanisms of Hormone Action; Some Hormones of Porifera, Cnidarians; Platyhelminthes, Nermerteans, Nematodes, Molluscs, Annelids, Arthropods, and Echinoderms Invertebration; An Overview of the Vertebrate Endocrine System; Endocrine Systems of Vertebrates other Than Birds or Mammals; Endocrine Systems of Birds and Mammals.
- 5. Circulation, Immunity, and Gas Exchange Internal Transport and Circulatory Systems in Invertebrates: Characteristics of Invertebrate Coelomic Fluid, Hemolymph, and Blood Cells; Transport Systems in Vertebrates; Characteristics of Vertebrate Blood, Blood Cells and Vessels; The Heart and Circulatory Systems of Bony Fishes, Amphibians,' and Reptiles, Birds and Mammals; The Human Heart: Blood Pressure and the Lymphatic System; Immunity: Nonspecific Defenses, The Immune Response; Gas Exchange: Respiratory Surfaces; Invertebrate and Vertebrate ' Respiratory Systems: Cutaneous Exchange, Gills, Lungs, and Lung .Ventilation; Human Respiratory System: Gas Transport.
- 6. Nutrition and Digestion

Evolution of Nutrition; The Metabolic Fates of Nutrients in Heterotrophs;Digestion; Animal for Getting and Using Food Diversity in Digestive Structures of Invertebrates and Vertebrates, The Mammalian Digestive System;Gastrointestinal Motility and its Control, Oral Cavity, Pharynx and Esophagus,

Stomach, Small Intestine: Main Site of Digestion; Large Intestine; Role of the Pancreas in Digestion; and Role of the Liver and Gall bladder in Digestion.

- 7. Temperature and Body Fluid Regulation Homeostasis and Temperature Regulation; The Impact of Temperature on Animal life; Heat Gains and Losses; Some Solutions to Temperature Fluctuations; Temperature Regulation in Invertebrates, Fishes, Amphibians, Reptiles, Birds and Mammals; Heat Production in Birds and Mammals; Control of Water and Solutes (Osmoregulation and Excretion); Invertebrate and Vertebrate Excretory system; How Vertebrates Achieve Osmoregulation; Vertebrate Kidney Variations; Mechanism in Metanephric Kidney Functions.
- 8. Reproduction and Development

A sexual Reproduction in Invertebrates; Advantages and Disadaantages of Asexual Reproduction; Sexual Reproduction in Invertebrates; Advantages and Disadvantages of Sexual Reproduction; Sexual Reproduction in Vertebrates; Reproductive Strategies; Examples of Reproduction among Various Vertebrate Classes; The Human Male Reproductive System: Sperm transport and Hormonal Control, Reproductive, Function; The Human Female Reproductive System: Folliculogensis, transport and Hormonal Control, Reproductive Function; Hormonal Regulation in gestation; Prenatal Development and Birth Events of Prenatal Development: The Placenta; Birth, Milk Production and lactation.

9. Descriptive Embryology

Fertilization; Embryonic Development Cleavage and Egg Types; The primary Germ Layers and their Derivatives; Echinoderm Embryology; Vertebrate Embryology: The Chordate Body Plan, Amphibian Embryology, Development in Terrestrial Environments, Avian Embryology, The Fate of Mesoderm.

#### PRACTICAL (Based on Paper IV)

- 1. Study of the following prepared slides.
  - (i) Mammalian skin
  - (ii) Arteries & vein
  - (iii) Small & large intestine
  - (iv) Stomach
  - (v) Pancrease
  - (vi) Liver

- (vii) Testes
- (viii) Ovaries
- 2. Study of cardiac cycle in Frog.
- 3. Study of contractility in skeletal muscle of frog.
- 4. Study of effect of different harmones (adrenaline & acetycholine) on cardiac activity of frog
- 5. Study of Embryonic development in chick.

# **IMPORTANT**

The minimum details of the titles in the content are from the principle reference book Zoology by Miller and Harley 1999, 2002, which should be kept in view in teaching and assessments. Essay type questions should be avoided. Question preferably be splitted into parts involving different topics.

#### **BOOKS FOR LECTURES**

Principal Reference Book:

- Miller, AS. and Harley, J.B., 1999 & 2002. ZOOLOGY, 4th & 5<sup>th</sup> Edition (International). Singapore: McGraw Hill. AddWonal Readings:
- Hickman, C.P., Roberts, L.S. and Larson, A, 2001. INTEGRATED PRINCIPLES OF ZOOLOGY, 11th Edition (International). Singapore: McGraw Hill.
- Pechenik, J.A, 2000. BIOLOGY OF INVERTEBRATES, 4th Edition (International). Singapore: McGraw Hill.
- Kent, G.C. and Miller, S., 2001. COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF VERTEBRATES. New York: McGraw Hill.
- Campbell, N.A., 2002. BIOLOGY, 6th Edition. Menlo Park, California: The Benjami DLC publishing Company, Inc.

#### BOOKS FOR PRACTICAL

- Miller, S.A, 2002. GENERAL ZOOLOGY LABORATORY ~MANUAL. 5th Edition (International) Singapore: McGraw Hill;
- Hickman, C.P. and Kats, H.L., 2000. LABORATORY STUDIES IN INTEGRATED PRINCIPLES OF ZOOLOGY. Singapore: McGraw, Hill.

نصاب موم اكنامكس (سال سوم)

BA (Part-I) حصہاول

حصهدوم

ا۔ i) آرٹ ii) رنگ iii) ڈیزائن کے اصول iv) باندهنااوررنگنا،رنگ بنانااوررنگنا،ساز وسامان، ڈیزائن بنانے اور باند ھنے کاطریقتہ

نصاب بوم اكنامكس (سال چهارم)

BA (Part-II)

ا۔ شخصیت کی نشو دنما: (i) شخصیت کی نشوونما کے مراحل ii) صحت مندشخصیت اور ذات iv) شخصیت کی اقسام اورانفرادیت iii) تعلیم کی اہمیت اوراس کا اثر ب - کپروں کی حفاظت اور دیکھ بھال: ii) کپڑوں کے داغ دھے دورکرنے کی اقسام (i) موسمی حفاظت یہ Topic درج ذیل کتاب سے لینے ہیں: تعارف ہوم اکنامکس (حصہاول) مسزنگهت نفیس مسزاصغرى مشتاق ميزفرح طلعت روبينه ناز اعتصام يبلشرز ،اردوبازارلا ہور۔ iii) آ رٹ اورڈ ہزائن:

i) روز مرہ زندگی میں آرٹ کا اطلاق (ii) ڈیزائن کے بنیا دی عناصر

iii) کیبل اور پیکنگ کے ڈیز ائن

iv) گھریلونظم دنسق اور ماحول: i) گھریلوامورکانظم ونسق

iii) تعليم صارفين ii) ماحولیاتی دیکچ بھال

Preparation and Preservation of Jam, Squashes, Pickles, Chutneys,

Fancy Dishes (Soups, Salads, Desserts, Snaks, Main Dishes) = 15